

Material Safety Data Sheet

Revision Date: 24-Feb-2010

Revision Number: 1

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Product Code Product Class Color

IRONCLAD ALKYD LOW LUSTRE METAL & WOOD ENAMEL

C163 SOLVENT THINNED PAINT All

Manufacturer

Benjamin Moore & Co. 101 Paragon Drive Montvale, NJ 07645 Phone: 201-573-9600 www.benjaminmoore.com Emergency Telephone Number(s) CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

2. COMPOSITION INFORMATION ON COMPONENTS

Hazardous Components

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight % (max)
Nepheline syenite	37244-96-5	25
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	20
Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	15
Hydrotreated heavy naphtha, petroleum	64742-48-9	15
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	15
Talc	14807-96-6	10
Iron oxide	1309-37-1	10
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	10
Zinc phosphate	7779-90-0	5
Carbonic acid, Magnesium salt (1:1)	546-93-0	5
Carbon black	1333-86-4	5
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.5
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	136-52-7	0.5

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

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Emergency Overview			
WARNING			
Vapors may be irritating to eyes, nose, throat, and lungs. May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. Combustible material.			
Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded.			
Appearance liquid	Odor solvent		
OSHA Regulatory Status	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).		
Potential Health Effects			
Principal Routes of Exposur	re Eye contact, skin contact and inhalation.		
Acute Effects Eyes Skin Inhalation Ingestion	Contact with eyes may cause irritation. May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. High vapor / aerosol concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs and may cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects. Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.		
Chronic Effects	Avoid repeated exposure		
See Section 11 for additional Tox	icological information.		
Aggravated Medical Condition	ons None known		
HMIS Health: 1*	Flammability: 2 Reactivity: 0 PPE: -		
HMIS Legend 0 - Minimal Hazard 1 - Slight Hazard			

- 1 Slight Hazard
- 2 Moderate Hazard
- 3 Serious Hazard
- 4 Severe Hazard
- * Chronic Hazard

X - Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for "Special" handling instructions.

Note: The PPE rating has intentionally been left blank. Choose appropriate PPE that will protect employees from the hazards the material will present under the actual normal conditions of use.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, Benjamin Moore & Co., has choosen to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used only in conjunction with a fully implemented HMIS® program by workers who have received appropriate HMIS® training. HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice	If symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Eye Contact	Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.
Notes To Physician	Treat symptomatically
Protection Of First-Aiders	Use personal protective equipment

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Foam, dry powder or water. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Protective Equipment And Precautions For Firefighters	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical	Combustible material. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to fire or extreme heat. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.
Sensitivity To Mechanical Impact	No
Sensitivity To Static Discharge	Yes
Flash Point Data Flash Point (°F) Flash Point (°C) Flash Point Method	105 41 PMCC
Flammability Limits In Air Lower Explosion Limit Upper Explosion Limit	Not available Not available

NFPA	Health: 1	Flammability: 2	Instability: 0	Special: Not Applicable
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NFPA Legend

0 - Not Hazardous

- 1 Slightly
- 2 Moderate
- 3 High
- 4 Severe

The ratings assigned by Benjamin Moore & Co. are only suggested ratings, the contractor/employer has ultimate responsibilities for NFPA ratings where this system is used.

Additional information regarding the NFPA rating system is available from the National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) at www.nfpa.org.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions	Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition.		
Environmental Precautions	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.		
Methods For Clean-Up	Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.		
Other Information	None known		
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE			
Handling	Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Wear personal protective equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from open		

StorageKeep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away
from heat. Keep in properly labeled containers.

DANGER - Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately after use, place rags, steel wool or waste in a sealed water-filled metal container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits

Hazardous Components

Chemical Name	ACGIH	OSHA
Nepheline syenite	N/E	5 mg/m ³ - TWA (nuisance dust)
Titanium dioxide	10 mg/m³ - TWA	15 mg/m ³ - TWA total

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Stoddard solvent	100 ppm - TWA	2900 mg/m ³ - TWA 500 ppm - TWA
Hydrotreated heavy naphtha, petroleum	N/E	N/E
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light	N/E	N/E
Talc	2 mg/m ³ - TWA	20 mppcf - TWA
Iron oxide	5 mg/m ³ - TWA	10 mg/m ³ - TWA
Zinc oxide	2 mg/m³ - TWA 10 mg/m³ - STEL	15 mg/m ³ - TWA total 5 mg/m ³ - TWA
Zinc phosphate	N/E	N/E
Carbonic acid, Magnesium salt (1:1)	N/E	15 mg/m ³ - TWA total 5 mg/m ³ - TWA
Carbon black	3.5 mg/m ³ - TWA	3.5 mg/m ³ - TWA
Ethyl benzene	100 ppm - TWA 125 ppm - STEL	100 ppm - TWA 435 mg/m³ - TWA
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	N/E	N/E

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Exposure Limits OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration Exposure Limits N/E - Not Established

Engineering	Measures
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Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection	Safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin Protection	Long sleeved clothing. Protective gloves.
Respiratory Protection	In operations where exposure limits are exceeded, use a NIOSH approved respirator that has been selected by a technically qualified person for the specific work conditions. When spraying the product or applying in confined areas, wear a NIOSH approved respirator specified for paint spray or organic vapors.
Hygiene Measures	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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Freezing Point (°C) Flash Point (°F) Flash Point (°C) Flash Point Method Upper Explosion Limit Lower Explosion Limit Not available 105 41 PMCC Not available Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability	Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
Conditions To Avoid	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, static electricity and sources of ignition.
Incompatible Materials	Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.
Possibility Of Hazardous Reactions	None under normal conditions of use.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Product

Repeated or prolonged exposure to organic solvents may lead to permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.

Component

<u>Nepheline syenite</u> Sensitization: No sensitizing effects known.

Titanium dioxide LD50 Oral: > 24000 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 Dermal: > 10000 mg/m³ (Rabbit) LC50 Inhalation (Dust): > 6.82 mg/L (Rat, 4 hr.)

Stoddard solvent LD50 Oral: > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 Dermal: > 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit) LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): > 6.1 mg/L (Rat)

Hydrotreated heavy naphtha, petroleum

LD50 Oral: > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) vendor data LD50 Dermal: > 3,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light LD50 Oral: > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 Dermal: > 3,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Talc

Sensitization: No information available

Iron oxide LD50 Oral: > 5000 mg/kg (Rat) vendor data

Zinc oxide LD50 Oral: > 8437 mg/kg (Rat) LC50 Inhalation (Dust): > 5700 mg/m³ (Rat, 4 hr.)

Carbon black LD50 Oral: > 15400 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 Dermal: > 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Ethyl benzene LD50 Oral: 3500 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 Dermal: > 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit) LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 55000 mg/m³ (Rat, 2 hr.) Sensitization: No sensitizing effects known.

Chronic Toxicity

Carcinogenicity

The information below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA Carcinogen
Titanium dioxide		2B - Possible Human Carcinogen		Listed
Carbon black		2B - Possible Human Carcinogen		Listed
Ethyl benzene	A3	2B - Possible Human Carcinogen		Listed
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)		2B - Possible Human Carcinogen		

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- Although IARC has classified titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B), their summary concludes: "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as paint."
- Cobalt and cobalt compounds are listed as possible human carcinogens by IARC (2B). However, there is inadequate evidence of the carcinogenicity of cobalt and cobalt compounds in humans.

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer NTP - National Toxicity Program OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Effects

Product Acute Toxicity to Fish No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

No information available

Component

Acute Toxicity to Fish

<u>Titanium dioxide</u> LC50: >1000 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

Ethyl benzene LC50: 12.1 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

Ethyl benzene EC50: 1.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Ethyl benzene EC50: 4.6 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

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Waste Disposal Method	Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Dry, empty containers may be recycled in a can recycling program. Local requirements may vary, consult your sanitation department or state-designated environmental protection agency for more disposal options.		
	14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION		
DOT			
Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class UN-No	Paint 3 UN1263		
Packing Group	111		
	e reclassified as a Combustible Liquid and is not regulated in containers of less than urface transportation (refer to 49CFR173.120(b)(2) for further information).		
ICAO / IATA	Contact Benjamin Moore & Co. for further information.		
IMDG / IMO	Contact Benjamin Moore & Co. for further information.		
	15. REGULATORY INFORMATION		
International Inventories			
United States TSCA Canada DSL	Yes - All components are listed or exempt. Yes - All components are listed or exempt.		
Federal Regulations			

SARA 311/312 hazardous categorization

Acute Health Hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	Yes
Fire Hazard	Yes
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight % (max)	
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	10	
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.5	

This product may contain trace amounts of (other) SARA reportable chemicals. Contact Benjamin Moore & Co. for further information.

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product contains the following HAPs:

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight % (max)
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.5
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	136-52-7	0.5

This product may contain trace amounts of (other) HAPs chemicals. Contact Benjamin Moore & Co. for further information.

State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product may contain small amounts of materials known to the state of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

State Right-to-Know

Chemical Name	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Louisiana	Rhode Island
Titanium dioxide	Х	Х	Х		Х
Stoddard solvent	Х	Х	Х		Х
Talc	Х	Х	Х		Х
Iron oxide	Х	Х	Х		Х
Zinc oxide	Х	Х	Х		Х
Carbonic acid, Magnesium salt (1:1)	Х				Х
Carbon black	Х	Х	Х		Х
Ethyl benzene	Х	Х	Х		Х

Legend

X - Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

WARNING! If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by contacting the National Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or log on to www.epa.gov/lead.

Prepared By	Product Stewardship Department Benjamin Moore & Co. 360 Route 206 - P.O. Box 4000 Flanders, NJ 07836 866-690-1961
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Disclaimer

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End of MSDS