

Revision Date: 29-Feb-2024

**Revision Number:** 1

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

#### **Product Name**

Product Code Alternate Product Code Product Class Color Recommended use Restrictions on use

#### Manufacturer

Benjamin Moore & Co. 101 Paragon Drive Montvale, NJ 07645 Phone: 1-866-708-9180 www.benjaminmoore.com

# HP FAST-CURE POLYAMIDE EPOXY SATIN - BATTLESHIP GRAY HP4100-75 UA8875 SOLVENT THINNED PAINT

SOLVENT THINNED PAIN Gray Paint No information available

> Emergency Telephone CHEMTREC: +1 703-741-5970 / 1-800-424-9300 +1 703-527-3887 (outside US & Canada)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **Classification**

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

| Skin corrosion/irritation                          | Category 2  |
|--|-------------|
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation                  | Category 2A |
| Skin sensitization                                 | Category 1  |
| Germ cell mutagenicity                             | Category 1B |
| Carcinogenicity                                    | Category 2  |
| Reproductive toxicity                              | Category 1B |
| Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)   | Category 1  |
| Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) | Category 1  |
| Aspiration hazard                                  | Category 1  |
| Flammable liquids                                  | Category 3  |

#### Label elements

Danger

# Hazard statements

Causes skin irritation

Causes serious eye irritation May cause an allergic skin reaction May cause genetic defects Suspected of causing cancer May damage fertility or the unborn child Causes damage to organs Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways Flammable liquid and vapor



Appearance liquid

Odor solvent

# **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Use personal protective equipment as required

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take action to prevent static discharges

Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection

# **Precautionary Statements - Response**

IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor

#### Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Skin

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

# Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Do NOT induce vomiting

#### Fire

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

#### Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

#### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

#### Other information

No information available

**IMPORTANT:** Designed to be mixed with other components. Mixture will have hazards of all components. Before opening packages, read all warning labels. Follow all precautions.

**CAUTION:** All floor coatings may become slippery when wet. Where non-skid characteristics are desired, use an appropriate anti-slip aggregate.

## 3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION ON COMPONENTS

| Chemical name                                    | CAS No.    | Weight-%  |
|--|------------|-----------|
| 4,4-isopropylidenediphenol-epichlorohydrin       | 25068-38-6 | 30 - 35   |
| copolymer  |            |           |
| Copolymer, bisphenol A diglycidylether-bisphenol | 25036-25-3 | 20 - 25   |
| A  |            |           |
| Titanium dioxide                                 | 13463-67-7 | 10 - 15   |
| Kaolin   | 1332-58-7  | 10 - 15   |
| Xylene   | 1330-20-7  | 5 - 10    |
| Ethyl benzene                                    | 100-41-4   | 1 - 5     |
| Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic       | 64742-95-6 | 1 - 5     |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene                           | 95-63-6    | 1 - 5     |
| Carbon black                                     | 1333-86-4  | 0.1 - 0.5 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene                           | 108-67-8   | 0.1 - 0.5 |
| Diethylbenzene                                   | 25340-17-4 | 0.1 - 0.5 |

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### Description of first aid measures

| General Advice | If symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.   |
|----------------|---|
| Eye Contact    | Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician. |
| Skin Contact   | Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash   |

|                                    | clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated articles such as shoes.   |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Inhalation                         | Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.<br>If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.   |
| Ingestion                          | Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician. |
| Protection Of First-Aiders         | Use personal protective equipment.  |
| Most Important<br>Symptoms/Effects | May cause allergic skin reaction.   |
| Notes To Physician                 | Treat symptomatically.  |

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

| Flammable Properties   | Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors may cause flash fire.   |
|--|--|
| Suitable Extinguishing Media   | Foam, dry powder or water. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.   |
| Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters  | As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.   |
| Hazardous combustion products  | Burning may result in carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide<br>and other combustion products of varying composition<br>which may be toxic and/or irritating.   |
| Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical   | Flammable. Flash back possible over considerable<br>distance. Keep product and empty container away from<br>heat and sources of ignition. Closed containers may<br>rupture if exposed to fire or extreme heat. Thermal<br>decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and<br>vapors. |
| Sensitivity to mechanical impact   | No   |
| Sensitivity to static discharge  | Yes  |
| Flash Point Data<br>Flash point (°F)<br>Flash Point (°C)<br>Method<br>Flammability Limits In Air | 80<br>27<br>PMCC   |
| Lower flammability limit:  | No data available  |
|  |  |

1 - Slightly 2 - Moderate 3 - High 4 - Severe

| Upper flammability limit:                                       | No data available             |  |  |
|---|-------------------------------|--|--|
| NFPA<br>Health hazards<br>Flammability<br>Stability<br>Special: | 2<br>3<br>0<br>Not Applicable |  |  |
| <b>NFPA Legend</b><br>0 - Not Hazardous                         | ( tot ) ppilouble             |  |  |

The ratings assigned are only suggested ratings, the contractor/employer has ultimate responsibilities for NFPA ratings where this system is used.

Additional information regarding the NFPA rating system is available from the National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) at www.nfpa.org.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

| Personal Precautions    | Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautions to prevent flashback. Ground and bond all containers and handling equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Use personal protective equipment.   |
|-------------------------|--|
| Other Information       | Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.  |
| Methods for Cleaning Up | Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Use a non-sparking or explosion proof means to transfer material to a sealed, appropriate container for disposal. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.  |
|                         | 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE  |
| Handling                | Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear personal protective equipment.<br>Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Use only in ventilated areas. Prevent vapor<br>build-up by providing adequate ventilation during and after use.  |
|                         | Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors<br>by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.<br>Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not smoke. Extinguish all flames and<br>pilot lights, and turn off stoves, heaters, electric motors and other sources of<br>ignition during use and until all vapors are gone. Ignition and/or flash back may<br>occur. |
| Storage                 | Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep out of the reach of children.  |

Incompatible Materials Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.

**Technical measures/Precautions** Ensure adequate ventilation. Use only where airflow will keep vapors from building up in or near the work area in adjoining rooms. Comply with all national, state, and local codes pertaining to the storage, handling, dispensing and disposal of flammable liquids.

Dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. All equipment should be non-sparking and explosion proof. Use explosion proof electrical equipment for ventilation, lighting and material handling.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Exposure Limits

| Chemical name          | ACGIH TLV                                       | OSHA PEL                    |
|------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| Titanium dioxide       | TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> nanoscale respirable | 15 mg/m³ - TWA              |
|                        | particulate matter                              |                             |
|                        | TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> finescale respirable |                             |
|                        | particulate matter                              |                             |
| Kaolin                 | TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> particulate matter     | 15 mg/m³ - TWA              |
|                        | containing no asbestos and <1%                  | 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - TWA   |
|                        | crystalline silica, respirable particulate      |                             |
|                        | matter  |                             |
| Xylene                 | TWA: 20 ppm                                     | 100 ppm - TWA               |
|                        |   | 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - TWA |
| Ethyl benzene          | Ototoxicant - potential to cause hearing        | 100 ppm - TWA               |
| -                      | disorders                                       | 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - TWA |
|                        | TWA: 20 ppm                                     | -                           |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | TWA: 10 ppm                                     | -                           |
| Carbon black           | TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> inhalable particulate  | 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - TWA |
|                        | matter  | 2                           |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | TWA: 25 ppm                                     | _                           |

#### Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Exposure Limits OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration Exposure Limits N/E - Not Established

# Appropriate engineering<br/>controlsEngineering MeasuresEnsure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.Personal Protective Equipment<br/>Eye/Face ProtectionEnsure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.Skin Protection<br/>Respiratory ProtectionSafety glasses with side-shields. If splashes are likely to occur, wear:. Tightly fitting<br/>safety goggles.<br/>Long sleeved clothing. Protective gloves.<br/>Use only with adequate ventilation. In operations where exposure limits are<br/>exceeded, use a NIOSH approved respirator that has been selected by a<br/>technically qualified person for the specific work conditions. When spraying the

product or applying in confined areas, wear a NIOSH approved respirator specified for paint spray or organic vapors.

#### **Hygiene Measures**

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Odor **Odor Threshold** Density (lbs./gal) **Specific Gravity** Hα Viscosity (cps) Solubility(ies) Water solubility **Evaporation Rate** Vapor pressure @20 °C (kPa) Relative vapor density Wt. % Solids Vol. % Solids Wt. % Volatiles Vol. % Volatiles VOC Regulatory Limit (g/L) Boiling Point (°F) Boiling Point (°C) Freezing point (°F) Freezing Point (°C) Flash point (°F) Flash Point (°C) Method Flammability (solid, gas) Upper flammability limit: Lower flammability limit: Autoignition Temperature (°F) Autoignition Temperature (°C) **Decomposition Temperature (°F)** Decomposition Temperature (°C) Partition coefficient

liquid solvent No information available 10.9 - 11.3 1.30 - 1.36 No information available 75 - 85 70 - 80 15 - 25 20 - 30 < 250 279 137 No information available No information available 80 27 PMCC Not applicable No data available No data available No information available

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity

**Chemical Stability** 

Conditions to avoid

No data available

Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, static electricity and sources of ignition. Sparks. Elevated

| Incompatible Materials   |   | Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.     |  |
|--|---|---|--|
| Hazardous Decomposition Products   |   | Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. |  |
| Possibility of hazardous reaction  | ons   | None under normal conditions of use.                                      |  |
| 1  | 1. TOXICOLOGI   | CAL INFORMATION   |  |
| Product Information  |   |   |  |
| Information on likely routes of  | exposure  |   |  |
| Principal Routes of Exposure   | Eye contact, skin cont  | tact and inhalation.  |  |
| Acute Toxicity   |   |   |  |
| Product Information  | Repeated or prolonged exposure to organic solvents may lead to permanent brain<br>and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and<br>inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.   |   |  |
| Symptoms related to the physic   | cal, chemical and toxic   | cological characteristics   |  |
| Symptoms   | No information available  |   |  |
| Delayed and immediate effects  | as well as chronic effe   | ects from short and long-term exposure                                    |  |
| Eye contact<br>Skin contact  | Contact with eyes may cause irritation.<br>May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.   |   |  |
| Ingestion  | Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to   |   |  |
| Inhalation   | death.<br>Harmful by inhalation. High vapor / aerosol concentrations are irritating to the eyes,<br>nose, throat and lungs and may cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness,<br>unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects   |   |  |
| Sensitization<br>Neurological Effects<br>Mutagenic Effects<br>Reproductive Effects<br>Developmental Effects<br>Target organ effects<br>STOT - repeated exposure<br>STOT - single exposure<br>Other adverse effects | unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects.<br>May cause an allergic skin reaction<br>No information available.<br>No information available.<br>May damage fertility or the unborn child.<br>No information available.<br>No information available.<br>Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.<br>May cause disorder and damage to the, Respiratory system.<br>No information available. |   |  |
| A entrotion llegard  | May be bermful if and   | llowed and entern cirwaya. Small amounts of this product                  |  |

temperature.

Aspiration Hazard May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild

to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

| ATEmix (oral)                 | 9256 mg/kg |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist) | 10.9 mg/l  |
| ATEmix (inhalation-vapor)     | 159.5 mg/l |

#### Component Information

Caution - This mixture contains a substance not yet fully tested

| Chemical name  | Oral LD50           | Dermal LD50            | Inhalation LC50                 |
|--|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 4,4-isopropylidenediphenol-epichlor<br>ohydrin copolymer<br>25068-38-6 | = 11400 mg/kg (Rat) | -                      | -                               |
| Titanium dioxide<br>13463-67-7   | > 10000 mg/kg (Rat) | -                      | -                               |
| Kaolin<br>1332-58-7  | > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)  | > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)     | -                               |
| Xylene<br>1330-20-7  | = 3500 mg/kg (Rat)  | > 4350 mg/kg (Rabbit)  | = 29.08 mg/L (Rat)4 h           |
| Ethyl benzene<br>100-41-4  | = 3500 mg/kg (Rat)  | = 15400 mg/kg (Rabbit) | = 17.4 mg/L (Rat)4 h            |
| Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light<br>aromatic<br>64742-95-6            | = 8400 mg/kg (Rat)  | > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)  | = 3400 ppm (Rat)4 h             |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene<br>95-63-6                                      | = 3280 mg/kg (Rat)  | > 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit)  | = 18 g/m <sup>3</sup> (Rat) 4 h |
| Carbon black<br>1333-86-4  | > 15400 mg/kg (Rat) | >3 g/kg (Rabbit)       | -                               |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene<br>108-67-8                                     | = 5000 mg/kg (Rat)  | -                      | = 24 g/m³ (Rat)4 h              |
| Diethylbenzene<br>25340-17-4   | = 2050 mg/kg (Rat)  | > 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)  | -                               |

#### Chronic Toxicity

#### Carcinogenicity

The information below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:.

| Chemical name    | IARC                |  | OSHA   |
|------------------|---------------------|--|--------|
|                  | 2B - Possible Human |  | Listed |
| Titanium dioxide | Carcinogen          |  |        |
|                  | 2B - Possible Human |  | Listed |
| Ethyl benzene    | Carcinogen          |  |        |
|                  | 2B - Possible Human |  | Listed |
| Carbon black     | Carcinogen          |  |        |

• Although IARC has classified titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B), their summary concludes: "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as paint."

#### Legend

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer NTP - National Toxicity Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 

#### **Ecotoxicity Effects**

The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

#### Product Information

# Acute Toxicity to Fish

No information available

# Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

No information available

#### <u>Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants</u> No information available

# Persistence / Degradability

No information available.

#### <u>Bioaccumulation</u> There is no data for this product.

#### Mobility in Environmental Media No information available.

No information available.

#### <u>Ozone</u>

Not classified

#### **Component Information**

#### Acute Toxicity to Fish

#### 4,4-isopropylidenediphenol-epichlorohydrin copolymer LC50: 1.5 mg/L (Rainbow Trout - 96 hr.) <u>Titanium dioxide</u> LC50: > 1000 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.) <u>Xylene</u> LC50: 13.5 mg/L (Rainbow Trout - 96 hr.) <u>Ethyl benzene</u> LC50: 12.1 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

#### Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

Ethyl benzene EC50: 1.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

#### Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

#### Ethyl benzene

EC50: 4.6 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)

|                         | 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Waste Disposal Method   | Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Local requirements may vary, consult your sanitation department or state-designated environmental protection agency for more disposal options. |
| Empty Container Warning | Emptied containers may retain product residue. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Residual vapors may explode on ignition.  |

| DOT<br>Proper Shipping Name<br>Transport hazard class(es)<br>UN-No<br>Packing Group<br>Description | Paint<br>3<br>UN1263<br>III<br>UN1263, Paint, 3, III |  |
|--|--|--|
| ICAO / IATA  | Contact the preparer for further information.        |  |
| IMDG / IMO   | Contact the preparer for further information.        |  |
|  | 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION                           |  |

# International Inventories

| TSCA: United States | Yes - All components are listed or exempt. |
|---------------------|--|
| DSL: Canada         | Yes - All components are listed or exempt. |

# **Federal Regulations**

#### SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

| Acute health hazard               | Yes |
|-----------------------------------|-----|
| Chronic Health Hazard             | Yes |
| Fire hazard                       | Yes |
| Sudden release of pressure hazard | No  |
| Reactive Hazard                   | No  |

#### SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

| Chemical name          | CAS No.   | Weight-% | CERCLA/SARA 313            |
|------------------------|-----------|----------|----------------------------|
|                        |           |          | (de minimis concentration) |
| Xylene                 | 1330-20-7 | 5 - 10   | 1.0                        |
| Ethyl benzene          | 100-41-4  | 1 - 5    | 0.1                        |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 95-63-6   | 1 - 5    | 1.0                        |

#### <u>Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)</u> This product contains the following HAPs:

| Chemical name | CAS No.   | Weight-% | <u>Hazardous Air Pollutant</u><br>(HAP) |
|---------------|-----------|----------|---|
| Xylene        | 1330-20-7 | 5 - 10   | Listed                                  |
| Ethyl benzene | 100-41-4  | 1 - 5    | Listed                                  |

# US State Regulations

# California Proposition 65

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

# U.S. State Right-to-Know

## Regulations

| Chemical name          | Massachusetts | New Jersey | Pennsylvania |
|------------------------|---------------|------------|--------------|
| Titanium dioxide       | Х             | Х          | Х            |
| Kaolin                 | Х             | Х          | Х            |
| Xylene                 | Х             | Х          | Х            |
| Ethyl benzene          | Х             | Х          | Х            |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | Х             | Х          | Х            |
| Carbon black           | Х             | Х          | Х            |

#### Legend

X - Listed

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

| Health hazards      | 2* |
|---------------------|----|
| Flammability        | 3  |
| Reactivity:         | 0  |
| Personal protection | -  |

#### HMIS Legend

0 - Minimal Hazard

1 - Slight Hazard

2 - Moderate Hazard

- 3 Serious Hazard
- 4 Severe Hazard
- \* Chronic Hazard

X - Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for "Special" handling instructions.

Note: The PPE rating has intentionally been left blank. Choose appropriate PPE that will protect employees from the hazards the material will present under the actual normal conditions of use.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer, has chosen to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used only in conjunction with a fully implemented HMIS® program by workers who have received appropriate HMIS® training. HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

**WARNING!** If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by contacting the National Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or log on to www.epa.gov/lead.

| Prepared By      | Product Stewardship Department<br>Benjamin Moore & Co.<br>101 Paragon Drive<br>Montvale, NJ 07645<br>800-225-5554 |  |
|------------------|---|--|
| Revision Date:   | 29-Feb-2024   |  |
| Revision Summary | Not available   |  |

#### Disclaimer

The information contained herein is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. This information is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determination of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. Any use of this data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, provincial, and local laws and regulations.

#### **End of Safety Data Sheet**