

Revision Date: 21-Oct-2021 Revision Number: 6

# 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name FRESH START ALL-PURPOSE PRIMER WHITE

Product Code C08500
Alternate Product Code C08500

Product Class SOLVENT THINNED PAINT

Color White Recommended use Primers

Restrictions on use No information available

Manufacturer Emergency Telephone

Benjamin Moore & Co. CHEMTREC: +1 703-741-5970 / 1-800-424-9300

101 Paragon Drive +1 703-527-3887 (outside US & Canada)
Montvale, NJ 07645
Phone: 1-866-708-9180

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### Classification

www.benjaminmoore.com

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
Skin sensitization	Category 1A
Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
Reproductive toxicity	Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 1
Flammable liquids	Category 3

#### Label elements

# Danger

#### Hazard statements

Causes skin irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

May cause an allergic skin reaction

May cause cancer

May damage fertility or the unborn child

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Revision Date: 21-Oct-2021

## Flammable liquid and vapor



Appearance liquid Odor solvent

#### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

## **Precautionary Statements - Response**

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

#### Eves

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

#### Skin

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

#### Fire

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

## **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

## **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

# Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded

#### Other information

No information available

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Limestone	1317-65-3	40 - 45
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	98-56-6	15 - 20
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	5 - 10
Diatomaceous earth	61790-53-2	1 - 5
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, medium aliphatic	64742-88-7	1 - 5
1H-Isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[(trichloromethyl)thio]-	133-07-3	0.5 - 1
Silica, crystalline	14808-60-7	0.1 - 0.5
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	96-29-7	0.1 - 0.5
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 0.5
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	136-52-7	0.1 - 0.5

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance.

**Eye Contact** Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact

lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while

Revision Date: 21-Oct-2021

rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Skin Contact** Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all

contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash

clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated articles such as shoes.

**Inhalation** Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.

**Ingestion** Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Do not induce

vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person. Consult a physician.

**Protection Of First-Aiders**Use personal protective equipment.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects May cause allergic skin reaction.

Notes To Physician Treat symptomatically.

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media Foam, dry powder or water. Use extinguishing measures

that are appropriate to local circumstances and the

surrounding environment.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus

pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent)

Revision Date: 21-Oct-2021

and full protective gear.

Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical Combustible material. Closed containers may rupture if

exposed to fire or extreme heat. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and

vapors.

Sensitivity to mechanical impact No

Sensitivity to static discharge Yes

Flash Point Data

Flash point (°F) 104
Flash Point (°C) 40
Method PMCC

Flammability Limits In Air

Lower flammability limit:Not availableUpper flammability limit:Not available

NFPA Health: 2 Flammability: 2 Instability: 0 Special: Not Applicable

#### NFPA Legend

0 - Not Hazardous

- 1 Slightly
- 2 Moderate
- 3 High
- 4 Severe

The ratings assigned are only suggested ratings, the contractor/employer has ultimate responsibilities for NFPA ratings where this system is used.

Additional information regarding the NFPA rating system is available from the National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) at www.nfpa.org.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal Precautions**Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition.

Other Information Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to

contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be

advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

**Environmental precautions** See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods for Cleaning Up Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly

labeled containers. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling**Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not breathe

vapors or spray mist. Wear personal protective equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from

Revision Date: 21-Oct-2021

open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep out of the reach of children.

**DANGER** - Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately after use, place rags, steel wool or waste in a sealed water-filled metal container.

**Incompatible Materials** 

Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

## **Exposure Limits**

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL
Limestone	N/E	15 mg/m³ - TWA
		5 mg/m³ - TWA
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> F	2.5 mg/m³ - TWA
Titanium dioxide	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	15 mg/m³ - TWA
Diatomaceous earth	N/E	-
		20 mppcf - TWA
1H-Isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione,	TWA: 1 mg/m³ inhalable particulate	N/E
2-[(trichloromethyl)thio]-	matter	
Silica, crystalline	TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ respirable	50 μg/m³ - TWA Respirable crystalline
	particulate matter	silica 50 μg/m³ - TWA
		-
Ethyl benzene	TWA: 20 ppm	100 ppm - TWA
		435 mg/m³ - TWA

#### Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Exposure Limits

OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration Exposure Limits

N/E - Not Established

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

#### Personal Protective Equipment

**Eye/Face Protection** Safety glasses with side-shields. If splashes are likely to occur, wear: Tightly fitting

safety goggles

Skin Protection

Long sleeved clothing. Protective gloves.

**Respiratory Protection** 

In operations where exposure limits are exceeded, use a NIOSH approved respirator that has been selected by a technically qualified person for the specific work conditions. When spraying the product or applying in confined areas, wear a

NIOSH approved respirator specified for paint spray or organic vapors.

**Hygiene Measures** Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated

clothing before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling. When using do not eat,

Revision Date: 21-Oct-2021

drink or smoke.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance liquid
Odor solvent

Odor Threshold No information available

 Density (lbs/gal)
 14.2 - 14.3

 Specific Gravity
 1.70 - 1.72

pHNo information availableViscosity (cps)No information availableSolubility(ies)No information availableWater solubilityNo information availableEvaporation RateNo information availableVapor pressureNo information available

Vapor densityNo information availableWt. % Solids70 - 80Vol. % Solids60 - 70Wt. % Volatiles20 - 30

Vol. % Volatiles30 - 40VOC Regulatory Limit (g/L)< 100</th>Boiling Point (°F)279Boiling Point (°C)137

Freezing point (°F)

No information available

No information available

Flash point (°F) 104
Flash Point (°C) 40
Method PMCC

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Upper flammability limit:

Lower flammability limit:

Autoignition Temperature (°F)

Autoignition Temperature (°C)

Decomposition Temperature (°F)

Decomposition Temperature (°C)

No information available

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Not Applicable

Chemical Stability Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerisation

does not occur.

Conditions to avoid Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, static

electricity and sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong

oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating

gases and vapors.

C08500 - FRESH START ALL-PURPOSE PRIMER

WHITE

# Possibility of hazardous reactions

None under normal conditions of use.

Revision Date: 21-Oct-2021

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Product Information**

## Information on likely routes of exposure

**Principal Routes of Exposure** Eye contact, skin contact and inhalation.

**Acute Toxicity** 

**Product Information** Repeated or prolonged exposure to organic solvents may lead to permanent brain

and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and

inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Symptoms** No information available.

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Eye contact** Contact with eyes may cause irritation.

**Skin contact** May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. Prolonged skin contact may defat the

skin and produce dermatitis.

**Ingestion** Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Small amounts of this

product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may

cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

**Inhalation** High vapor / aerosol concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and

lungs and may cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and

other central nervous system effects.

**Sensitization** May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Neurological Effects

No information available.

Mutagenic Effects

No information available.

**Reproductive Effects** May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Developmental EffectsNo information available.Target organ effectsNo information available.

**STOT - repeated exposure**Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

No information available.

**Aspiration Hazard** May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Small amounts of this product

aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild

to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral) 16942 mg/kg

#### **Component Information**

Revision Date: 21-Oct-2021

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride 98-56-6	= 13 g/kg (Rat)	> 2 mL/kg(Rabbit)	= 33 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	> 10000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, medium aliphatic 64742-88-7	> 25 mL/kg(Rat)	> 3000 mg/kg(Rabbit)	-
1H-Isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[(trichloromethyl)thio]- 133-07-3	= 2636 mg/kg(Rat)	> 22600 mg/kg (Rabbit) > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5 g/m³ (Rat) 2 h > 0.48 g/m³ ( Rat) 4 h
Methyl ethyl ketoxime 96-29-7	= 930 mg/kg (Rat)	1000 - 1800 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 4.83 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Ethyl benzene 100-41-4	= 3500 mg/kg (Rat)	= 15400 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	= 17.4 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) 136-52-7	-	> 5000 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	> 10 mg/L (Rat) 1 h

## **Chronic Toxicity**

#### Carcinogenicity

The information below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:.

Chemical name	IARC	NTP	OSHA
	2B - Possible Human		Listed
Titanium dioxide	Carcinogen		
	1 - Human Carcinogen	Known Human	Listed
Silica, crystalline		Carcinogen	
	2B - Possible Human		Listed
Ethyl benzene	Carcinogen		
	2B - Possible Human	Reasonably	Listed
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Carcinogen	Anticipated Human	
·		Carcinogen	

- Crystalline Silica has been determined to be carcinogenic to humans by IARC (1) when in respirable form. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of inhalation exposure to spray mist or dust from sanding the dried paint.
- Although IARC has classified titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B), their summary concludes:
- "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as paint."
- Cobalt and cobalt compounds are listed as possible human carcinogens by IARC (2B). However, there is inadequate evidence of the carcinogenicity of cobalt and cobalt compounds in humans.

#### Legend

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

NTP - National Toxicity Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## **Ecotoxicity Effects**

The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

#### **Product Information**

## **Acute Toxicity to Fish**

Revision Date: 21-Oct-2021

No information available

#### **Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates**

No information available

#### **Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants**

No information available

#### Persistence / Degradability

No information available.

## **Bioaccumulation**

There is no data for this product.

#### **Mobility in Environmental Media**

No information available.

#### **Ozone**

No information available

# **Component Information**

## **Acute Toxicity to Fish**

Titanium dioxide

LC50: > 1000 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

Methyl ethyl ketoxime

LC50: 48 mg/L (Bluegill sunfish - 96 hr.)

Ethyl benzene

LC50: 12.1 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

## **Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates**

Methyl ethyl ketoxime

EC50: 750 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

Ethyl benzene

EC50: 1.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

#### **Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants**

Ethyl benzene

EC50: 4.6 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Local

requirements may vary, consult your sanitation department or state-designated

environmental protection agency for more disposal options.

Empty Container Warning Emptied containers may retain product residue. Follow label warnings even after

container is emptied. Residual vapors may explode on ignition.

Revision Date: 21-Oct-2021

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Proper Shipping Name PAINT Hazard class 3 UN-No. UN1263 Packing Group III

**Description** UN1263, PAINT, 3, III

In the US this material may be reclassified as a Combustible Liquid and is not regulated in containers of less than 119 gallons (450 liters) via surface transportation (refer to 49CFR173.120(b)(2) for further information).

ICAO / IATA Contact the preparer for further information.

**IMDG / IMO**Contact the preparer for further information.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# **International Inventories**

**TSCA: United States**Yes - All components are listed or exempt.

Yes - All components are listed or exempt.

# Federal Regulations

# SARA 311/312 hazardous categorization

Acute health hazard Yes
Chronic Health Hazard Yes
Fire hazard Yes
Sudden release of pressure hazard No
Reactive Hazard No

#### **SARA 313**

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

 Chemical name
 CAS No.
 Weight-%
 CERCLA/SARA 313 (de minimis concentration)

 Ethyl benzene
 100-41-4
 0.1 - 0.5
 0.1

#### Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product contains the following HAPs:

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%	Hazardous Air Pollutant
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 0.5	<u>(HAP)</u> Listed

C08500 - FRESH START ALL-PURPOSE PRIMER WHITE

Revision Date: 21-Oct-2021

Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) 136-52-7 0.1 - 0.5 Listed

# **US State Regulations**

## **California Proposition 65**

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

## State Right-to-Know

Chemical name	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania
Limestone	X	X	X
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride		X	
Titanium dioxide	X	X	X
Diatomaceous earth		X	
1H-Isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[(trichloromethyl)thio]-		Х	
Silica, crystalline	X	X	X
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)		X	X

# **Legend** X - Listed

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS - Health: 2\* Flammability: 2 Reactivity: 0 PPE: -

#### **HMIS Legend**

- 0 Minimal Hazard
- 1 Slight Hazard
- 2 Moderate Hazard
- 3 Serious Hazard
- 4 Severe Hazard
- \* Chronic Hazard
- X Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for "Special" handling instructions.

Note: The PPE rating has intentionally been left blank. Choose appropriate PPE that will protect employees from the hazards the material will present under the actual normal conditions of use.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer, has chosen to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used only in conjunction with a fully implemented HMIS® program by workers who have received appropriate HMIS® training. HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

**WARNING!** If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by contacting the National Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or log on to

C08500 - FRESH START ALL-PURPOSE PRIMER

WHITE

Revision Date: 21-Oct-2021

www.epa.gov/lead.

Prepared By Product Stewardship Department

Benjamin Moore & Co. 101 Paragon Drive Montvale, NJ 07645

800-225-5554

Revision Date: 21-Oct-2021 Revision Summary Not available

#### Disclaimer

The information contained herein is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. This information is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determination of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. Any use of this data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, provincial, and local laws and regulations.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**