SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: SATIN IMPERVO ALKYD LOW LUSTRE ENAMEL WHITE
Product Code: C23501
Alternate Product Code: C23501
Product Class: SOLVENT THINNED PAINT
Color: White
Recommended use: Paint
Restrictions on use: No information available

Manufacturer
Benjamin Moore & Co.
101 Paragon Drive
Montvale, NJ 07645
Phone: 1-866-708-9180
www.benjaminmoore.com

Emergency Telephone
CHEMTREC (US): 800-424-9300
CHEMTREC (outside US): (703)-527-3887

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification
This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Carcinogenicity</th>
<th>Category 1A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aspiration toxicity</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammable liquids</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Label elements

Danger

Hazard statements
May cause cancer
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Flammable liquid and vapor
Precautionary Statements - Prevention
Obtain special instructions before use
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
Use personal protective equipment as required
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
Keep container tightly closed
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment
Use only non-sparking tools
Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Precautionary Statements - Response
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
Skin
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
Ingestion
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
Do NOT induce vomiting
Fire
In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Precautionary Statements - Storage
Store locked up
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Disposal
Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)
Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded

Other information
No information available

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Weight-%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice
If symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Eye Contact
Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Skin Contact
Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation
Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.

Ingestion
Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.

Protection Of First-Aiders
Use personal protective equipment.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects
No information available.

Notes To Physician
Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media
Foam, dry powder or water. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Protective Equipment And Precautions For Firefighters
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical
Combustible material. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to fire or extreme heat. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Sensitivity To Mechanical Impact
No
Sensitivity To Static Discharge: Yes

Flash Point Data:
- Flash Point (°F): 119.0
- Flash Point (°C): 48.3
- Method: PMCC

Flammability Limits In Air:
- Lower flammability limit: Not available
- Upper flammability limit: Not available

NFPA Health: 1  Flammability: 2  Instability: 0  Special: Not Applicable

The ratings assigned are only suggested ratings, the contractor/employer has ultimate responsibilities for NFPA ratings where this system is used.

Additional information regarding the NFPA rating system is available from the National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) at www.nfpa.org.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition.

Other Information: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Environmental precautions: See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Wear personal protective equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.


DANGER - Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately after use, place...
rags, steel wool or waste in a sealed water-filled metal container.

**Incompatible Materials**
Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Exposure Limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>ACGIH TLV</th>
<th>OSHA PEL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
<td>15 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limestone</td>
<td>N/E</td>
<td>15 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kaolin</td>
<td>2 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
<td>15 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, amorphous</td>
<td>N/E</td>
<td>20 mppcf - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>20 ppm - TWA</td>
<td>100 ppm - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>435 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, crystalline</td>
<td>0.025 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Legend**
- ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Exposure Limits
- OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration Exposure Limits
- N/E - Not Established

**Engineering Measures**
Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

**Personal Protective Equipment**

- **Eye/Face Protection**
  - Safety glasses with side-shields.

- **Skin Protection**
  - Long sleeved clothing. Protective gloves.

- **Respiratory Protection**
  - In operations where exposure limits are exceeded, use a NIOSH approved respirator that has been selected by a technically qualified person for the specific work conditions. When spraying the product or applying in confined areas, wear a NIOSH approved respirator specified for paint spray or organic vapors.

**Hygiene Measures**
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- **Appearance**
  - liquid

- **Odor**
  - solvent

- **Odor Threshold**
  - No information available

- **Density (lbs/gal)**
  - 11.45 - 11.55

- **Specific Gravity**
  - 1.37 - 1.39

- **pH**
  - No information available

- **Viscosity (cps)**
  - No information available

- **Solubility(ies)**
  - No information available

- **Water solubility**
  - No information available

- **Evaporation Rate**
  - No information available

- **Vapor pressure @20 °C (kPa)**
  - No information available
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity
Not Applicable

Chemical Stability
Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

Conditions to avoid
Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, static electricity and sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials
Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products
Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
None under normal conditions of use.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Principal Routes of Exposure
Eye contact, skin contact and inhalation.

Acute Toxicity

Product Information
Repeated or prolonged exposure to organic solvents may lead to permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms
No information available.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Eye contact
Contact with eyes may cause irritation.

Skin contact
May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.

Ingestion
Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

Inhalation
High vapor / aerosol concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs and may cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects.

Sensitization
No information available.

Neurological Effects
No information available.

Mutagenic Effects
No information available.

Reproductive Effects
No information available.

Developmental Effects
No information available.

Target organ effects
No information available.

STOT - repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

STOT - single exposure
No information available.

Other adverse effects
No information available.

Aspiration Hazard
May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

Numerical measures of toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral) 13110 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal) 11461 mg/kg

Component Information

Acute Toxicity

Titanium dioxide
LD50 Oral: > 10000 mg/kg (Rat)

Hydrotreated heavy naphtha, petroleum
LD50 Oral: > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) vendor data
LD50 Dermal: > 3,160 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, medium aliphatic
LD50 Oral: > 6240 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: > 3120 mg/kg (Rabbit)

LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 1400 ppm (Rat, 4 hr.)

Kaolin
LD50 Oral: > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)

Silica, amorphous

LD50 Oral: > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
LC50 Inhalation (Dust): > 2 mg/L
Ethyl benzene
LD50 Oral: mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: > mg/kg (Rabbit)
LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): mg/m³ (Rat, 2 hr.)
Silica, crystalline
LD50 Oral: 500 mg/kg (Rat)

**Carcinogenicity**
The information below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>2B - Possible Human Carcinogen</td>
<td>Listed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>2B - Possible Human Carcinogen</td>
<td>Listed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, crystalline</td>
<td>1 - Human Carcinogen</td>
<td>Known Human Carcinogen</td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</td>
<td>2B - Possible Human Carcinogen</td>
<td>Listed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Crystalline Silica has been determined to be carcinogenic to humans by IARC (1) when in respirable form. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of inhalation exposure to spray mist or dust from sanding the dried paint.
- Although IARC has classified titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B), their summary concludes: "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as paint."
- Cobalt and cobalt compounds are listed as possible human carcinogens by IARC (2B). However, there is inadequate evidence of the carcinogenicity of cobalt and cobalt compounds in humans.

**Legend**
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
NTP - National Toxicity Program
OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity Effects**
The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

**Product Information**

**Acute Toxicity to Fish**
No information available

**Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates**
No information available

**Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants**
No information available

**Persistence / Degradability**
No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**
There is no data for this product.

**Mobility in Environmental Media**
No information available.

**Ozone**
No information available

**Component Information**

**Acute Toxicity to Fish**

Titanium dioxide  
LC50: > 1000 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

Ethyl benzene  
LC50: 12.1 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

**Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates**

Ethyl benzene  
EC50: 1.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

**Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants**

Ethyl benzene  
EC50: 4.6 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste Disposal Method**
Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Local requirements may vary, consult your sanitation department or state-designated environmental protection agency for more disposal options.

**Empty Container Warning**
Emptied containers may retain product residue. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Residual vapors may explode on ignition.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**DOT**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Proper Shipping Name</th>
<th>PAINT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hazard class</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN-No.</td>
<td>UN1263</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing Group</td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>UN1263, PAINT, 3, III, Marine Pollutant (Hydrotreated heavy naphtha, petroleum, Solvent naphtha, petroleum, medium aliphatic)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In the US this material may be reclassified as a Combustible Liquid and is not regulated in containers of less than
119 gallons (450 liters) via surface transportation (refer to 49CFR173.120(b)(2) for further information).

ICAO / IATA
Contact the preparer for further information.

IMDG / IMO
Contact the preparer for further information.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA: United States  Yes - All components are listed or exempt.
DSL: Canada        Yes - All components are listed or exempt.

Federal Regulations

SARA 311/312 hazardous categorization

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazard</th>
<th>Yes/No</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute health hazard</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chronic Health Hazard</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire hazard</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sudden release of pressure hazard</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reactive Hazard</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SARA 313
Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Weight-%</th>
<th>CERCLA/SARA 313 (de minimis concentration)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>100-41-4</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)
This product contains the following HAPs:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Weight-%</th>
<th>Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>100-41-4</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

⚠️ WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm– www.P65warnings.ca.gov

State Right-to-Know

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Massachusetts</th>
<th>New Jersey</th>
<th>Pennsylvania</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**HMIS Legend**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Reactivity</th>
<th>PPE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*</td>
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<td>*</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**HMIS Legend**

0 - Minimal Hazard
1 - Slight Hazard
2 - Moderate Hazard
3 - Serious Hazard
4 - Severe Hazard
* - Chronic Hazard

X - Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for "Special" handling instructions.

Note: The PPE rating has intentionally been left blank. Choose appropriate PPE that will protect employees from the hazards the material will present under the actual normal conditions of use.

**WARNING!** If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by contacting the National Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or log on to www.epa.gov/lead.

**Prepared By**

Product Stewardship Department
Benjamin Moore & Co.
101 Paragon Drive
Montvale, NJ 07645
800-225-5554

**Revision Date:** 27-Jul-2018

**Revision Summary**
Not available

**Disclaimer**

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federal, provincial, and local laws and regulations.

END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET