1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: DURALAQ NITROCELLULOSE LACQUER GLOSS WHITE
Product Code: 1K01-9979
Alternate Product Code: TR0479
Product Class: LACQUER
Color: White
Recommended use: Paint
Restrictions on use: No information available

Manufacturer
Benjamin Moore & Co.
101 Paragon Drive
Montvale, NJ 07645
Phone: 1-866-708-9180
lenmar-coatings.com

Emergency Telephone
CHEMTREC (US): 800-424-9300
CHEMTREC (outside US): (703)-527-3887

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification
This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazard</th>
<th>Category</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Skin corrosion/irritation</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carcinogenicity</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reproductive toxicity</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aspiration toxicity</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammable liquids</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Label elements

Danger

Hazard statements
Causes skin irritation
Causes serious eye damage
Suspected of causing cancer
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
May cause drowsiness or dizziness
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Highly flammable liquid and vapor

Precautionary Statements - Prevention
Obtain special instructions before use
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
Use personal protective equipment as required
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
Keep container tightly closed
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment
Use only non-sparking tools
Take precautionary measures against static discharge
Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Response
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

Eyes
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Skin
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Inhalation
IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Ingestion
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
Do NOT induce vomiting

Fire
In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Precautionary Statements - Storage
Store locked up
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Precautionary Statements - Disposal
Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant
3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION ON COMPONENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Weight-%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-Butyl acetate</td>
<td>123-86-4</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>67-64-1</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VM&amp;P naphtha</td>
<td>64742-89-8</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cellulose, nitrate</td>
<td>9004-70-0</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>108-88-3</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Pentanone, 4-methyl-</td>
<td>108-10-1</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isobutyl alcohol</td>
<td>78-83-1</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-Butyl alcohol</td>
<td>71-36-3</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soybean oil, epoxidized</td>
<td>8013-07-8</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, amorphous</td>
<td>7631-86-9</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Octane</td>
<td>111-65-9</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heptane</td>
<td>142-82-5</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>100-41-4</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General Advice
If symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Eye Contact
Immediate medical attention is required. Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes.

Skin Contact
Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation
Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.

Ingestion
Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.

Protection Of First-Aiders
Use personal protective equipment.

Most Important
No information available.
Symptoms/Effects

Notes To Physician  Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties  Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors may cause flash fire.

Suitable Extinguishing Media  Foam, dry powder or water. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Protective Equipment And Precautions For Firefighters  As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Hazardous combustion products  Burning may result in carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and other combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating.

Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical  Flammable. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to fire or extreme heat. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Sensitivity To Mechanical Impact  No

Sensitivity To Static Discharge  Yes

Flash Point Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Flash Point (°F)</th>
<th>Flash Point (°C)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PMCC</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Flammability Limits In Air

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Limit</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lower flammability limit:</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper flammability limit:</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NFPA  Health: 2  Flammability: 3  Instability: 1  Special: Not Applicable

NFPA Legend

0 - Not Hazardous
1 - Slightly
2 - Moderate
3 - High
4 - Severe

The ratings assigned are only suggested ratings, the contractor/employer has ultimate responsibilities for NFPA ratings where this system is used.

Additional information regarding the NFPA rating system is available from the National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) at www.nfpa.org.
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions  
Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautions to prevent flashback. Ground and bond all containers and handling equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Use personal protective equipment.

Other Information  
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Environmental precautions  
See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods for Cleaning Up  
Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Use a non-sparking or explosion proof means to transfer material to a sealed, appropriate container for disposal. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling  
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Use only in ventilated areas. Prevent vapor build-up by providing adequate ventilation during and after use.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not smoke. Extinguish all flames and pilot lights, and turn off stoves, heaters, electric motors and other sources of ignition during use and until all vapors are gone. Ignition and/or flash back may occur.

Storage  

Incompatible Materials  
Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.

Technical measures/Precautions  
Ensure adequate ventilation. Use only where airflow will keep vapors from building up in or near the work area in adjoining rooms. Comply with all national, state, and local codes pertaining to the storage, handling, dispensing and disposal of flammable liquids.

Dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. All equipment should be non-sparking and explosion proof. Use explosion proof electrical equipment for ventilation, lighting and material handling.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>ACGIH TLV</th>
<th>OSHA PEL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Page 5 / 13
Titanium dioxide  | 10 mg/m³ - TWA | 15 mg/m³ - TWA
--- | --- | ---
n-Butyl acetate  | 150 ppm - TWA | 150 ppm - TWA
 | 200 ppm - STEL | 710 mg/m³ - TWA
Acetone  | 250 ppm - TWA | 1000 ppm - TWA
 | 500 ppm - STEL | 2400 mg/m³ - TWA
Toluene  | 20 ppm - TWA | 200 ppm - TWA
 | 300 ppm - Ceiling
Isopropyl alcohol  | 200 ppm - TWA | 400 ppm - TWA
 | 400 ppm - STEL | 980 mg/m³ - TWA
2-Pentanone, 4-methyl-  | 20 ppm - TWA | 100 ppm - TWA
 | 75 ppm - STEL | 410 mg/m³ - TWA
Isobutyl alcohol  | 50 ppm - TWA | 100 ppm - TWA
 | 300 mg/m³ - TWA
n-Butyl alcohol  | 20 ppm - TWA | 100 ppm - TWA
 | 300 mg/m³ - TWA
Ethanol  | 1000 ppm - STEL | 1000 ppm - TWA
 | 1900 mg/m³ - TWA
Xylene  | 100 ppm - TWA | 100 ppm - TWA
 | 435 mg/m³ - TWA
Silica, amorphous  | N/E | 20 mppcf - TWA
Octane  | 300 ppm - TWA | 500 ppm - TWA
 | 2350 mg/m³ - TWA
Heptane  | 400 ppm - TWA | 500 ppm - TWA
 | 2000 mg/m³ - TWA
Ethyl benzene  | 20 ppm - TWA | 100 ppm - TWA
 | 435 mg/m³ - TWA

Legend

**Appropriate engineering controls**

**Engineering Measures** Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

**Personal Protective Equipment**

**Eye/Face Protection** Safety glasses with side-shields.

**Skin Protection** Long sleeved clothing. Protective gloves.

**Respiratory Protection** Use only with adequate ventilation. In operations where exposure limits are exceeded, use a NIOSH approved respirator that has been selected by a technically qualified person for the specific work conditions. When spraying the product or applying in confined areas, wear a NIOSH approved respirator specified for paint spray or organic vapors.

**Hygiene Measures** Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance** liquid

**Odor** little or no odor

**Odor Threshold** No information available

**Density (lbs/gal)** 9.0 - 9.4

**Specific Gravity** 1.09 - 1.13

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1K01-9979 - DURALAQ NITROCELLULOSE LACQUER  
GLOSS WHITE  
Revision Date: 28-Sep-2018

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity (cps)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
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<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure @20 °C (kPa)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor density</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wt. % Solids</td>
<td>40 - 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vol. % Solids</td>
<td>20 - 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wt. % Volatiles</td>
<td>50 - 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vol. % Volatiles</td>
<td>70 - 80</td>
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<td>VOC Regulatory Limit (g/L)</td>
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<td>Boiling Point (°C)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Freezing Point (°F)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing Point (°C)</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point (°F)</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point (°C)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>PMCC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper flammability limit:</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower flammability limit:</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition Temperature (°F)</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition Temperature (°C)</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition Temperature (°F)</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition Temperature (°C)</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity**  
No data available

**Chemical Stability**  
Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**  
Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, static electricity and sources of ignition. Sparks. Elevated temperature.

**Incompatible Materials**  
Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products**  
Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**  
None under normal conditions of use.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Product Information**

**Information on likely routes of exposure**
Principal Routes of Exposure

Eye contact, skin contact and inhalation.

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Repeated or prolonged exposure to organic solvents may lead to permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms

No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Eye contact

Severely irritating to eyes. May cause burns. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Skin contact

May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.

Ingestion

Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

Inhalation

Harmful by inhalation. High vapor / aerosol concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs and may cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects.

Sensitization

No information available

Neurological Effects

No information available.

Mutagenic Effects

No information available.

Reproductive Effects

Possible risk of impaired fertility. Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

Developmental Effects

No information available.

Target organ effects

No information available.

STOT - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. May cause disorder and damage to the liver, kidney, spleen, blood, Central nervous system. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

STOT - single exposure

May cause disorder and damage to the Respiratory system. Central nervous system.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

Aspiration Hazard

May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

Numerical measures of toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral) 5114 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal) 7984 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist) 30.6 mg/L
ATEmix (inhalation-vapor) 36 mg/L

Acute Toxicity

Component Information
Titanium dioxide
LD50 Oral: > 10000 mg/kg (Rat)
n-Butyl acetate
LD50 Oral: 10768 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: > 17600 mg/kg (Rabbit)
LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): ppm (Rat, 4 hr.)
Sensitization non-sensitizing (guinea pig)
Acetone
LD50 Oral: 5800 mg/kg (Rat)
Toluene
LD50 Oral: 636 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: 14100 μL/kg (Rabbit)
LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 49000 mg/m³ (Rat, 4 hr.)
Isopropyl alcohol
LD50 Oral: mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: mg/kg (Rabbit)
LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): ppm (Rat)
2-Pentanone, 4-methyl-
LD50 Oral: 2080-4600 mg/kg (Rat)
LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 100000 mg/m³
Isobutyl alcohol
LD50 Oral: 2460 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: 3400 mg/kg (Rabbit)
LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 19200 mg/m³ (Rat, 4 hr.)
n-Butyl alcohol
LD50 Oral: 790 - 800 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: 3400 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 24000 mg/m³ (Rat, 4 hr.)
Ethanol
LD50 Oral: mg/kg (Rat)
LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): ppm (Rat, 10 hr.)
Xylene
LD50 Oral: 4300 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: > 1700 mg/kg (Rabbit)
LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 5000 ppm (Rat, 4 hr.)
Silica, amorphous
LD50 Oral: > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
LC50 Inhalation (Dust): > 2 mg/L
Heptane
LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 103000 mg/m³ (Rat, 4 hr.)
Ethyl benzene
LD50 Oral: mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: > mg/kg (Rabbit)
LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): mg/m³ (Rat, 2 hr.)

Carcinogenicity
The information below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>2B - Possible Human Carcinogen</td>
<td>Listed</td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Page 9 / 13
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Carcinogen</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Pentanone, 4-methyl-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>2B - Possible Human</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Carcinogen</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Although IARC has classified titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B), their summary concludes: "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as paint."

**Legend**
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer  
NTP - National Toxicity Program  
OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity Effects**  
The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

**Product Information**

**Acute Toxicity to Fish**  
No information available

**Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates**  
No information available

**Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants**  
No information available

**Persistence / Degradability**  
No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**  
There is no data for this product.

**Mobility in Environmental Media**  
No information available.

**Ozone**  
Not applicable

**Component Information**

**Acute Toxicity to Fish**  
No information available  
Titanium dioxide  
LC50: > 1000 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)  
n-Butyl acetate  
LC50: 18 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)  
Acetone  
LC50: 8300 (Bluegill - 96 hr.) mg/L  
Xylene  
LC50: 13.5 mg/L (Rainbow Trout - 96 hr.)
Ethyl benzene  
LC50: 12.1 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

**Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates**
No information available

n-Butyl acetate  
EC50: 72.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

Acetone  
EC50: 72600 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

**Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants**
No information available

n-Butyl acetate  
EC50: 674.7 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)

Ethyl benzene  
EC50: 4.6 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)

---

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste Disposal Method**
Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Local requirements may vary, consult your sanitation department or state-designated environmental protection agency for more disposal options.

**Empty Container Warning**
Emptied containers may retain product residue. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Residual vapors may explode on ignition.

---

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**DOT**
- **Proper Shipping Name**: PAINT
- **Hazard class**: 3
- **UN-No.**: UN1263
- **Packing Group**: II
- **Description**: UN1263, PAINT, 3, II

**ICAO / IATA**
Contact the preparer for further information.

**IMDG / IMO**
Contact the preparer for further information.

---

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**International Inventories**
- **TSCA: United States**: Yes - All components are listed or exempt.
- **DSL: Canada**: Yes - All components are listed or exempt.

**Federal Regulations**
SARA 311/312 hazardous categorization

- Acute health hazard: Yes
- Chronic Health Hazard: Yes
- Fire hazard: Yes
- Sudden release of pressure hazard: No
- Reactive Hazard: Yes

SARA 313
Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Weight-%</th>
<th>CERCLA/SARA 313 (de minimis concentration)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>108-88-3</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Pentanone, 4-methyl-</td>
<td>108-10-1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-Butyl alcohol</td>
<td>71-36-3</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>100-41-4</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)
This product contains the following HAPs:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Weight-%</th>
<th>Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>108-88-3</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Pentanone, 4-methyl-</td>
<td>108-10-1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>100-41-4</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

⚠️ WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm—www.P65warnings.ca.gov

State Right-to-Know
16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS -  Health: 2*  Flammability: 3  Reactivity: 1  PPE: -

HMIS Legend
0 - Minimal Hazard
1 - Slight Hazard
2 - Moderate Hazard
3 - Serious Hazard
4 - Severe Hazard
* - Chronic Hazard
X - Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for "Special" handling instructions.

Note: The PPE rating has intentionally been left blank. Choose appropriate PPE that will protect employees from the hazards the material will present under the actual normal conditions of use.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer, has chosen to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used only in conjunction with a fully implemented HMIS® program by workers who have received appropriate HMIS® training. HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

WARNING! If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by contacting the National Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or log on to www.epa.gov/lead.

Prepared By
Product Stewardship Department
Benjamin Moore & Co.
101 Paragon Drive
Montvale, NJ 07645
800-225-5554

Revision Date: 28-Sep-2018
Revision Summary: Not available

Disclaimer
The information contained herein is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. This information is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determination of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. Any use of this data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, provincial, and local laws and regulations.

END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET