1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: DURALAQ WHITE LACQUER UNDERCOATER WHITE
Product Code: 1C-365, 3001310
Alternate Product Code: HL1565, HL1599
SAP Material Number: NA, 3001310
Product Class: LACQUER
Color: White
Recommended use: Surface coating
Restrictions on use: No information available

Manufacturer: Benjamin Moore & Co.
101 Paragon Drive
Montvale, NJ 07645
Phone: 1-866-708-9180
lenmar-coatings.com

Emergency Telephone:
CHEMTREC (US): 800-424-9300
CHEMTREC (outside US): (703)-527-3887

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification
This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazard</th>
<th>Category</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute toxicity - Oral</td>
<td>Category 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin corrosion/irritation</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</td>
<td>Category 2A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carcinogenicity</td>
<td>Category 1A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reproductive toxicity</td>
<td>Category 1B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aspiration toxicity</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammable liquids</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Label elements

Danger

Hazard statements
Harmful if swallowed
Causes skin irritation
Causes serious eye irritation
May cause cancer
Precautionary Statements - Prevention
Obtain special instructions before use
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
Use personal protective equipment as required
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
Wear eye/face protection
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
Keep container tightly closed
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment
Use only non-sparking tools
Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Precautionary Statements - Response
IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Eyes
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Skin
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Ingestion
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
Do NOT induce vomiting
Rinse mouth

Fire
In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Precautionary Statements - Storage
Store locked up
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Disposal
Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)
Not applicable

Other information
No information available

### 3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION ON COMPONENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Weight-%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>108-88-3</td>
<td>15 - 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td>14807-96-6</td>
<td>10 - 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VM&amp;P naphtha</td>
<td>64742-89-8</td>
<td>10 - 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limestone</td>
<td>1317-65-3</td>
<td>10 - 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>67-64-1</td>
<td>5 - 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>5 - 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methyl alcohol</td>
<td>67-56-1</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl acetate</td>
<td>141-78-6</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cellulose, nitrate</td>
<td>9004-70-0</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Pentanone, 4-methyl-</td>
<td>108-10-1</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butyl benzyl phthalate</td>
<td>85-68-7</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-Butyl acetate</td>
<td>123-86-4</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Octane</td>
<td>111-65-9</td>
<td>0.5 - 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heptane</td>
<td>142-82-5</td>
<td>0.5 - 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, crystalline</td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
<td>0.1 - 0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>100-41-4</td>
<td>0.1 - 0.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Description of first aid measures**

**General Advice**
If symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

**Eye Contact**
Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Skin Contact**
Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation**
Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.

**Ingestion**
Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.
Protection Of First-Aiders
Use personal protective equipment.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects
No information available.

Notes To Physician
Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties
Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors may cause flash fire.

Suitable Extinguishing Media
Foam, dry powder or water. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Hazardous combustion products
Burning may result in carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and other combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating.

Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical
Flammable. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to fire or extreme heat. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Sensitivity to mechanical impact
No

Sensitivity to static discharge
Yes

Flash Point Data
- Flash point (°F) 17
- Flash Point (°C) -8
- Method PMCC

Flammability Limits In Air
- Lower flammability limit: Not available
- Upper flammability limit: Not available

NFPA
- Health: 2
- Flammability: 3
- Instability: 1
- Special: Not Applicable

NFPA Legend
0 - Not Hazardous
1 - Slightly
2 - Moderate
3 - High
4 - Severe
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal Precautions**
Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautions to prevent flashback. Ground and bond all containers and handling equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Use personal protective equipment.

**Other Information**
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

**Environmental precautions**
See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

**Methods for Cleaning Up**
Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Use a non-sparking or explosion proof means to transfer material to a sealed, appropriate container for disposal. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling**
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Use only in ventilated areas. Prevent vapor build-up by providing adequate ventilation during and after use.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not smoke. Extinguish all flames and pilot lights, and turn off stoves, heaters, electric motors and other sources of ignition during use and until all vapors are gone. Ignition and/or flash back may occur.

**Storage**

**Incompatible Materials**
Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.

**Technical measures/Precautions**
Ensure adequate ventilation. Use only where airflow will keep vapors from building up in or near the work area in adjoining rooms. Comply with all national, state, and local codes pertaining to the storage, handling, dispensing and disposal of flammable liquids.

Dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. All equipment should be non-sparking and explosion proof. Use explosion proof electrical equipment for ventilation, lighting and material handling.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
### Exposure Limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>ACGIH TLV</th>
<th>OSHA PEL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>20 ppm - TWA</td>
<td>200 ppm - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>300 ppm - Ceiling</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td>2 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
<td>20 mppcf - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limestone</td>
<td>N/E</td>
<td>15 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>250 ppm - TWA</td>
<td>1000 ppm - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>500 ppm - STEL</td>
<td>2400 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
<td>15 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>STEL: 1000 ppm</td>
<td>1000 ppm - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1900 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methyl alcohol</td>
<td>200 ppm - TWA</td>
<td>200 ppm - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>250 ppm - STEL</td>
<td>260 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl acetate</td>
<td>400 ppm - TWA</td>
<td>400 ppm - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1400 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Pentanone, 4-methyl-</td>
<td>20 ppm - TWA</td>
<td>100 ppm - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>75 ppm - STEL</td>
<td>410 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol</td>
<td>200 ppm - TWA</td>
<td>400 ppm - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>400 ppm - STEL</td>
<td>980 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-Butyl acetate</td>
<td>150 ppm - TWA</td>
<td>150 ppm - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>200 ppm - STEL</td>
<td>710 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Octane</td>
<td>300 ppm - TWA</td>
<td>500 ppm - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2350 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heptane</td>
<td>400 ppm - TWA</td>
<td>500 ppm - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>500 ppm - STEL</td>
<td>2000 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, crystalline</td>
<td>0.025 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>20 ppm - TWA</td>
<td>100 ppm - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>435 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Legend**

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Exposure Limits
OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration Exposure Limits
N/E - Not Established

---

**Appropriate Engineering Controls**

**Engineering Measures**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

**Personal Protective Equipment**

**Eye/Face Protection**

Safety glasses with side-shields. If splashes are likely to occur, wear: Tightly fitting safety goggles.

**Skin Protection**

Long sleeved clothing. Protective gloves.

**Respiratory Protection**

Use only with adequate ventilation. In operations where exposure limits are exceeded, use a NIOSH approved respirator that has been selected by a technically qualified person for the specific work conditions. When spraying the product or applying in confined areas, wear a NIOSH approved respirator specified for paint spray or organic vapors.

**Hygiene Measures**

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

---

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**
Appearance: liquid
Odor: solvent
Odor Threshold: No information available
Specific Gravity: 1.10 - 1.12
pH: No information available
Viscosity (cps): No information available
Solubility(ies): No information available
Water solubility: No information available
Evaporation Rate: No information available
Vapor pressure: No information available
Vapor density: No information available
Wt. % Solids: 35 - 45
Vol. % Solids: 15 - 25
Wt. % Volatiles: 55 - 65
Vol. % Volatiles: 75 - 85
VOC Regulatory Limit (g/L): < 680
Boiling Point (°F): 136
Boiling Point (°C): 58
Freezing point (°F): No information available
Freezing Point (°C): No information available
Flash point (°F): 17
Flash Point (°C): -8
Method: PMCC
Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable
Upper flammability limit: No information available
Lower flammability limit: No information available
Autoignition Temperature (°F): No information available
Autoignition Temperature (°C): No information available
Decomposition Temperature (°F): No information available
Decomposition Temperature (°C): No information available
Partition coefficient: No information available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No data available
Chemical Stability: Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
Conditions to avoid: Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, static electricity and sources of ignition. Sparks. Elevated temperature.
Incompatible Materials: Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous Decomposition Products: Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: None under normal conditions of use.
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Principal Routes of Exposure  Eye contact, skin contact and inhalation.

Acute Toxicity

Product Information  Repeated or prolonged exposure to organic solvents may lead to permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms  No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Eye contact  Contact with eyes may cause irritation.
Skin contact  May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.
Ingestion  Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.
Inhalation  Harmful by inhalation. High vapor / aerosol concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs and may cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects.

Sensitization  No information available
Neurological Effects  No information available.
Mutagenic Effects  No information available.
Reproductive Effects  May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Developmental Effects  No information available.

STOT - repeated exposure  Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. May cause disorder and damage to the. liver. kidney. spleen. blood. Central nervous system.

STOT - single exposure  May cause disorder and damage to the. Respiratory system. Central nervous system.

Other adverse effects  No information available.

Aspiration Hazard  May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

Numerical measures of toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral)  1962 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal)  6587 mg/kg
Component Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Oral LD50</th>
<th>Dermal LD50</th>
<th>Inhalation LC50</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>2600 mg/kg (Rat)</td>
<td>12000 mg/kg (Rabbit)</td>
<td>12.5 mg/L (Rat) 4 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VM&amp;P naphtha 64742-89-8</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>= 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone 67-64-1</td>
<td>5800 mg/kg (Rat)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7</td>
<td>&gt; 10000 mg/kg (Rat)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol 64-17-5</td>
<td>7060 mg/kg (Rat)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>= 124.7 mg/L (Rat) 4 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methyl alcohol 67-56-1</td>
<td>6200 mg/kg (Rat)</td>
<td>15800 mg/kg (Rabbit)</td>
<td>22500 ppm (Rat) 8 h = 64000 ppm (Rat) 4 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl acetate 141-78-6</td>
<td>5620 mg/kg (Rat)</td>
<td>&gt; 18000 mg/kg (Rabbit) &gt; 20 mL/kg (Rabbit)</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose, nitrate 9004-70-0</td>
<td>5 g/kg (Rat)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Pentanone, 4-methyl-108-10-1</td>
<td>2080 mg/kg (Rat)</td>
<td>3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)</td>
<td>8.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butyl benzyl phthalate 85-68-7</td>
<td>2330 mg/kg (Rat)</td>
<td>6700 mg/kg (Rat)</td>
<td>&gt; 6.7 mg/L (Rat) 4 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol 67-63-0</td>
<td>1870 mg/kg (Rat)</td>
<td>4059 mg/kg (Rabbit)</td>
<td>72600 mg/m³ (Rat) 4 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4</td>
<td>10768 mg/kg (Rat)</td>
<td>&gt; 17600 mg/kg (Rabbit)</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Octane 111-65-9</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>= 118 g/m³ (Rat) 4 h = 25260 ppm (Rat) 4 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heptane 142-82-5</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>= 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)</td>
<td>103 g/m³ (Rat) 4 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, crystalline 14808-60-7</td>
<td>500 mg/kg (Rat)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene 100-41-4</td>
<td>3500 mg/kg (Rat)</td>
<td>15400 mg/kg (Rabbit)</td>
<td>17.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Carcinogenicity

The information below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>2B - Possible Human Carcinogen</td>
<td></td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Pentanone, 4-methyl-</td>
<td>2B - Possible Human Carcinogen</td>
<td></td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, crystalline</td>
<td>1 - Human Carcinogen</td>
<td>Known Human Carcinogen</td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>2B - Possible Human Carcinogen</td>
<td></td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Crystalline Silica has been determined to be carcinogenic to humans by IARC (1) when in respirable form. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of inhalation exposure to spray mist or dust from sanding the dried paint.
- Although IARC has classified titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B), their summary concludes: "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as paint."

Legend
12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Effects
The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

Product Information

Acute Toxicity to Fish
No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates
No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants
No information available

Persistence / Degradability
No information available.

Bioaccumulation
There is no data for this product.

Mobility in Environmental Media
No information available.

Ozone
Not applicable

Component Information

Acute Toxicity to Fish

Acetone
LC50: 8300 (Bluegill - 96 hr.) mg/L
Titanium dioxide
LC50: > 1000 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)
n-Butyl acetate
LC50: 18 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)
Ethyl benzene
LC50: 12.1 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

Acetone
EC50: 12600 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)
n-Butyl acetate
EC50: 72.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)
Ethyl benzene
EC50: 1.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)
Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

- n-Butyl acetate
  EC50: 674.7 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)
- Ethyl benzene
  EC50: 4.6 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Waste Disposal Method</th>
<th>Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Local requirements may vary, consult your sanitation department or state-designated environmental protection agency for more disposal options.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Empty Container Warning</td>
<td>Emptied containers may retain product residue. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Residual vapors may explode on ignition.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DOT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Proper Shipping Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazard class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN-No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing Group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ICAO / IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contact the preparer for further information.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IMDG / IMO</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contact the preparer for further information.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

- TSCA: United States: Yes - All components are listed or exempt.
- DSL: Canada: Yes - All components are listed or exempt.

Federal Regulations

- SARA 311/312 hazardous categorization
  - Acute health hazard: Yes
  - Chronic Health Hazard: Yes
  - Fire hazard: Yes
  - Sudden release of pressure hazard: No
  - Reactive Hazard: No

SARA 313
Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal
Regulations, Part 372:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Weight-%</th>
<th>CERCLA/SARA 313 (de minimis concentration)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>108-88-3</td>
<td>15 - 20</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methyl alcohol</td>
<td>67-56-1</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Pentanone, 4-methyl-</td>
<td>108-10-1</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>100-41-4</td>
<td>0.1 - 0.5</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)
This product contains the following HAPs:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Weight-%</th>
<th>Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>108-88-3</td>
<td>15 - 20</td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methyl alcohol</td>
<td>67-56-1</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Pentanone, 4-methyl-</td>
<td>108-10-1</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>100-41-4</td>
<td>0.1 - 0.5</td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

⚠️ WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm— www.P65warnings.ca.gov

State Right-to-Know

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Massachusetts</th>
<th>New Jersey</th>
<th>Pennsylvania</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limestone</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methyl alcohol</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl acetate</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cellulose, nitrate</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Pentanone, 4-methyl-</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butyl benzyl phthalate</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-Butyl acetate</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Butoxyethanol</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, crystalline</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Legend
X - Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION
WARNING! If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by contacting the National Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or log on to www.epa.gov/lead.

Prepared By
Product Stewardship Department
Benjamin Moore & Co.
101 Paragon Drive
Montvale, NJ 07645
800-225-5554

Revision Date: 18-Jun-2019
Revision Summary Not available

Disclaimer
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End of Safety Data Sheet