

Revision Date: 16-Aug-2023

Revision Number: 1

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Product Code Alternate Product Code Product Class Color Recommended use Restrictions on use

Manufacturer

Benjamin Moore & Co. 101 Paragon Drive Montvale, NJ 07645 Phone: 1-866-708-9180 www.benjaminmoore.com

HP POLYAMIDE EPOXY GLOSS - SAFETY YELLOW HP4000-10

UA8110 epoxy Yellow Industrial paint No information available

> Emergency Telephone CHEMTREC: +1 703-741-5970 / 1-800-424-9300 +1 703-527-3887 (outside US & Canada)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
Respiratory sensitization	Category 1
Skin sensitization	Category 1
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 1
Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Flammable liquids	Category 3

Label elements

Danger

Hazard statements Causes skin irritation

Causes skin irritation Causes serious eye irritation

HP4000-10 - HP POLYAMIDE EPOXY GLOSS - SAFETY YELLOW

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled May cause an allergic skin reaction May cause genetic defects May cause cancer Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child May cause respiratory irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways Flammable liquid and vapor

Appearance liquid

Odor solvent

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Use personal protective equipment as required Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking Keep container tightly closed Ground and bond container and receiving equipment Use only non-sparking tools Take action to prevent static discharges Keep cool Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection **Precautionary Statements - Response** IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention **Eves** IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Skin

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Inhalation

If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician Do NOT induce vomiting **Fire**

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

Other information

No information available

CAUTION: All floor coatings may become slippery when wet. Where non-skid characteristics are desired, use an appropriate anti-slip aggregate.

IMPORTANT: Designed to be mixed with other components. Mixture will have hazards of all components. Before opening packages, read all warning labels. Follow all precautions.

3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION ON COMPONENTS

Chemical name	CAS No	Weight-%
Polyamide epoxy	-	25 - 30
Kaolin	1332-58-7	20 - 25
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	10 - 15
Xylene	1330-20-7	5 - 10
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	107-98-2	5 - 10
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	1 - 5
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic	64742-95-6	1 - 5
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1 - 5
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	1 - 5
Triethylenetetramine	112-24-3	1 - 5
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	0.5 - 1
Diethylbenzene	25340-17-4	0.1 - 0.5
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	0.1 - 0.5
Cumene	98-82-8	0.1 - 0.5

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General AdviceIf symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in
attendance.Eye ContactImmediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact

Flammable Properties	Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of
	5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES
Notes To Physician	Treat symptomatically.
Most Important Symptoms/Effects	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause allergic skin reaction.
Protection Of First-Aiders	Use personal protective equipment.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated articles such as shoes.
	lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Flammable Properties	ignition and flash back. Vapors may cause flash fire.
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Foam, dry powder or water. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
Hazardous combustion products	Burning may result in carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and other combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating.
Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical	Flammable. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to fire or extreme heat. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.
Sensitivity to mechanical impact	No
Sensitivity to static discharge	Yes
Flash Point Data Flash point (°F) Flash Point (°C) Method	80 27 PMCC

Flammability Limits In Air

Lower flammability limit: Upper flammability limit:	No data available No data available
NFPA Health hazards Flammability Stability Special:	2 3 0 Not Applicable
NFPA Legend	

0 - Not Hazardous

- 1 Slightly
- 2 Moderate
- 3 High
- 4 Severe

The ratings assigned are only suggested ratings, the contractor/employer has ultimate responsibilities for NFPA ratings where this system is used.

Additional information regarding the NFPA rating system is available from the National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) at www.nfpa.org.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions	Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautions to prevent flashback. Ground and bond all containers and handling equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Use personal protective equipment.
Other Information	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Environmental precautions	See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.
Methods for Cleaning Up	Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Use a non-sparking or explosion proof means to transfer material to a sealed, appropriate container for disposal. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.
	7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Use only in ventilated areas. Prevent vapor build-up by providing adequate ventilation during and after use.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not smoke. Extinguish all flames and pilot lights, and turn off stoves, heaters, electric motors and other sources of ignition during use and until all vapors are gone. Ignition and/or flash back may occur.

Storage	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep out of the reach of children.
Incompatible Materials	Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.
Technical measures/Precaution	s Ensure adequate ventilation. Use only where airflow will keep vapors from building up in or near the work area in adjoining rooms. Comply with all national, state, and local codes pertaining to the storage, handling, dispensing and disposal of flammable liquids.
	Dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. All equipment should be non-sparking and explosion proof. Use explosion proof electrical equipment for ventilation, lighting and material handling.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL
Kaolin	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter	15 mg/m³ - TWA 5 mg/m³ - TWA
Xylene	TWA: 20 ppm	100 ppm - TWA 435 mg/m³ - TWA
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	STEL: 100 ppm TWA: 50 ppm	-
Titanium dioxide	TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ nanoscale respirable particulate matter TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ finescale respirable particulate matter	15 mg/m³ - TWA
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	TWA: 10 ppm	-
Ethyl benzene	Ototoxicant - potential to cause hearing disorders TWA: 20 ppm	100 ppm - TWA 435 mg/m³ - TWA
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	TWA: 25 ppm	-
2-Butoxyethanol	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 240 mg/m ³ (vacated) TWA: 25 ppm (vacated) TWA: 120 mg/m ³ (vacated) S* S*
Cumene	TWA: 5 ppm	50 ppm - TWA 245 mg/m³ - TWA prevent or reduce skin absorption

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Exposure Limits OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration Exposure Limits N/E - Not Established

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Measures	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
Personal Protective Equipment	
Eye/Face Protection	Tightly fitting safety goggles. Safety glasses with side-shields. If splashes are likely to occur, wear:.
Skin Protection	Long sleeved clothing. Protective gloves.
Respiratory Protection	Use only with adequate ventilation. In operations where exposure limits are exceeded, use a NIOSH approved respirator that has been selected by a technically qualified person for the specific work conditions. When spraying the product or applying in confined areas, wear a NIOSH approved respirator specified for paint spray or organic vapors.
Hygiene Measures	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Odor **Odor Threshold** Density (lbs./gal) **Specific Gravity** pН Viscosity (cps) Solubility(ies) Water solubility **Evaporation Rate** Vapor pressure @20 °C (kPa) Relative vapor density Wt. % Solids Vol. % Solids Wt. % Volatiles Vol. % Volatiles VOC Regulatory Limit (g/L) Boiling Point (°F) **Boiling Point (°C)** Freezing point (°F) Freezing Point (°C) Flash point (°F) Flash Point (°C) Method Flammability (solid, gas) Upper flammability limit: Lower flammability limit: Autoignition Temperature (°F) Autoignition Temperature (°C) **Decomposition Temperature (°F) Decomposition Temperature (°C)** Partition coefficient

liquid solvent No information available 9.7 - 10.1 1.16 - 1.21 No information available 65 - 75 55 - 65 25 - 35 35 - 45 < 340 158 70 No information available No information available 80 27 PMCC Not applicable No data available No data available No information available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	No data available
Chemical Stability	Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, static electricity and sources of ignition. Sparks. Elevated temperature.
Incompatible Materials	Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	None under normal conditions of use.
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
Product Information	

Information on likely routes of exposure		
Principal Routes of Exposure	Eye contact, skin contact and inhalation.	
Acute Toxicity		
Product Information	Repeated or prolonged exposure to organic solvents may lead to permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.	
Symptoms related to the physic	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Symptoms	No information available	
Delayed and immediate effects	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure	
Eye contact Skin contact	Contact with eyes may cause irritation. May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.	
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.	
Inhalation	Harmful by inhalation. High vapor / aerosol concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs and may cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects.	
Sensitization	Respiratory sensitizer May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled May cause an allergic skin reaction	
Neurological Effects Mutagenic Effects Reproductive Effects	No information available. No information available. Possible risk of impaired fertility. Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.	

Developmental Effects Target organ effects STOT - repeated exposure	No information available. No information available. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled, Central nervous system, Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
STOT - single exposure Other adverse effects	May cause disorder and damage to the, Respiratory system. No information available.
Aspiration Hazard	May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

Numerical measures of toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral)	2707 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)	5.8 mg/l
ATEmix (inhalation-vapor)	102.5 mg/l

Component Information

Caution - This mixture contains a substance not yet fully tested

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Polyamide epoxy	< 2000 mg/kg	>2000 mg/kg	= 5.0 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Kaolin 1332-58-7	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	-
Benzyl alcohol 100-51-6	= 1230 mg/kg (Rat)	= 2 g/kg (Rabbit)	= 8.8 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Xylene 1330-20-7	= 3500 mg/kg (Rat)	> 4350 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 29.08 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether 107-98-2	= 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	= 13 g/kg(Rabbit)	> 7559 ppm (Rat)6 h
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	> 10000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic 64742-95-6	= 8400 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 3400 ppm (Rat)4 h
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6	= 3280 mg/kg (Rat)	> 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 18 g/m³ (Rat)4 h
Ethyl benzene 100-41-4	= 3500 mg/kg (Rat)	= 15400 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 17.4 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Triethylenetetramine 112-24-3	= 2500 mg/kg (Rat)	= 550 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene 108-67-8	= 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	= 24 g/m³ (Rat)4 h
Diethylbenzene 25340-17-4	= 2050 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	= 1300 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 4.9 mg/L (Rat) 3H
Cumene 98-82-8	= 1400 mg/kg (Rat)	= 12300 µL/kg (Rabbit)	> 3577 ppm (Rat) 6 h = 39000 mg/m³ (Rat) 4 h

Chronic Toxicity

Carcinogenicity

The information below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:.

Chemical name	IARC	NTP	OSHA

	2B - Possible Human		Listed
Titanium dioxide	Carcinogen		
	2B - Possible Human		Listed
Ethyl benzene	Carcinogen		
	2B - Possible Human	Reasonably Anticipated	Listed
Cumene	Carcinogen	Human Carcinogen	

• Although IARC has classified titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B), their summary concludes: "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as paint."

Legend

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer NTP - National Toxicity Program OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Effects

The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

Product Information

Acute Toxicity to Fish

No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

No information available

Persistence / Degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

There is no data for this product.

Mobility in Environmental Media

No information available.

Ozone

Not classified

Component Information

Acute Toxicity to Fish

<u>Xylene</u> LC50: 13.5 mg/L (Rainbow Trout - 96 hr.) <u>Titanium dioxide</u> LC50: > 1000 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.) Ethyl benzene LC50: 12.1 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.) <u>2-Butoxyethanol</u> LC50: 1490 mg/L (Bluegill sunfish - 96 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

Ethyl benzene EC50: 1.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Ethyl benzene EC50: 4.6 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)

	13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
Waste Disposal Method	Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Local requirements may vary, consult your sanitation department or state-designated environmental protection agency for more disposal options.
Empty Container Warning	Emptied containers may retain product residue. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Residual vapors may explode on ignition.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Description	UN1263, Paint, 3, III
ICAO / IATA	Contact the preparer for further information.
IMDG / IMO	Contact the preparer for further information.
DOT Proper Shipping Name Transport hazard class(es) UN-No Packing Group	Paint 3 UN1263 III

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA: United States	Yes - All components are listed or exempt.
DSL: Canada	Yes - All components are listed or exempt.

Federal Regulations

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	Yes

Fire hazard	Yes
Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

Chemical name	CAS No	Weight-%	CERCLA/SARA 313 (de minimis concentration)
Xylene	1330-20-7	5 - 10	1.0
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1 - 5	1.0
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	1 - 5	0.1

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product contains the following HAPs:

Chemical name	CAS No	Weight-%	<u>Hazardous Air Pollutant</u> (HAP)
Xylene	1330-20-7	5 - 10	Listed
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	1 - 5	Listed
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	0.1 - 0.5	Listed
Cumene	98-82-8	0.1 - 0.5	Listed

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Chemical name	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania
Kaolin	Х	X	X
Benzyl alcohol	Х		Х
Xylene	Х	Х	Х
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	Х	Х	Х
Titanium dioxide	Х	Х	Х
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Х	Х	Х
Ethyl benzene	Х	Х	Х
Triethylenetetramine	X	X	Х
2-Butoxyethanol	Х	Х	Х
Cumene	X	Х	Х

Legend

X - Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS	
Health hazards	2*
Flammability	3
Reactivity:	0
Personal protection	-
-	

HMIS Legend

- 0 Minimal Hazard
- 1 Slight Hazard
- 2 Moderate Hazard
- 3 Serious Hazard
- 4 Severe Hazard
- * Chronic Hazard

X - Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for "Special" handling instructions.

Note: The PPE rating has intentionally been left blank. Choose appropriate PPE that will protect employees from the hazards the material will present under the actual normal conditions of use.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer, has chosen to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used only in conjunction with a fully implemented HMIS® program by workers who have received appropriate HMIS® training. HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

WARNING! If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by contacting the National Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or log on to www.epa.gov/lead.

Prepared By	Product Stewardship Department Benjamin Moore & Co. 101 Paragon Drive Montvale, NJ 07645 800-225-5554
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Revision Summary	Not available

Disclaimer

The information contained herein is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. This information is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determination of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. Any use of this data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, provincial, and local laws and regulations.

End of Safety Data Sheet