

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

Revision Date: 10-Sep-2013 Revision Number: 4

# 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name IMPERVO ALKYD ENAMEL HIGH GLOSS

CANUTEC: 613-996-6666

Product Code K13301

Product Class SOLVENT THINNED PAINT

**Color** White

Manufacturer Emergency Telephone Number(s)

Benjamin Moore & Co. 101 Paragon Drive Montvale, NJ 07645 Phone: 855-724-6802 www.benjaminmoore.com

**Hazardous Components** 

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight % (max)
Sunflower oil, polymer with pentaerythritol and phthalic anhydride	67762-17-8	30 - 60%
Hydrotreated heavy naphtha, petroleum	64742-48-9	15 - 40%
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	15 - 40%
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, medium aliphatic	64742-88-7	3 - 7%
Sunflower oil	8001-21-6	3 - 7%
Kaolin	1332-58-7	1 - 5%
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	1 - 5%
Silica, amorphous	7631-86-9	1 - 5%
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	136-52-7	0.25 - 0.5%
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 0.25%
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	96-29-7	0.1 - 0.25%

2. COMPOSITION INFORMATION ON COMPONENTS

# 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# **Emergency Overview**

### WARNING

Vapors may be irritating to eyes, nose, throat, and lungs. May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. May cause allergic skin reaction. Combustible material.

Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded.

Appearance liquid Odor solvent

#### **Potential Health Effects**

**Principal Routes of Exposure** Eye contact, skin contact and inhalation.

**Acute Effects** 

**Eyes** Contact with eyes may cause irritation.

**Skin** May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. May cause allergic skin reaction.

**Inhalation** High vapor / aerosol concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs

and may cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other

central nervous system effects.

**Ingestion** Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Small amounts of this product

aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to

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severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

Chronic Effects Avoid repeated exposure

See Section 11 for additional Toxicological information.

Aggravated Medical Conditions None known

HMIS Health: 1\* Flammability: 2 Reactivity: 0 PPE: -

# **HMIS Legend**

- 0 Minimal Hazard
- 1 Slight Hazard
- 2 Moderate Hazard
- 3 Serious Hazard
- 4 Severe Hazard
- \* Chronic Hazard
- X Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for "Special"

handling instructions.

Note: The PPE rating has intentionally been left blank. Choose appropriate PPE that will protect employees from the hazards the material will present under the actual normal conditions of use.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer, has chosen to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used only in conjunction with a fully implemented HMIS® program by workers who have received appropriate HMIS® training. HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**General Advice** If symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance.

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**Eye Contact** Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact

lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while

rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation** Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately

**Ingestion** Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting

without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Consult a physician.

Notes To Physician Treat symptomatically

# 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media Foam, dry powder or water. Use extinguishing measures

that are appropriate to local circumstances and the

surrounding environment.

Protective Equipment And Precautions For Firefighters As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus

pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent)

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and full protective gear.

Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical Combustible material. Closed containers may rupture if

exposed to fire or extreme heat. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and

vapors.

Sensitivity To Mechanical Impact No

Sensitivity To Static Discharge Yes

**Flash Point Data** 

Flash Point (°F) 110
Flash Point (°C) 43
Flash Point Method PMCC

Flammability Limits In Air

Upper Explosion LimitNot availableLower Explosion LimitNot available

NFPA Health: 1 Flammability: 2 Instability: 0 Special: Not Applicable

#### **NFPA Legend**

- 0 Not Hazardous
- 1 Slightly
- 2 Moderate
- 3 High
- 4 Severe

The ratings assigned are only suggested ratings, the contractor/employer has ultimate responsibilities for NFPA ratings where this system is used.

Additional information regarding the NFPA rating system is available from the National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) at www.nfpa.org.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal Precautions**Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition.

**Environmental Precautions** Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to

contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if

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significant spillages cannot be contained.

**Methods For Clean-Up**Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly

labeled containers. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

Other Information None known

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling** Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not breathe

vapors or spray mist. Wear personal protective equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from open

flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

**Storage** Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away

from heat. Keep in properly labeled containers.

**DANGER** - Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately after use, place rags, steel wool or

waste in a sealed water-filled metal container.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Exposure Limits**

**Hazardous Components** 

Chemical Name	ACGIH	Alberta	<b>British Columbia</b>	Ontario	Quebec
Sunflower oil, polymer with	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E
pentaerythritol and					
phthalic anhydride					
Hydrotreated heavy	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E
naphtha, petroleum					
Titanium dioxide	10 mg/m³ - TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - TWAEV	10 mg/m³ -
		-	3 mg/m³ - TWA		TWÄEV

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Solvent naphtha, petroleum, medium aliphatic	N/E	N/E	N/E	525 mg/m³ - TWAEV 140°C Flash aliphatic solvent	N/E
Sunflower oil	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E
Kaolin	2 mg/m³ - TWA	2 mg/m³ - TWA	2 mg/m³ - TWA particulate matter containing no asbestos and less than 1% crystalline silica	containing no asbestos and less than 1% crystalline	5 mg/m³ - TWAEV
Zinc oxide	2 mg/m³ - TWA 10 mg/m³ - STEL	10 mg/m³ - TWA 5 mg/m³ - TWA 10 mg/m³ - STEL	2 mg/m³ - TWA 10 mg/m³ - STEL	2 mg/m³ - TWAEV 10 mg/m³ - STEV	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - TWAEV 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - TWAEV 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - STEV
Silica, amorphous	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E
Cobalt bis(2- ethylhexanoate)	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E
Ethyl benzene	20 ppm - TWA	100 ppm - TWA 434 mg/m³ - TWA 125 ppm - STEL 543 mg/m³ - STEL	20 ppm - TWA	100 ppm - TWA 125 ppm - STEL	100 ppm - TWAEV 434 mg/m³ - TWAEV 125 ppm - STEV 543 mg/m³ - STEV
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E

#### Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

Alberta - Alberta Occupational Exposure Limits

British Columbia - British Columbia Occupational Exposure Limits

Ontario - Ontario Occupational Exposure Limits

Quebec - Quebec Occupational Exposure Limits

N/E - Not established

**Engineering Measures** Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

**Personal Protective Equipment** 

Eye/Face Protection Skin Protection

**Respiratory Protection** 

Safety glasses with side-shields.

Long sleeved clothing. Protective gloves.

In operations where exposure limits are exceeded, use a NIOSH approved respirator

that has been selected by a technically qualified person for the specific work

conditions. When spraying the product or applying in confined areas, wear a NIOSH

approved respirator specified for paint spray or organic vapors.

Hygiene Measures Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing

before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling. When using do not eat, drink or

smoke.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

AppearanceliquidOdorsolventDensity (lbs/gal)9.8 - 9.9Specific Gravity1.1 - 1.2pHNot availableViscosity (centistokes)Not available

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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Not available **Evaporation Rate Vapor Pressure** Not available Not available **Vapor Density** Wt. % Solids 65 - 75 45 - 55 Vol. % Solids 25 - 35 Wt. % Volatiles Vol. % Volatiles 45 - 55 **VOC Regulatory Limit (g/L)** < 400 **Boiling Point (°F)** 340 **Boiling Point (°C)** 171

Freezing Point (°F) Not available Freezing Point (°C) Not available

Flash Point (°F)

Flash Point (°C)

Flash Point Method

Upper Explosion Limit

Lower Explosion Limit

Not available

Not available

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerisation

does not occur.

Conditions To Avoid Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, static electricity

and sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong

oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating

gases and vapors.

Possibility Of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal conditions of use.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Acute Toxicity**

### **Product**

Repeated or prolonged exposure to organic solvents may lead to permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.

#### Component

Hydrotreated heavy naphtha, petroleum LD50 Oral: > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) vendor data LD50 Dermal: > 3,160 mg/kg (Rabbit)

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#### Titanium dioxide

LD50 Oral: > 10000 mg/kg (Rat)

LD50 Dermal: > 10000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (Rabbit)

LC50 Inhalation (Dust): > 6.82 mg/L (Rat, 4 hr.)

#### Solvent naphtha, petroleum, medium aliphatic

LD50 Oral: > 6240 mg/kg (Rat)

LD50 Dermal: > 3120 mg/kg (Rabbit)

LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 1400 ppm (Rat, 4 hr.)

#### Kaolin

LD50 Oral: > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)

#### Zinc oxide

LD50 Oral: > 8437 mg/kg (Rat)

LC50 Inhalation (Dust): > 5700 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (Rat, 4 hr.)

#### Silica, amorphous

LD50 Oral: > 5000 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 Dermal: 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit) LC50 Inhalation (Dust): > 2 mg/L

#### Ethyl benzene

LD50 Oral: 3500 mg/kg (Rat)

LD50 Dermal: > 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 55000 mg/m³ (Rat, 2 hr.)

Sensitization: No sensitizing effects known.

#### Methyl ethyl ketoxime

LD50 Oral: 930 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 Dermal: 200 µL/kg (Rabbit)

LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): > 4.8 mg/L (Rat)

#### **Chronic Toxicity**

#### Carcinogenicity

The information below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA Carcinogen
		2B - Possible		Listed
Titanium dioxide		Human		
		Carcinogen		
		2B - Possible		
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)		Human		
		Carcinogen		

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Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA Carcinogen
	A3 - Confirmed	2B - Possible		Listed
Ethyl benzene	Animal	Human		
	Carcinogen with	Carcinogen		
	Unknown	_		
	Relevance to			
	Humans			

- Although IARC has classified titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B), their summary concludes: "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as paint."
- Cobalt and cobalt compounds are listed as possible human carcinogens by IARC (2B). However, there is inadequate evidence of the carcinogenicity of cobalt and cobalt compounds in humans.

#### Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

NTP - National Toxicity Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Ecotoxicity Effects**

#### **Product**

**Acute Toxicity to Fish** 

No information available

#### **Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates**

No information available

### **Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants**

No information available

#### Component

#### **Acute Toxicity to Fish**

Titanium dioxide

LC50: >1000 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

Ethyl benzene

LC50: 12.1 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

Methyl ethyl ketoxime

LC50: 48 mg/L (Bluegill sunfish - 96 hr.)

# **Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates**

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ethyl benzene

EC50: 1.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

Methyl ethyl ketoxime

EC50: 750 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

#### **Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants**

Ethyl benzene

EC50: 4.6 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, provincial, and local regulations. Local

requirements may vary, consult your sanitation department or state-designated

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environmental protection agency for more disposal options.

**Empty Container Warning** Emptied containers may retain product residue. Follow label warnings even after

container is emptied. Residual vapors may explode on ignition.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**TDG** 

Proper Shipping Name Paint
Hazard Class 3
UN-No UN1263
Packing Group

In Canada, Class 3 flammable liquids may be reclassified as non-regulated for domestic ground transportation if they meet the requirements of TDG General Exemption SOR/2008-34.

ICAO / IATA Contact the preparer for further information.

**IMDG / IMO**Contact the preparer for further information.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### **International Inventories**

United States TSCA Yes - All components are listed or exempt.

Canada DSL Yes - All components are listed or exempt.

# **National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)**

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

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#### NPRI Parts 1-4

This product contains the following Parts 1-4 NPRI chemicals:

CAS-No	weight % (max)
<del>1314-13-</del> 2	1 - 5%
136-52-7	0.25 - 0.5%
100-41-4	0.1 - 0.25%
	1314-13-2 136-52-7

This product may contain trace amounts of (other) NPRI Parts I-4 reportable chemicals. Contact the preparer for further information.

#### **NPRI Part 5**

This product contains the following NPRI Part 5 Chemicals:

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight % (max)
Hydrotreated heavy naphtha, petroleum	<del>64742-4</del> 8-9	15 - 40%
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, medium aliphat	ic 64742-88-7	3 - 7%

This product may contain trace amounts of (other) NPRI Part 5 reportable chemicals. Contact the preparer for further information.

# **WHMIS Regulatory Status**

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

#### **WHMIS Hazard Class**

B3 Combustible liquid
B6 Reactive flammable material
D2A Very toxic materials



# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**WARNING!** If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by logging onto Health Canada @ http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/hl-vs/iyh-vsv/prod/paint-peinture-eng.php.

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Prepared By Product Stewardship Department

Benjamin Moore & Co. 101 Paragon Drive Monvale, NJ 07645 855-724-6802

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Revision Summary No information available

#### Disclaimer

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**End of MSDS**