SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date: 10-Jul-2018
Revision Number: 4

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: DURALAQ WHITE UNDERCOATER
Product Code: 1C-421
Alternate Product Code: HL1521
Product Class: LACQUER
Color: White
Recommended use: Paint
Restrictions on use: No information available

Manufacturer: Benjamin Moore & Co.
101 Paragon Drive
Montvale, NJ 07645
Phone: 1-866-708-9180
lenmar-coatings.com

Emergency Telephone:
CHEMTREC (US): 800-424-9300
CHEMTREC (outside US): (703)-527-3887

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification
This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazard Statement</th>
<th>Category</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Skin corrosion/irritation</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carcinogenicity</td>
<td>Category 1A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reproductive toxicity</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aspiration toxicity</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammable liquids</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Label elements

Danger

Hazard statements
Causes skin irritation
Causes serious eye irritation
May cause cancer
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
May cause drowsiness or dizziness
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
Precautionary Statements - Prevention
Obtain special instructions before use
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
Use personal protective equipment as required
Wear face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
Wear eye/face protection
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
Keep container tightly closed
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment
Use only non-sparking tools
Take precautionary measures against static discharge
Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Response
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
Eyes
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention
Skin
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
Inhalation
IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
Ingestion
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
Do NOT induce vomiting
Fire
In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Precautionary Statements - Storage
Store locked up
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Precautionary Statements - Disposal
Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant
Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)
Not applicable

Other information
No information available

### 3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION ON COMPONENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Weight-%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Heptane</td>
<td>142-82-5</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>67-64-1</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>108-88-3</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td>14807-96-6</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-Butyl acetate</td>
<td>123-86-4</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cellulose, nitrate</td>
<td>9004-70-0</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VM&amp;P naphtha</td>
<td>64742-89-8</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>100-41-4</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, crystalline</td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Description of first aid measures**

**General Advice**
If symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

**Eye Contact**
Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

**Skin Contact**
Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation**
Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.

**Ingestion**
Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.

**Protection Of First-Aiders**
Use personal protective equipment.

**Most Important Symptoms/Effects**
No information available.

**Notes To Physician**
Treat symptomatically.

### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES
Flammable Properties

Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors may cause flash fire.

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Foam, dry powder or water. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Protective Equipment And Precautions For Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Hazardous combustion products

Burning may result in carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and other combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating.

Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical

Flammable. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to fire or extreme heat. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Sensitivity To Mechanical Impact

No

Sensitivity To Static Discharge

Yes

Flash Point Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flash Point (°F)</th>
<th>13</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point (°C)</td>
<td>-11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>PMCC</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Flammability Limits In Air

| Lower flammability limit: | Not available |
| Upper flammability limit: | Not available |

NFPA Legend

0 - Not Hazardous
1 - Slightly
2 - Moderate
3 - High
4 - Severe

The ratings assigned are only suggested ratings, the contractor/employer has ultimate responsibilities for NFPA ratings where this system is used.

Additional information regarding the NFPA rating system is available from the National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) at www.nfpa.org.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautions to prevent flashback. Ground and bond all containers and handling equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin,
Other Information

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Environmental precautions

See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods for Cleaning Up

Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Use a non-sparking or explosion proof means to transfer material to a sealed, appropriate container for disposal. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Use only in ventilated areas. Prevent vapor build-up by providing adequate ventilation during and after use.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not smoke. Extinguish all flames and pilot lights, and turn off stoves, heaters, electric motors and other sources of ignition during use and until all vapors are gone. Ignition and/or flash back may occur.

Storage


Incompatible Materials

Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.

Technical measures/Precautions

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use only where airflow will keep vapors from building up in or near the work area in adjoining rooms. Comply with all national, state, and local codes pertaining to the storage, handling, dispensing and disposal of flammable liquids.

Dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. All equipment should be non-sparking and explosion proof. Use explosion proof electrical equipment for ventilation, lighting and material handling.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>ACGIH TLV</th>
<th>OSHA PEL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Heptane</td>
<td>400 ppm - TWA</td>
<td>500 ppm - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>500 ppm - STEL</td>
<td>2000 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>250 ppm - TWA</td>
<td>1000 ppm - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>500 ppm - STEL</td>
<td>2400 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>20 ppm - TWA</td>
<td>200 ppm - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>300 ppm - Ceiling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td>2 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
<td>20 mppcf - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-Butyl acetate</td>
<td>150 ppm - TWA</td>
<td>150 ppm - TWA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance**
- liquid

**Odor**
- little or no odor

**Odor Threshold**
- No information available

**Density (lbs/gal)**
- 7.8 - 8.2

**Specific Gravity**
- 0.93 - 0.98

**pH**
- No information available

**Viscosity (cps)**
- No information available

**Solubility(ies)**
- No information available

**Water solubility**
- No information available

**Evaporation Rate**
- No information available

**Vapor pressure @20 °C (kPa)**
- No information available

**Vapor density**
- No information available

**Wt. % Solids**
- 25 - 35

**Vol. % Solids**
- 10 - 20

**Wt. % Volatiles**
- 65 - 75

**Vol. % Volatiles**
- 80 - 90

**VOC Regulatory Limit (g/L)**
- < 680

**Boiling Point (°F)**
- 132
Boiling Point (°C)  56
Freezing Point (°F)  No information available
Freezing Point (°C)  No information available
Flash Point (°F)  13
Flash Point (°C)  -11
Method  PMCC
Flammability (solid, gas)  Not applicable
Upper flammability limit:  No information available
Lower flammability limit:  No information available
Autoignition Temperature (°F)  No information available
Autoignition Temperature (°C)  No information available
Decomposition Temperature (°F)  No information available
Decomposition Temperature (°C)  No information available
Partition coefficient  No information available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity  No data available
Chemical Stability  Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
Conditions to avoid  Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, static electricity and sources of ignition. Sparks. Elevated temperature.
Incompatible Materials  Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous Decomposition Products  Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.
Possibility of hazardous reactions  None under normal conditions of use.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Principal Routes of Exposure  Eye contact, skin contact and inhalation.

Acute Toxicity

Product Information  Repeated or prolonged exposure to organic solvents may lead to permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms  No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Eye contact
Causes serious eye irritation. May cause redness, itching, and pain.

Skin contact
May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.

Ingestion
Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

Inhalation
Harmful by inhalation. High vapor / aerosol concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs and may cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects.

Sensitization
No information available

Neurological Effects
No information available.

Mutagenic Effects
No information available.

Reproductive Effects
Possible risk of impaired fertility. Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

Developmental Effects
No information available.

Target organ effects
No information available.

STOT - repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. May cause disorder and damage to the liver, kidney, spleen, blood, Central nervous system. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

STOT - single exposure
May cause disorder and damage to the Respiratory system. Central nervous system.

Other adverse effects
No information available.

Aspiration Hazard
May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

Numerical measures of toxicity
The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component Information</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ATEmix (oral)</td>
<td>7999 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATEmix (dermal)</td>
<td>6347 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)</td>
<td>83 mg/L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATEmix (inhalation-vapor)</td>
<td>234 mg/L</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Acute Toxicity
Component information

Heptane
LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 103000 mg/m³ (Rat, 4 hr.)

Acetone
LD50 Oral: 5800 mg/kg (Rat)

Toluene
LD50 Oral: 636 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: 14100 µL/kg (Rabbit)
LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 49000 mg/m³ (Rat, 4 hr.)

n-Butyl acetate
LD50 Oral: 10768 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: > 17600 mg/kg (Rabbit)
LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): ppm (Rat, 4 hr.)

Sensitization non-sensitizing (guinea pig)

Titanium dioxide
LD50 Oral: > 10000 mg/kg (Rat)
Ethanol
LD50 Oral: mg/kg (Rat)
LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): ppm (Rat, 10 hr.)

Isopropyl alcohol
LD50 Oral: mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: mg/kg (Rabbit)
LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): ppm (Rat)

Xylene
LD50 Oral: 4300 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: > 1700 mg/kg (Rabbit)
LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 5000 ppm (Rat, 4 hr.)

Ethyl benzene
LD50 Oral: mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: > mg/kg (Rabbit)
LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): mg/m³ (Rat, 2 hr.)

Silica, crystalline
LD50 Oral: 500 mg/kg (Rat)

**Carcinogenicity**
The information below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>2B - Possible Human Carcinogen</td>
<td>Listed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>2B - Possible Human Carcinogen</td>
<td>Listed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, crystalline</td>
<td>1 - Human Carcinogen</td>
<td>Known Human Carcinogen</td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Crystalline Silica has been determined to be carcinogenic to humans by IARC (1) when in respirable form. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of inhalation exposure to spray mist or dust from sanding the dried paint.
- Although IARC has classified titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B), their summary concludes: "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as paint."

**Legend**
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
NTP - National Toxicity Program
OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity Effects**
The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

**Product Information**

**Acute Toxicity to Fish**
No information available

**Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates**
No information available
Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants
No information available

Persistence / Degradability
No information available.

Bioaccumulation
There is no data for this product.

Mobility in Environmental Media
No information available.

Ozone
Not applicable

Component Information

Acute Toxicity to Fish

Acetone
LC50: 8300 (Bluegill - 96 hr.) mg/L

n-Butyl acetate
LC50: 18 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

Titanium dioxide
LC50: > 1000 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

Xylene
LC50: 13.5 mg/L (Rainbow Trout - 96 hr.)

Ethyl benzene
LC50: 12.1 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

Acetone
EC50: 12600 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

n-Butyl acetate
EC50: 72.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

Ethyl benzene
EC50: 1.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

n-Butyl acetate
EC50: 674.7 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)

Ethyl benzene
EC50: 4.6 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method
Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Local requirements may vary, consult your sanitation department or state-designated environmental protection agency for more disposal options.

Empty Container Warning
Emptied containers may retain product residue. Follow label warnings even after
container is emptied. Residual vapors may explode on ignition.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### DOT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Proper Shipping Name</th>
<th>PAINT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hazard class</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN-No.</td>
<td>UN1263</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing Group</td>
<td>II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>UN1263, PAINT, 3, II, Marine Pollutant (Heptane)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### ICAO / IATA

Contact the preparer for further information.

### IMDG / IMO

Contact the preparer for further information.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### International Inventories

| TSCA: United States | Yes - All components are listed or exempt. |
| DSL: Canada         | Yes - All components are listed or exempt. |

### Federal Regulations

#### SARA 311/312 hazardous categorization

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazard</th>
<th>Yes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute health hazard</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chronic Health Hazard</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire hazard</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sudden release of pressure hazard</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reactive Hazard</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Weight-%</th>
<th>CERCLA/SARA 313 (de minimis concentration)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>108-88-3</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>100-41-4</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product contains the following HAPs:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Weight-%</th>
<th>Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>108-88-3</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm— www.P65warnings.ca.gov

State Right-to-Know

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Massachusetts</th>
<th>New Jersey</th>
<th>Pennsylvania</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Heptane</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-Butyl acetate</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cellulose, nitrate</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, crystalline</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Legend

X - Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS - Health: 2* Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 PPE: -

HMIS Legend

0 - Minimal Hazard
1 - Slight Hazard
2 - Moderate Hazard
3 - Serious Hazard
4 - Severe Hazard
* - Chronic Hazard
X - Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for "Special" handling instructions.

Note: The PPE rating has intentionally been left blank. Choose appropriate PPE that will protect employees from the hazards the material will present under the actual normal conditions of use.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer, has chosen to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used only in conjunction with a fully implemented HMIS® program by workers who have received appropriate HMIS® training. HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

WARNING! If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by contacting the National Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or log on to www.epa.gov/lead.
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END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET