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1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name

Product Code Alternate Product Code Product Class Color Recommended use Restrictions on use

# DURALAQ 275 VOC WATER WHITE LACQUER SANDING SEALER 1C-2153 TK0601 LACQUER Clear Surface coating

Manufacturer Benjamin Moore & Co. 101 Paragon Drive Montvale, NJ 07645 Phone: 1-866-708-9180 www.benjaminmoore.com/Lenmar

Emergency Telephone CHEMTREC (US): 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (outside US): (703)-527-3887

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# **Classification**

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

No information available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
Reproductive toxicity	Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 2
Flammable liquids	Category 2

## Label elements

Danger

Hazard statements Causes serious eye irritation May damage fertility or the unborn child May cause drowsiness or dizziness May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure Highly flammable liquid and vapor

#### 1C-2153 - DURALAQ 275 VOC WATER WHITE LACQUER SANDING SEALER



Appearance liquid

Odor solvent

## **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Use personal protective equipment as required Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Wear eye/face protection Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking Keep container tightly closed Ground/bond container and receiving equipment Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment Use only non-sparking tools Take precautionary measures against static discharge Keep cool

# **Precautionary Statements - Response**

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention **Eves** 

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

### Skin

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

# Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

#### Fire

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

## **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store locked up Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

## Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

## Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

# Other information

No information available

# 3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION ON COMPONENTS

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Acetone	67-64-1	65 - 70
cellulose, nitrate	9004-70-0	5 - 10
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	1 - 5
Soybean oil, epoxidized	8013-07-8	1 - 5
Zinc stearate	557-05-1	1 - 5
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	98-56-6	1 - 5
Butyl benzyl phthalate	85-68-7	1 - 5
Toluene	108-88-3	1 - 5

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

## **Description of first aid measures**

General Advice	If symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Eye Contact	Immediate medical attention is required. Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.
Protection Of First-Aiders	Use personal protective equipment.
Most Important Symptoms/Effects	No information available.
Notes To Physician	Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties	Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors may cause flash fire.
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Foam, dry powder or water. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Sensitivity to mechanical impact Sensitivity to static discharge		vapors. No Yes		
Flash Point Data Flash point ( Flash Point ( Method	°F)		1 -17 PMCC	
Flammability Lir	nits In Air			
Lower flamm Upper flamm			Not available Not available	
<u>NFPA</u> Healt	<b>h:</b> 2	Flammability: 3	Instability: 0	Special: Not Applicable
NFPA Legend				

#### NFPA Legend 0 - Not Hazardous

- 1 Slightly
- 2 Moderate
- 3 High
- 4 Severe

The ratings assigned are only suggested ratings, the contractor/employer has ultimate responsibilities for NFPA ratings where this system is used.

Additional information regarding the NFPA rating system is available from the National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) at www.nfpa.org.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions	Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautions to prevent flashback. Ground and bond all containers and handling equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Use personal protective equipment.
Other Information	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Environmental precautions	See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.
Methods for Cleaning Up	Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Use a non-sparking or explosion

proof means to transfer material to a sealed, appropriate container for disposal. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

	7. HANDLING AND STORAGE
Handling	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Use only in ventilated areas. Prevent vapor build-up by providing adequate ventilation during and after use.
	Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not smoke. Extinguish all flames and pilot lights, and turn off stoves, heaters, electric motors and other sources of ignition during use and until all vapors are gone. Ignition and/or flash back may occur.
Storage	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep out of the reach of children.
Incompatible Materials	Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.
<b>Technical measures/Precautions</b> Ensure adequate ventilation. Use only where airflow will keep vapors from up in or near the work area in adjoining rooms. Comply with all national, stalocal codes pertaining to the storage, handling, dispensing and disposal of flammable liquids.	
	Dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. All equipment should be non-sparking and explosion proof. Use explosion proof electrical equipment for ventilation, lighting and material handling.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# **Exposure Limits**

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL
Acetone	STEL: 500 ppm	1000 ppm - TWA
	TWA: 250 ppm	2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - TWA
Isobutyl alcohol	TWA: 50 ppm	100 ppm - TWA
		300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - TWA
Zinc stearate	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> inhalable particulate	15 mg/m³ - TWA
	matter	5 mg/m³ - TWA
	TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable particulate	
	matter TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> inhalable	
	particulate matter except stearates of	
	toxic metals	
	TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable particulate	
	matter except stearates of toxic metals	
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> F	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - TWA
Toluene	TWA: 20 ppm	200 ppm - TWA
		300 ppm - Ceiling

# Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Exposure Limits

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OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration Exposure Limits N/E - Not Established

<u>Appropriate engineering</u> controls	
Engineering Measures	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
Personal Protective Equipment	
Eye/Face Protection	Safety glasses with side-shields. If splashes are likely to occur, wear:. Tightly fitting safety goggles.
Skin Protection	Long sleeved clothing. Protective gloves.
Respiratory Protection	Use only with adequate ventilation. In operations where exposure limits are exceeded, use a NIOSH approved respirator that has been selected by a technically qualified person for the specific work conditions. When spraying the product or applying in confined areas, wear a NIOSH approved respirator specified for paint spray or organic vapors.
Hygiene Measures	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Odor **Odor Threshold** Density (lbs/gal) **Specific Gravity** pН Viscosity (cps) Solubility(ies) Water solubility **Evaporation Rate** Vapor pressure Vapor density Wt. % Solids Vol. % Solids Wt. % Volatiles Vol. % Volatiles VOC Regulatory Limit (g/L) Boiling Point (°F) **Boiling Point (°C)** Freezing point (°F) Freezing Point (°C) Flash point (°F) Flash Point (°C) Method Flammability (solid, gas) Upper flammability limit: Lower flammability limit: Autoignition Temperature (°F) Autoignition Temperature (°C) **Decomposition Temperature (°F)** 

liquid solvent No information available 7.3 - 7.4 0.88 - 0.90 No information available 20 - 30 10 - 20 70 - 80 80 - 90 < 275 136 58 No information available No information available 1 -17 PMCC Not applicable No information available No information available No information available No information available No information available

Decomposition Temperature (°C) Partition coefficient No information available No information available

**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY** 

Reactivity	No data available
Chemical Stability	Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, static electricity and sources of ignition. Sparks. Elevated temperature.
Incompatible Materials	Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	None under normal conditions of use.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information		
Information on likely routes of	exposure	
Principal Routes of Exposure	Eye contact, skin contact and inhalation.	
Acute Toxicity		
Product Information	Repeated or prolonged exposure to organic solvents may lead to permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.	
Symptoms related to the physic	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Symptoms	No information available	
Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure		
Eye contact Skin contact	Severely irritating to eyes. May cause burns. Risk of serious damage to eyes. May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.	
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.	
Inhalation	Harmful by inhalation. High vapor / aerosol concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs and may cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects.	
Sensitization	No information available	

Neurological Effects Mutagenic Effects Reproductive Effects Developmental Effects Target organ effects	No information available. No information available. May damage fertility or the unborn child. No information available. No information available.
STOT - repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled,
	May cause disorder and damage to the, liver, kidney, spleen, blood.
STOT - single exposure	May cause disorder and damage to the, Respiratory system, Central nervous system.
Other adverse effects	No information available.
Aspiration Hazard	May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral)	6559 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal)	4066 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)	114.4 mg/L

## **Component Information**

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Acetone 67-64-1	= 5800 mg/kg (Rat)	> 15700 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 50100 mg/m³(Rat)8 h
cellulose, nitrate 9004-70-0	5 g/kg (Rat)	-	-
Isobutyl alcohol 78-83-1	= 2460 mg/kg (Rat)	= 3400 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 6.5 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Soybean oil, epoxidized 8013-07-8	= 40 g/kg (Rat)	> 20 mL/kg (Rabbit)	-
Zinc stearate 557-05-1	> 10 g/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 200 mg/L (Rat)1 h
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride 98-56-6	= 13 g/kg (Rat)	> 2 mL/kg (Rabbit)	= 33 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Butyl benzyl phthalate 85-68-7	= 2330 mg/kg (Rat)	= 6700 mg/kg (Rat)	> 6.7 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Toluene 108-88-3	= 2600 mg/kg (Rat)	= 12000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-

## Chronic Toxicity

### **Carcinogenicity**

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product above reportable levels.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# **Ecotoxicity Effects**

The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

# Product Information

#### Acute Toxicity to Fish No information available

# Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

No information available

# Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

No information available

### Persistence / Degradability

No information available.

#### Bioaccumulation

There is no data for this product.

## Mobility in Environmental Media

No information available.

# Ozone

Not applicable

## **Component Information**

### Acute Toxicity to Fish

<u>Acetone</u> LC50: 8300 (Bluegill - 96 hr.) mg/L

#### Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

<u>Acetone</u> EC50: 12600 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

#### Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

No information available

	13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
Waste Disposal Method	Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Local requirements may vary, consult your sanitation department or state-designated environmental protection agency for more disposal options.
Empty Container Warning	Emptied containers may retain product residue. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Residual vapors may explode on ignition.
	14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION
DOT Proper Shinning Name	ΡΔΙΝΤ

Proper Shipping Name	PAINT
Hazard class	3
UN-No.	UN1263

Packing Group Description	II UN1263, PAINT, 3, II
ICAO / IATA	Contact the preparer for further information.
IMDG / IMO	Contact the preparer for further information.
	15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# International Inventories

TSCA: United States	Yes - All components are listed or exempt.
DSL: Canada	Yes - All components are listed or exempt.

# Federal Regulations

SARA 311/312 hazardous categorization	
Acute health hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	Yes
Fire hazard	Yes
Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

## SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%	CERCLA/SARA 313 (de minimis concentration)
Zinc stearate	557-05-1	1 - 5	1.0
Toluene	108-88-3	1 - 5	1.0

# Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product contains the following HAPs:

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%	Hazardous Air Pollutant
Toluene	108-88-3	1 - 5	<u>(HAP)</u> Listed

# US State Regulations

## **California Proposition 65**

**WARNING:** Cancer and Reproductive Harm– www.P65warnings.ca.gov

## State Right-to-Know

#### 1C-2153 - DURALAQ 275 VOC WATER WHITE LACQUER SANDING SEALER

Chemical name	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania
Acetone	Х	Х	Х
cellulose, nitrate	Х	Х	Х
Isobutyl alcohol	Х	Х	Х
Zinc stearate	Х	Х	Х
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride		Х	
Butyl benzyl phthalate	Х	Х	Х
Toluene	Х	Х	Х
Isopropyl alcohol	Х	Х	Х

#### Legend

X - Listed

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS -	Health: 2*	Flammability: 3	Reactivity: 0	PPE: -	
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# HMIS Legend

- 0 Minimal Hazard
- 1 Slight Hazard
- 2 Moderate Hazard
- 3 Serious Hazard
- 4 Severe Hazard
- \* Chronic Hazard
- X Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for "Special" handling instructions.

Note: The PPE rating has intentionally been left blank. Choose appropriate PPE that will protect employees from the hazards the material will present under the actual normal conditions of use.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer, has chosen to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used only in conjunction with a fully implemented HMIS® program by workers who have received appropriate HMIS® training. HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

**WARNING!** If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by contacting the National Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or log on to www.epa.gov/lead.

Prepared By	Product Stewardship Department Benjamin Moore & Co. 101 Paragon Drive Montvale, NJ 07645 800-225-5554	
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#### Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet