

Revision Date: 18-Jun-2019

Revision Number: 6

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Class Color Recommended use Restrictions on use

Alternate Product Code SAP Material Number

Manufacturer

Product Name

Product Code

Benjamin Moore & Co. 101 Paragon Drive Montvale, NJ 07645 Phone: 1-866-708-9180 lenmar-coatings.com

DURALAQ WHITE LACQUER UNDERCOATER WHITE 1C-365, 3001310 HL1565, HL1599 NA, 3001310

LACQUER White Surface coating No information available

Emergency Telephone CHEMTREC (US): 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (outside US): (703)-527-3887

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
Reproductive toxicity	Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 2
Aspiration toxicity	Category 1
Flammable liquids	Category 2

Label elements

Danger

Hazard statements

Harmful if swallowed Causes skin irritation Causes serious eye irritation May cause cancer

1C-365, 3001310 - DURALAQ WHITE LACQUER UNDERCOATER WHITE

May damage fertility or the unborn child Causes damage to organs May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways Highly flammable liquid and vapor



Odor solvent

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Use personal protective equipment as required Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product Wear eye/face protection Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking Keep container tightly closed Ground/bond container and receiving equipment Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment Use only non-sparking tools Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Skin

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician Do NOT induce vomiting

Rinse mouth

Fire

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) Not applicable

Other information

No information available

3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION ON COMPONENTS

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Toluene	108-88-3	15 - 20
Talc	14807-96-6	10 - 15
VM&P naphtha	64742-89-8	10 - 15
Limestone	1317-65-3	10 - 15
Acetone	67-64-1	5 - 10
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	5 - 10
Ethanol	64-17-5	1 - 5
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	1 - 5
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	1 - 5
cellulose, nitrate	9004-70-0	1 - 5
2-Pentanone, 4-methyl-	108-10-1	1 - 5
Butyl benzyl phthalate	85-68-7	1 - 5
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	1 - 5
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	1 - 5
Octane	111-65-9	0.5 - 1
Heptane	142-82-5	0.5 - 1
Silica, crystalline	14808-60-7	0.1 - 0.5
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 0.5

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General Advice	If symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Eye Contact	Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.

Protection Of First-Aiders	Use personal protectiv	e equipment.	
Most Important Symptoms/Effects	No information available.		
Notes To Physician	Treat symptomatically.		
	5. FIRE-FIGHT	ING MEASURES	
Flammable Properties			nsiderable distance to a source of . Vapors may cause flash fire.
Suitable Extinguishing Media			water. Use extinguishing measures local circumstances and the ent.
Protective equipment and preca	autions for firefighters		elf-contained breathing apparatus SHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) Ir.
Hazardous combustion product	ts		carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide products of varying composition d/or irritating.
Specific Hazards Arising From	The Chemical	distance. Keep produc heat and sources of ig rupture if exposed to f	ck possible over considerable ct and empty container away from gnition. Closed containers may ire or extreme heat. Thermal ad to release of irritating gases and
Sensitivity to mechanical impac	ct	No	
Sensitivity to static discharge		Yes	
Flash Point Data Flash point (°F) Flash Point (°C) Method		17 -8 PMCC	
Flammability Limits In Air			
Lower flammability limit: Upper flammability limit:		Not available Not available	
NFPA Health: 2	Flammability: 3	Instability: 1	Special: Not Applicable
NFPA Legend 0 - Not Hazardous 1 - Slightly 2 - Moderate 3 - High			

- 3 High 4 Severe

The ratings assigned are only suggested ratings, the contractor/employer has ultimate responsibilities for NFPA ratings where this system is used.

Additional information regarding the NFPA rating system is available from the National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) at www.nfpa.org.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions	Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautions to prevent flashback. Ground and bond all containers and handling equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Use personal protective equipment.
Other Information	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Environmental precautions	See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.
Methods for Cleaning Up	Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Use a non-sparking or explosion proof means to transfer material to a sealed, appropriate container for disposal. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Use only in ventilated areas. Prevent vapor build-up by providing adequate ventilation during and after use.
	Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not smoke. Extinguish all flames and pilot lights, and turn off stoves, heaters, electric motors and other sources of ignition during use and until all vapors are gone. Ignition and/or flash back may occur.
Storage	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep out of the reach of children.
Incompatible Materials	Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.
Technical measures/Precautions Ensure adequate ventilation. Use only where airflow will keep vapors from up in or near the work area in adjoining rooms. Comply with all national, stallocal codes pertaining to the storage, handling, dispensing and disposal of flammable liquids.	
	Dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. All equipment should be non-sparking and explosion proof. Use explosion proof electrical equipment for ventilation, lighting and material handling.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL
Toluene	20 ppm - TWA	200 ppm - TWA
		300 ppm - Ceiling
Talc	2 mg/m ³ - TWA	20 mppcf - TWA
Limestone	N/E	15 mg/m³ - TWA
		5 mg/m³ - TWA
Acetone	250 ppm - TWA	1000 ppm - TWA
	500 ppm - STEL	2400 mg/m ³ - TWA
Titanium dioxide	10 mg/m³ - TWA	15 mg/m³ - TWA
Ethanol	STEL: 1000 ppm	1000 ppm - TWA
		1900 mg/m ³ - TWA
Methyl alcohol	200 ppm - TWA	200 ppm - TWA
-	250 ppm - STEL	260 mg/m ³ - TWA
	Skin	
Ethyl acetate	400 ppm - TWA	400 ppm - TWA
		1400 mg/m³ - TWA
2-Pentanone, 4-methyl-	20 ppm - TWA	100 ppm - TWA
	75 ppm - STEL	410 mg/m³ - TWA
Isopropyl alcohol	200 ppm - TWA	400 ppm - TWA
	400 ppm - STEL	980 mg/m³ - TWA
n-Butyl acetate	150 ppm - TWA	150 ppm - TWA
	200 ppm - STEL	710 mg/m ³ - TWA
Octane	300 ppm - TWA	500 ppm - TWA
		2350 mg/m³ - TWA
Heptane	400 ppm - TWA	500 ppm - TWA
	500 ppm - STEL	2000 mg/m ³ - TWA
Silica, crystalline	0.025 mg/m ³ - TWA	-
Ethyl benzene	20 ppm - TWA	100 ppm - TWA
		435 mg/m ³ - TWA

Legend ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Exposure Limits OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration Exposure Limits N/E - Not Established

Appropriate engineering controls	
Engineering Measures	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
Personal Protective Equipment Eye/Face Protection	Safety glasses with side-shields. If splashes are likely to occur, wear:. Tightly
Skin Protection Respiratory Protection	fitting safety goggles. Long sleeved clothing. Protective gloves. Use only with adequate ventilation. In operations where exposure limits are exceeded, use a NIOSH approved respirator that has been selected by a technically qualified person for the specific work conditions. When spraying the product or applying in confined areas, wear a NIOSH approved respirator specified for paint spray or organic vapors.
Hygiene Measures	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Odor **Odor Threshold** Density (lbs/gal) **Specific Gravity** bН Viscosity (cps) Solubility(ies) Water solubility **Evaporation Rate** Vapor pressure Vapor density Wt. % Solids Vol. % Solids Wt. % Volatiles Vol. % Volatiles VOC Regulatory Limit (g/L) Boiling Point (°F) Boiling Point (°C) Freezing point (°F) Freezing Point (°C) Flash point (°F) Flash Point (°C) Method Flammability (solid, gas) Upper flammability limit: Lower flammability limit: Autoignition Temperature (°F) Autoignition Temperature (°C) Decomposition Temperature (°F) **Decomposition Temperature (°C) Partition coefficient**

liquid solvent No information available 9.25 - 9.35 1.10 - 1.12 No information available 35 - 45 15 - 25 55 - 65 75 - 85 < 680 136 58 No information available No information available 17 -8 PMCC Not applicable No information available No information available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	No data available
Chemical Stability	Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, static electricity and sources of ignition. Sparks. Elevated temperature.
Incompatible Materials	Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	None under normal conditions of use.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information	
Information on likely routes of e	exposure
Principal Routes of Exposure	Eye contact, skin contact and inhalation.
Acute Toxicity	
Product Information	Repeated or prolonged exposure to organic solvents may lead to permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.
Symptoms related to the physic	al, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Symptoms	No information available
Delayed and immediate effects	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Eye contact Skin contact	Contact with eyes may cause irritation. May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.
Inhalation	Harmful by inhalation. High vapor / aerosol concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs and may cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects.
Sensitization Neurological Effects	No information available
Mutagenic Effects	No information available.
Reproductive Effects	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Developmental Effects Target organ effects	No information available. liver. Respiratory system. Eyes. Skin. Central nervous system. blood.
STOT - repeated exposure	Reproductive System. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. May cause disorder and damage to the. liver. kidney. spleen. blood. Central nervous system.
STOT - single exposure	May cause disorder and damage to the. Respiratory system. Central nervous system.
Other adverse effects	No information available.
Aspiration Hazard	May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

Numerical measures of toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral)	1962 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal)	6587 mg/kg

ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)	10.5	mg/L
ATEmix (inhalation-vapor)	26.5	mg/L

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Toluene 108-88-3	= 2600 mg/kg (Rat)	= 12000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 12.5 mg/L (Rat)4 h
VM&P naphtha 64742-89-8	-	= 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Acetone 67-64-1	= 5800 mg/kg (Rat)	-	= 50100 mg/m³(Rat)8 h
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	> 10000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Ethanol 64-17-5	= 7060 mg/kg (Rat)	-	= 124.7 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1	= 6200 mg/kg (Rat)	= 15800 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 22500 ppm (Rat) 8 h = 64000 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	= 5620 mg/kg (Rat)	> 18000 mg/kg (Rabbit)> 20 mL/kg (Rabbit)	-
cellulose, nitrate 9004-70-0	5 g/kg (Rat)	-	-
2-Pentanone, 4-methyl- 108-10-1	= 2080 mg/kg (Rat)	= 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 8.2 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Butyl benzyl phthalate 85-68-7	= 2330 mg/kg (Rat)	= 6700 mg/kg(Rat)	> 6.7 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Isopropyl alcohol 67-63-0	= 1870 mg/kg (Rat)	= 4059 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 72600 mg/m ³ (Rat) 4 h
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	= 10768 mg/kg (Rat)	> 17600 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Octane 111-65-9	-	-	= 118 g/m ³ (Rat) 4 h = 25260 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Heptane 142-82-5	-	= 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 103 g/m³ (Rat) 4 h
Silica, crystalline 14808-60-7	= 500 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Ethyl benzene 100-41-4	= 3500 mg/kg (Rat)	= 15400 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 17.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

Carcinogenicity

The information below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:.

Chemical name	IARC	NTP	OSHA
	2B - Possible Human		Listed
Titanium dioxide	Carcinogen		
	2B - Possible Human		Listed
2-Pentanone, 4-methyl-	Carcinogen		
	1 - Human Carcinogen	Known Human	Listed
Silica, crystalline		Carcinogen	
•	2B - Possible Human		Listed
Ethyl benzene	Carcinogen		

Crystalline Silica has been determined to be carcinogenic to humans by IARC (1) when in respirable form. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of inhalation exposure to spray mist or dust from sanding the dried paint.
Although IARC has classified titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B), their summary concludes: "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as paint."

Legend

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer NTP - National Toxicity Program OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Effects

The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

Product Information

Acute Toxicity to Fish No information available

No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

No information available

Persistence / Degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

There is no data for this product.

Mobility in Environmental Media

No information available.

Ozone

Not applicable

Component Information

Acute Toxicity to Fish

Acetone LC50: 8300 (Bluegill - 96 hr.) mg/L <u>Titanium dioxide</u> LC50: > 1000 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.) <u>n-Butyl acetate</u> LC50: 18 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.) <u>Ethyl benzene</u> LC50: 12.1 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

Acetone EC50: 12600 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.) <u>n-Butyl acetate</u> EC50: 72.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.) <u>Ethyl benzene</u> EC50: 1.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

<u>n-Butyl acetate</u> EC50: 674.7 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.) Ethyl benzene EC50: 4.6 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method	Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Local requirements may vary, consult your sanitation department or state-designated environmental protection agency for more disposal options.
Empty Container Warning	Emptied containers may retain product residue. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Residual vapors may explode on ignition.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Proper Shipping Name Hazard class UN-No. Packing Group Description	PAINT 3 UN1263 II UN1263, PAINT, 3, II
ICAO / IATA	Contact the preparer for further information.
IMDG / IMO	Contact the preparer for further information.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA: United States	Yes - All components are listed or exempt.
DSL: Canada	Yes - All components are listed or exempt.

Federal Regulations

SARA 311/312 hazardous categorization

Acute health hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	Yes
Fire hazard	Yes
Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

SARA 313

DOT

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal

Regulations, Part 372:

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%	CERCLA/SARA 313 (de minimis concentration)
Toluene	108-88-3	15 - 20	1.0
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	1 - 5	1.0
2-Pentanone, 4-methyl-	108-10-1	1 - 5	1.0
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	1 - 5	1.0
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 0.5	0.1

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product contains the following HAPs:

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%	<u>Hazardous Air Pollutant</u> (HAP)
Toluene	108-88-3	15 - 20	Listed
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	1 - 5	
2-Pentanone, 4-methyl-	108-10-1	1 - 5	Listed
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 0.5	Listed

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

MARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm- www.P65warnings.ca.gov

State Right-to-Know

Chemical name	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania
Toluene	Х	Х	Х
Talc	Х	Х	Х
Limestone	Х	Х	Х
Acetone	Х	Х	Х
Titanium dioxide	Х	Х	Х
Ethanol	Х	Х	Х
Methyl alcohol	Х	Х	Х
Ethyl acetate	Х	Х	Х
cellulose, nitrate	Х	Х	Х
2-Pentanone, 4-methyl-	Х	Х	Х
Butyl benzyl phthalate	Х	Х	Х
Isopropyl alcohol	Х	Х	Х
n-Butyl acetate	Х	Х	Х
2-Butoxyethanol	X	Х	X
Silica, crystalline	Х	Х	Х

Legend X - Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

	HMIS -	Health: 2*	Flammability: 3	Reactivity: 1	PPE: -
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HMIS Legend

- 0 Minimal Hazard
- 1 Slight Hazard
- 2 Moderate Hazard
- 3 Serious Hazard
- 4 Severe Hazard
- * Chronic Hazard

X - Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for "Special" handling instructions.

Note: The PPE rating has intentionally been left blank. Choose appropriate PPE that will protect employees from the hazards the material will present under the actual normal conditions of use.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer, has chosen to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used only in conjunction with a fully implemented HMIS® program by workers who have received appropriate HMIS® training. HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

WARNING! If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by contacting the National Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or log on to www.epa.gov/lead.

Prepared By	Product Stewardship Department Benjamin Moore & Co. 101 Paragon Drive Montvale, NJ 07645 800-225-5554
Revision Date:	18-Jun-2019
Revision Summary	Not available

Disclaimer

The information contained herein is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. This information is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determination of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. Any use of this data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, provincial, and local laws and regulations.

End of Safety Data Sheet