1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product Name**
BENJAMIN MOORE PRO-FINISH INTERIOR ALKYD SEMI-GLOSS ENAMEL

**Product Code**
PF11

**Product Class**
SOLVENT THINNED PAINT

**Color**
All

**Manufacturer**
Benjamin Moore & Co.
101 Paragon Drive
Montvale, NJ 07645
Phone: 201-573-9600
www.benjaminmoore.com

2. COMPOSITION INFORMATION ON COMPONENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazardous Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chemical Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limestone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrotreated heavy naphtha, petroleum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kaolin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, amorphous</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, crystalline</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Emergency Overview**

**WARNING**

Vapors may be irritating to eyes, nose, throat, and lungs. May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. Combustible material.

Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded.

**Appearance**
liquid

**Odor**
solvent
OSHA Regulatory Status

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Potential Health Effects

Principal Routes of Exposure

Eye contact, skin contact and inhalation.

Acute Effects

**Eyes**
Contact with eyes may cause irritation.

**Skin**
May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis.

**Inhalation**
High vapor / aerosol concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs and may cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects.

**Ingestion**
Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

Chronic Effects

Avoid repeated exposure

Contains: Crystalline Silica which has been determined to be carcinogenic to humans by IARC (1) when in respirable form. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of inhalation exposure to spray mist or dust from sanding the dried paint.

See Section 11 for additional Toxicological information.

Aggravated Medical Conditions

None known

HMIS

Health: 1*  Flammability: 2  Reactivity: 0  PPE: -

HMIS Legend

0 - Minimal Hazard
1 - Slight Hazard
2 - Moderate Hazard
3 - Serious Hazard
4 - Severe Hazard
* - Chronic Hazard
X - Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for "Special" handling instructions.

Note: The PPE rating has intentionally been left blank. Choose appropriate PPE that will protect employees from the hazards the material will present under the actual normal conditions of use.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, Benjamin Moore & Co., has chosen to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used only in conjunction with a fully implemented HMIS® program by workers who have received appropriate HMIS® training. HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Eye Contact

Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Skin Contact: Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation: Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.

Ingestion: Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.

Notes To Physician: Treat symptomatically

Protection Of First-Aiders: Use personal protective equipment

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Foam, dry powder or water. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Protective Equipment And Precautions For Firefighters: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical: Combustible material. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to fire or extreme heat. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Sensitivity To Mechanical Impact: No

Sensitivity To Static Discharge: Yes

Flash Point Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flash Point (°F)</th>
<th>119</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point (°C)</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point Method</td>
<td>PMCC</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Flammability Limits In Air

| Lower Explosion Limit | Not available |
| Upper Explosion Limit  | Not available |

NFPA Health: 1 Flammability: 2 Instability: 0 Special: Not Applicable

NFPA Legend

0 - Not Hazardous
1 - Slightly
2 - Moderate
3 - High
4 - Severe

The ratings assigned by Benjamin Moore & Co. are only suggested ratings, the contractor/employer has ultimate responsibilities for NFPA ratings where this system is used.
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions
Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition.

Environmental Precautions
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods For Clean-Up
Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

Other Information
None known

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling
Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Wear personal protective equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Storage
Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat. Keep in properly labeled containers.

DANGER - Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately after use, place rags, steel wool or waste in a sealed water-filled metal container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Limestone</td>
<td>N/E</td>
<td>15 mg/m³ - TWA total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrotreated heavy naphtha, petroleum</td>
<td>N/E</td>
<td>15 mg/m³ - TWA total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
<td>15 mg/m³ - TWA total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kaolin</td>
<td>2 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
<td>15 mg/m³ - TWA total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, amorphous</td>
<td>N/E</td>
<td>- (80)/(% SiO²) mg/m³ TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>20 mppcf - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>100 ppm - TWA</td>
<td>100 ppm - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>125 ppm - STEL</td>
<td>435 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</td>
<td>N/E</td>
<td>N/E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, crystalline</td>
<td>0.025 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
<td>respirable - (10)/(%SiO² + 2) mg/m³ TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>respirable - (250)/(%SiO² + 5) mppcf TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>total dust - (30)/(%SiO² + 2) mg/m³ TWA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Legend
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Exposure Limits
OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration Exposure Limits
N/E - Not Established

Engineering Measures
Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment
Eye/Face Protection
Safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin Protection
Long sleeved clothing. Protective gloves.

Respiratory Protection
In operations where exposure limits are exceeded, use a NIOSH approved respirator that has been selected by a technically qualified person for the specific work conditions. When spraying the product or applying in confined areas, wear a NIOSH approved respirator specified for paint spray or organic vapors.

Hygiene Measures
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>solvent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density (lbs/gal)</td>
<td>9.4 - 11.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Gravity</td>
<td>1.1 - 1.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity (centistokes)</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Pressure</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Density</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wt. % Solids</td>
<td>60 - 80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vol. % Solids</td>
<td>40 - 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wt. % Volatiles</td>
<td>20 - 40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vol. % Volatiles</td>
<td>40 - 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VOC Regulatory Limit (g/L)</td>
<td>&lt; 380</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Point (°F)</td>
<td>365</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Point (°C)</td>
<td>185</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing Point (°F)</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing Point (°C)</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point (°F)</td>
<td>119</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flash Point (°C)</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point Method</td>
<td>PMCC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper Explosion Limit</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower Explosion Limit</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability
Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
Conditions To Avoid
Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, static electricity and sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials
Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products
Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Possibility Of Hazardous Reactions
None under normal conditions of use.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Product
Repeated or prolonged exposure to organic solvents may lead to permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.

Component

Limestone
LD50 Oral: 6,450 mg/kg (Rat) vendor data
Sensitization: No sensitizing effects known.

Hydrotreated heavy naphtha, petroleum
LD50 Oral: > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) vendor data
LD50 Dermal: > 3,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Titanium dioxide
LD50 Oral: > 24000 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: > 10000 mg/m³ (Rabbit)
LC50 Inhalation (Dust): > 6.82 mg/L (Rat, 4 hr.)

Kaolin
LD50 Oral: > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)

Silica, amorphous
LD50 Oral: > 10000 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
LC50 Inhalation (Dust): > 2 mg/L

Ethyl benzene
LD50 Oral: 3500 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: > 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 55000 mg/m³ (Rat, 2 hr.)
Sensitization: No sensitizing effects known.

Silica, crystalline
LD50 Oral: 500 mg/kg (Rat) vendor data
Chronic Toxicity

Carcinogenicity
The information below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
<th>OSHA Carcinogen</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td></td>
<td>2B - Possible Human Carcinogen</td>
<td></td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>A3</td>
<td>2B - Possible Human Carcinogen</td>
<td></td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</td>
<td></td>
<td>2B - Possible Human Carcinogen</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, crystalline</td>
<td>A2</td>
<td>1 - Human Carcinogen</td>
<td>Known Human Carcinogen</td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Crystalline Silica has been determined to be carcinogenic to humans by IARC (1) when in respirable form. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of inhalation exposure to spray mist or dust from sanding the dried paint.
- Although IARC has classified titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B), their summary concludes: "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as paint."
- Cobalt and cobalt compounds are listed as possible human carcinogens by IARC (2B). However, there is inadequate evidence of the carcinogenicity of cobalt and cobalt compounds in humans.

Legend
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
NTP - National Toxicity Program
OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

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12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Effects

Product

Acute Toxicity to Fish
No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates
No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants
No information available

Component

Acute Toxicity to Fish
12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Titanium dioxide
LC50: >1000 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

Ethyl benzene
LC50: 12.1 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

Ethyl benzene
EC50: 1.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Ethyl benzene
EC50: 4.6 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method
Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Dry, empty containers may be recycled in a can recycling program. Local requirements may vary, consult your sanitation department or state-designated environmental protection agency for more disposal options.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT
Proper Shipping Name: Paint
Hazard Class: 3
UN-No: UN1263
Packing Group: III

In the US this material may be reclassified as a Combustible Liquid and is not regulated in containers of less than 119 gallons (450 liters) via surface transportation (refer to 49CFR173.120(b)(2) for further information).

ICAO / IATA
Contact Benjamin Moore & Co. for further information.

IMDG / IMO
Contact Benjamin Moore & Co. for further information.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

United States TSCA
Yes - All components are listed or exempt.

Canada DSL
Yes - All components are listed or exempt.
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Federal Regulations

SARA 311/312 hazardous categorization

- Acute Health Hazard: Yes
- Chronic Health Hazard: Yes
- Fire Hazard: Yes
- Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard: No
- Reactive Hazard: No

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CAS-No</th>
<th>Weight % (max)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>100-41-4</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*This product may contain trace amounts of (other) SARA reportable chemicals. Contact Benjamin Moore & Co. for further information.*

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product contains the following HAPs:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CAS-No</th>
<th>Weight % (max)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>100-41-4</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</td>
<td>136-52-7</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*This product may contain trace amounts of (other) HAPs chemicals. Contact Benjamin Moore & Co. for further information.*

State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product may contain small amounts of materials known to the state of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

State Right-to-Know

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>Massachusetts</th>
<th>New Jersey</th>
<th>Pennsylvania</th>
<th>Louisiana</th>
<th>Rhode Island</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Limestone</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kaolin</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, amorphous</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, crystalline</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
WARNING! If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by contacting the National Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or log on to www.epa.gov/lead.

Prepared By
Product Stewardship Department
Benjamin Moore & Co.
360 Route 206 - P.O. Box 4000
Flanders, NJ 07836
866-690-1961

Revision Date: 28-Jan-2010
Revision Summary Not available

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End of MSDS