1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product Name**: MOORCRAFT SUPER CRAFT INTERIOR LATEX PRIMER  
**Product Code**: 250  
**Product Class**: WATER THINNED PAINT  
**Color**: All  

**Manufacturer**
Benjamin Moore & Co.  
101 Paragon Drive  
Montvale, NJ 07645  
Phone: 201-573-9600  
www.benjaminmoore.com

**Emergency Telephone Number(s)**
CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

2. COMPOSITION INFORMATION ON COMPONENTS

**Hazardous Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CAS-No</th>
<th>Weight % (max)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diatomaceous earth</td>
<td>61790-53-2</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kaolin</td>
<td>1332-58-7</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, amorphous</td>
<td>7631-86-9</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Emergency Overview**
Vapors may be irritating to eyes, nose, throat, and lungs. May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis.

**Appearance**: liquid  
**Odor**: little or no odor

**Potential Health Effects**

**Principal Routes of Exposure**: Eye contact, skin contact and inhalation.

**Acute Effects**
- **Eyes**: May cause slight irritation.
- **Skin**: Substance may cause slight skin irritation.
- **Inhalation**: May cause irritation of respiratory tract.
- **Ingestion**: Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
Chronic Effects
Repeated contact may cause allergic reactions in very susceptible persons.

See Section 11 for additional Toxicological information.

Aggravated Medical Conditions
None known

HMIS Legend
0 - Minimal Hazard
1 - Slight Hazard
2 - Moderate Hazard
3 - Serious Hazard
4 - Severe Hazard
* - Chronic Hazard
X - Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for "Special" handling instructions.

Health: 1*  Flammability: 0  Reactivity: 0  PPE: -

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer, has chosen to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used only in conjunction with a fully implemented HMIS® program by workers who have received appropriate HMIS® training. HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice
No hazards which require special first aid measures.

Eye Contact
Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

Skin Contact
Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes and shoes.

Inhalation
Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion
Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Consult a physician if necessary.

Notes To Physician
Treat symptomatically

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Protective Equipment And Precautions For Firefighters
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical
Closed containers may rupture if exposed to fire or extreme heat.
Sensitivity To Mechanical Impact: No

Sensitivity To Static Discharge: No

Flash Point Data:
- Flash Point (°F): Not applicable
- Flash Point (°C): Not applicable
- Flash Point Method: Not applicable

Flammability Limits In Air:
- Lower Explosion Limit: Not applicable
- Upper Explosion Limit: Not applicable

NFPA
- Health: 1
- Flammability: 0
- Instability: 0
- Special: Not Applicable

NFPA Legend
- 0 - Not Hazardous
- 1 - Slightly
- 2 - Moderate
- 3 - High
- 4 - Severe

The ratings assigned are only suggested ratings, the contractor/employer has ultimate responsibilities for NFPA ratings where this system is used.

Additional information regarding the NFPA rating system is available from the National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) at www.nfpa.org.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods For Clean-Up: Soak up with inert absorbent material. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal.

Other Information: None known

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors, spray mists or sanding dust. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Storage: Keep container tightly closed. Keep out of the reach of children.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits

Hazardous Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>10 mg/m\textsuperscript{3} - TWA</td>
<td>15 mg/m\textsuperscript{3} - TWA total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diatomaceous earth</td>
<td>N/E</td>
<td>- (80)/(% SiO₂) mg/m³ TWA 20 mppcf - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kaolin</td>
<td>2 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
<td>15 mg/m³ - TWA total 5 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, amorphous</td>
<td>N/E</td>
<td>- (80)/(% SiO₂) mg/m³ TWA 20 mppcf - TWA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Legend
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Exposure Limits
OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration Exposure Limits
N/E - Not Established

Engineering Measures
Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment
Eye/Face Protection
Safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin Protection
Protective gloves and impervious clothing

Respiratory Protection
In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Hygiene Measures
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance
liquid

Odor
little or no odor

Density (lbs/gal)
9.6 - 10.5

Specific Gravity
1.17 - 1.26

pH
Not available

Evaporation Rate
Not available

Vapor Pressure
Not available

Vapor Density
Not available

Wt. % Solids
30 - 40

Vol. % Solids
15 - 25

Wt. % Volatiles
60 - 70

Vol. % Volatiles
75 - 85

VOC Regulatory Limit (g/L)
< 100

Boiling Point (°F)
212

Boiling Point (°C)
100

Freezing Point (°F)
32

Freezing Point (°C)
0

Flash Point (°F)
Not applicable

Flash Point (°C)
Not applicable

Flash Point Method
Not applicable

Upper Explosion Limit
Not applicable

Lower Explosion Limit
Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability
Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions To Avoid
Prevent from freezing

Incompatible Materials
No materials to be especially mentioned.

Hazardous Decomposition Products
None under normal use.

Possibility Of Hazardous Reactions
None under normal conditions of use.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Product
No information available

Component

Titanium dioxide
LD50 Oral: > 10000 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: > 10000 mg/m³ (Rabbit)
LC50 Inhalation (Dust): > 6.82 mg/L (Rat, 4 hr.)

Kaolin
LD50 Oral: > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)

Silica, amorphous
LD50 Oral: > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
LC50 Inhalation (Dust): > 2 mg/L

Chronic Toxicity

Carcinogenicity
The information below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
<th>OSHA Carcinogen</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td></td>
<td>2B - Possible Human Carcinogen</td>
<td></td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Although IARC has classified titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B), their summary concludes: "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as paint."

Legend
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
NTP - National Toxicity Program
OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration
12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Effects

Product
Acute Toxicity to Fish
No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates
No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants
No information available

Component
Acute Toxicity to Fish
Titanium dioxide
LC50: >1000 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates
No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants
No information available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method
Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Dry, empty containers may be recycled in a can recycling program. Local requirements may vary, consult your sanitation department or state-designated environmental protection agency for more disposal options.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT
Not regulated

ICAO / IATA
Not regulated

IMDG / IMO
Not regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

United States TSCA
Yes - All components are listed or exempt.

Canada DSL
Yes - All components are listed or exempt.

Federal Regulations

SARA 311/312 hazardous categorization

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazard Type</th>
<th>Category</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute Health Hazard</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chronic Health Hazard</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire Hazard</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reactive Hazard</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SARA 313
Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

This product may contain trace amounts of (other) SARA reportable chemicals. Contact the preparer for further information.

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)
This product contains the following HAPs:

This product may contain trace amounts of (other) HAPs chemicals. Contact the preparer for further information.

State Regulations

California Proposition 65
This product may contain small amounts of materials known to the state of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

State Right-to-Know

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>Massachusetts</th>
<th>New Jersey</th>
<th>Pennsylvania</th>
<th>Louisiana</th>
<th>Rhode Island</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diatomaceous earth</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kaolin</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, amorphous</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Legend
X - Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION
WARNING! If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by contacting the National Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or log on to www.epa.gov/lead.

Prepared By
Product Stewardship Department
Benjamin Moore & Co.
360 Route 206 - P.O. Box 4000
Flanders, NJ 07836
866-690-1961

Revision Date: 08-Feb-2012
Revision Summary Not available

Disclaimer
The information contained herein is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. This information is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determination of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. Any use of this data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, provincial, and local laws and regulations.

End of MSDS