

Revision Date: 15-Feb-2024

**Revision Number:** 1

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Product Code Alternate Product Code Product Class Color Recommended use Restrictions on use

#### Manufacturer

Benjamin Moore & Co. 101 Paragon Drive Montvale, NJ 07645 Phone: 1-866-708-9180 www.benjaminmoore.com

# HP ALKYD URETHANE ENAMEL GLOSS - SAFETY YELLOW HP2000-10

UA5810 SOLVENT THINNED PAINT Yellow Paint No information available

> Emergency Telephone CHEMTREC: +1 703-741-5970 / 1-800-424-9300 +1 703-527-3887 (outside US & Canada)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# **Classification**

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Skin sensitization	Category 1
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
Reproductive toxicity	Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 1
Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Flammable liquids	Category 3

# Label elements

Danger

Hazard statements May cause an allergic skin reaction May cause genetic defects May cause cancer May damage fertility or the unborn child May cause drowsiness or dizziness Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways Flammable liquid and vapor

Odor solvent

# **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Use personal protective equipment as required Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace Wear protective gloves Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking Keep container tightly closed Ground and bond container and receiving equipment Use only non-sparking tools Take action to prevent static discharges Keep cool

# **Precautionary Statements - Response**

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention **Skin** 

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing **Ingestion** 

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician Do NOT induce vomiting

#### Fire

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

# **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

# Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

# **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

# Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded

#### Other information

No information available

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Hydrotreated heavy naphtha, petroleum	64742-48-9	20 - 25
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	10 - 15
Kaolin	1332-58-7	5 - 10
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	5 - 10
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 5
Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	1 - 5
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zirconium salt	22464-99-9	0.1 - 0.5
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 0.5
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	96-29-7	0.1 - 0.5
Calcium 2-Ethylhexanoate	136-51-6	0.1 - 0.5

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice	If symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Eye Contact	Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated articles such as shoes.
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.
Protection Of First-Aiders	Use personal protective equipment.
Most Important Symptoms/Effects	May cause allergic skin reaction.
Notes To Physician	Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES		
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Foam, dry powder or water. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.	
Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.	
Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical	Combustible material. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to fire or extreme heat. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.	
Sensitivity to mechanical impact	No	
Sensitivity to static discharge	Yes	
Flash Point Data Flash point (°F) Flash Point (°C) Method	113 45 PMCC	
Flammability Limits In Air		
Lower flammability limit: Upper flammability limit:	No data available No data available	
NFPA Health hazards Flammability Stability Special: NFPA Legend 0 - Not Hazardous	2 2 0 Not Applicable	

- 1 Slightly
- 2 Moderate
- 3 High
- 4 Severe

The ratings assigned are only suggested ratings, the contractor/employer has ultimate responsibilities for NFPA ratings where this system is used.

Additional information regarding the NFPA rating system is available from the National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) at www.nfpa.org.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal Precautions** 

Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition.

Other Information	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.	
Environmental precautions	See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.	
Methods for Cleaning Up	Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.	
	7. HANDLING AND STORAGE	

# HandlingUse only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not breathe<br/>vapors or spray mist. Wear personal protective equipment. Take precautionary<br/>measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity<br/>discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from<br/>open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.StorageKeep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away<br/>from heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

**DANGER** - Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately after use, place rags, steel wool or waste in a sealed water-filled metal container.

**Incompatible Materials** 

Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Exposure Limits**

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL
Kaolin	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter	15 mg/m³ - TWA 5 mg/m³ - TWA
Titanium dioxide	TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> nanoscale respirable particulate matter TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> finescale respirable particulate matter	15 mg/m³ - TWA
Xylene	TWA: 20 ppm	100 ppm - TWA 435 mg/m³ - TWA
Stoddard solvent	TWA: 100 ppm	500 ppm - TWA 2900 mg/m³ - TWA
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zirconium salt	STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Zr As Zirconium compounds [RR-00624-6] STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Zr TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Zr As Zirconium compounds [RR-00624-6] TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Zr	5 mg/m³ - TWA

Ethyl benzene		Ototoxicant - potential to cause hearing disorders TWA: 20 ppm	100 ppm - TWA 435 mg/m³ - TWA
<b>Legend</b> ACGIH - American Conference of Gov OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health N/E - Not Established			
Engineering Measures	Ensure a	dequate ventilation, especially in cont	fined areas.
Personal Protective Equipment			
Eye/Face Protection	Safety glasses with side-shields If splashes are likely to occur, wear: Tightly fitting safety goggles		
Skin Protection	Long sleeved clothing. Protective gloves.		
Respiratory Protection	respirator work con	ions where exposure limits are excee r that has been selected by a technica ditions. When spraying the product of pproved respirator specified for paint	ally qualified person for the specific rapplying in confined areas, wear a
Hygiene Measures		ntact with skin, eyes and clothing. Repeterer with skin, eyes and clothing. Repeterer was a start with the start with start with the start wi	

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Flammability (solid, gas) Upper flammability limit: Lower flammability limit: Autoignition Temperature (°F) Autoignition Temperature (°C) Decomposition Temperature (°C) Decomposition Temperature (°C) Partition coefficient Not applicable No data available No information available

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity	Not Applicable
Chemical Stability	Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, static electricity and sources of ignition.
Incompatible Materials	Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	None under normal conditions of use.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information			
Information on likely routes of e	exposure		
Principal Routes of Exposure	Eye contact, skin contact and inhalation.		
Acute Toxicity			
Product Information	Repeated or prolonged exposure to organic solvents may lead to permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.		
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics			
Symptoms	No information available.		
Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure			
Eye contact Skin contact	Contact with eyes may cause irritation. May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.		

Ingestion Inhalation	Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death. High vapor / aerosol concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs and may cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects.
Sensitization	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Neurological Effects	No information available.
Mutagenic Effects	No information available.
Reproductive Effects	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Developmental Effects	No information available.
Target organ effects	No information available.
STOT - repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure, Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
STOT - single exposure	May cause disorder and damage to the, Respiratory system, Central nervous system.
Other adverse effects	No information available.
Aspiration Hazard	May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

# Numerical measures of toxicity

# The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral)	12156 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)	101 mg/l
ATEmix (inhalation-vapor)	1683.7 mg/l

# **Component Information**

Caution - This mixture contains a substance not yet fully tested

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Hydrotreated heavy naphtha, petroleum 64742-48-9	> 6000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 8500 mg/m³ (Rat)4 h
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light 64742-47-8	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 5.2 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Kaolin 1332-58-7	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	-
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	> 10000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Xylene 1330-20-7	= 3500 mg/kg (Rat)	> 4350 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 29.08 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Ethyl benzene 100-41-4	= 3500 mg/kg (Rat)	= 15400 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 17.4 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Methyl ethyl ketoxime 96-29-7	= 930 mg/kg (Rat)	1000 - 1800 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 4.83 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Calcium 2-Ethylhexanoate 136-51-6	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-

# Chronic Toxicity

# **Carcinogenicity**

The information below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:.

Chemical name	IARC	NTP	OSHA
	2B - Possible Human		Listed
Titanium dioxide	Carcinogen		
	2B - Possible Human		Listed
Ethyl benzene	Carcinogen		

• Although IARC has classified titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B), their summary concludes: "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as paint."

#### Legend

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer NTP - National Toxicity Program OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# **Ecotoxicity Effects**

The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

# **Product Information**

# Acute Toxicity to Fish

No information available

# Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

No information available

# Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

No information available

# Persistence / Degradability

No information available.

#### **Bioaccumulation**

There is no data for this product.

# Mobility in Environmental Media

No information available.

# Ozone

Not applicable

# **Component Information**

#### Acute Toxicity to Fish

<u>Titanium dioxide</u> LC50: > 1000 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.) Xylene LC50: 13.5 mg/L (Rainbow Trout - 96 hr.) <u>Ethyl benzene</u> LC50: 12.1 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.) <u>Methyl ethyl ketoxime</u> LC50: 48 mg/L (Bluegill sunfish - 96 hr.)

# Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

Ethyl benzene EC50: 1.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.) Methyl ethyl ketoxime EC50: 750 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

#### Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Ethyl benzene EC50: 4.6 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)

	13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
Waste Disposal Method	Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Local requirements may vary, consult your sanitation department or state-designated environmental protection agency for more disposal options.
Empty Container Warning	Emptied containers may retain product residue. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Residual vapors may explode on ignition.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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In the US this material may be reclassified as a Combustible Liquid and is not regulated in containers of less than 119 gallons (450 liters) via surface transportation (refer to 49CFR173.120(b)(2) for further information).

ICAO / IATA	Contact the preparer for further information.	
IMDG / IMO	Contact the preparer for further information.	

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# International Inventories

TSCA: United States	Yes - All components are listed or exempt.
DSL: Canada	Yes - All components are listed or exempt.

# Federal Regulations

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories	
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Acute health hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	Yes
Fire hazard	Yes
Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

# SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%	CERCLA/SARA 313 (de minimis concentration)
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 5	1.0
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 0.5	0.1

# Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product contains the following HAPs:

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%	Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP)
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 5	Listed
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 0.5	Listed

# US State Regulations

# California Proposition 65

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

#### U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical name	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania
Kaolin	Х	Х	Х
Titanium dioxide	Х	Х	Х
Xylene	Х	Х	Х

Stoddard solvent X X X X
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#### Legend

X - Listed

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS	
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Health hazards	2*
Flammability	2
Reactivity:	0
Personal protection	-

#### HMIS Legend

- 0 Minimal Hazard
- 1 Slight Hazard
- 2 Moderate Hazard
- 3 Serious Hazard
- 4 Severe Hazard
- \* Chronic Hazard
- X Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for "Special" handling instructions.

Note: The PPE rating has intentionally been left blank. Choose appropriate PPE that will protect employees from the hazards the material will present under the actual normal conditions of use.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer, has chosen to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used only in conjunction with a fully implemented HMIS® program by workers who have received appropriate HMIS® training. HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

**WARNING!** If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by contacting the National Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or log on to www.epa.gov/lead.

Prepared By	Product Stewardship Department Benjamin Moore & Co. 101 Paragon Drive Montvale, NJ 07645 800-225-5554
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Revision Summary	Not available

#### Disclaimer

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employees. Any use of this data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, provincial, and local laws and regulations.

End of Safety Data Sheet