

Revision Date: 29-May-2018

**Revision Number: 3** 

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product Name** 

- Product Code
- Alternate Product Code Product Class Color Recommended use Restrictions on use

Manufactured For PaintPlaceNY

## Manufacturer

Benjamin Moore & Co. 101 Paragon Drive Montvale, NJ 07645 Phone: 1-866-708-9180 insl-x.com

# MAXTECH MODIFIED URETHANE ALKYD GLOSS ENAMEL TERRA COTTA

PP220-63 PP2263 SOLVENT THINNED PAINT Red brown Industrial paint No information available

Emergency Telephone CHEMTREC (US): 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (outside US): (703)-527-3887

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## **Classification**

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Skin sensitization	Category 1
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 1
Aspiration toxicity	Category 1
Flammable liquids	Category 3

## Label elements

Danger

Hazard statements May cause an allergic skin reaction Suspected of causing cancer Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways Flammable liquid and vapor

#### PP220-63 - MAXTECH MODIFIED URETHANE ALKYD GLOSS ENAMEL TERRA COTTA



Appearance liquid

Odor solvent

## **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Use personal protective equipment as required Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace Wear protective gloves Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking Keep container tightly closed Ground/bond container and receiving equipment Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment Use only non-sparking tools Take precautionary measures against static discharge

### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention Skin If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention Wash contaminated clothing before reuse IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower Ingestion IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician Do NOT induce vomiting Fire

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

## **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store locked up Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

#### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded

#### Other information

No information available

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	30
Iron oxide	1309-37-1	15
Limestone	1317-65-3	10
Kaolin	1332-58-7	10
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	5
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	136-52-7	0.5
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	96-29-7	0.5
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.5
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	0.5

4. FIRST AID MEASURES				
General Advice	If symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.			
Eye Contact	Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician.			
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated articles such as shoes.			
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.			
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.			
Protection Of First-Aiders	Use personal protective equipment.			
Most Important Symptoms/Effects	May cause allergic skin reaction.			
Notes To Physician	Treat symptomatically.			

# 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Foam, dry powder or water. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Protective Equipment And Precautions For Firefighters	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical	Combustible material. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to fire or extreme heat. Keep product and empty

			om heat and sources of ignition. Thermal I lead to release of irritating gases and
Sensitivity To Mechar	nical Impact	No	
Sensitivity To Static D	Discharge	Yes	
Flash Point Data Flash Point (°F) Flash Point (°C) Method		104 40 PMCC	
Flammability Limits Ir	h Air		
Lower flammability Upper flammability		Not available Not available	
NFPA Health: 1	Flammability: 2	Instability: 0	Special: Not Applicable
<b>NFPA Legend</b> 0 - Not Hazardous			

- 1 Slightly
- 2 Moderate
- 3 High
- 4 Severe

The ratings assigned are only suggested ratings, the contractor/employer has ultimate responsibilities for NFPA ratings where this system is used.

Additional information regarding the NFPA rating system is available from the National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) at www.nfpa.org.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions	Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition.	
Other Information	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.	
Environmental precautions	See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.	
Methods for Cleaning Up	Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.	
	7. HANDLING AND STORAGE	
Handling	Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Wear personal protective equipment. Take precautionary	

Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away

measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from

open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

from heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep out of the reach of children.

**DANGER** - Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately after use, place rags, steel wool or waste in a sealed water-filled metal container.

#### **Incompatible Materials**

Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Exposure Limits**

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL
Stoddard solvent	100 ppm - TWA	500 ppm - TWA
		2900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - TWA
Iron oxide	5 mg/m³ - TWA	10 mg/m³ - TWA
		15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - TWA Rouge
		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - TWA Rouge
Limestone	N/E	15 mg/m³ - TWA
		5 mg/m³ - TWA
Kaolin	2 mg/m³ - TWA	15 mg/m³ - TWA
		5 mg/m³ - TWA
Ethyl benzene	20 ppm - TWA	100 ppm - TWA
		435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - TWA
Titanium dioxide	10 mg/m³ - TWA	15 mg/m³ - TWA

#### Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Exposure Limits OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration Exposure Limits N/E - Not Established

#### Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

#### Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection Skin Protection Respiratory Protection	Safety glasses with side-shields. Long sleeved clothing. Protective gloves. In operations where exposure limits are exceeded, use a NIOSH approved respirator that has been selected by a technically qualified person for the specific work conditions. When spraying the product or applying in confined areas, wear a NIOSH approved respirator specified for paint spray or organic vapors.
Hygiene Measures	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Odor Odor Threshold Density (lbs/gal) liquid solvent No information available 9.50 - 9.60

Specific Gravity pH Viscosity (cps) Solubility(ies) Water solubility Evaporation Rate Vapor pressure @20 °C (kPa) Vapor density Wt. % Solids Vol. % Solids Vol. % Solids Wt. % Volatiles VoC Regulatory Limit (g/L) Boiling Point (°F) Boiling Point (°F) Freezing Point (°C) Freezing Point (°C) Flash Point (°C) Flash Point (°C) Flash Point (°C) Hathod Flammability (solid, gas) Upper flammability limit: Lower flammability limit: Autoignition Temperature (°F) Autoignition Temperature (°C)	<ul> <li>1.13 - 1.15</li> <li>No information available</li> <li>65 - 75</li> <li>50 - 60</li> <li>25 - 35</li> <li>40 - 50</li> <li>&lt;340</li> <li>279</li> <li>137</li> <li>No information available</li> </ul>
Autoignition Temperature (°C) Decomposition Temperature (°F) Decomposition Temperature (°C) Partition coefficient	No information available No information available No information available No information available

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity

**Chemical Stability** 

Conditions to avoid

**Incompatible Materials** 

**Hazardous Decomposition Products** 

Not Applicable

Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, static electricity and sources of ignition.

Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

None under normal conditions of use.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Product Information** 

Information on likely routes of exposure

Principal Routes of Exposure	Eye contact, skin contact and inhalation.
Acute Toxicity	
Product Information	Repeated or prolonged exposure to organic solvents may lead to permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.
Symptoms related to the physic	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Symptoms	No information available.
Delayed and immediate effects	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Eye contact Skin contact	Contact with eyes may cause irritation. May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.
Inhalation	High vapor / aerosol concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs and may cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects.
Sensitization	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Neurological Effects Mutagenic Effects	No information available. No information available.
Reproductive Effects	No information available.
Developmental Effects	No information available.
Target organ effects STOT - repeated exposure	No information available. No information available.
STOT - single exposure	No information available.
Other adverse effects	No information available.
Aspiration Hazard	May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

## Numerical measures of toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral)	72541 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal)	156638 mg/kg

## **Component Information**

Acute Toxicity

<u>Stoddard solvent</u> LD50 Oral: > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 Dermal: > 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit) LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): > 6.1 mg/L (Rat) <u>Iron oxide</u> LD50 Oral: > 5000 mg/kg (Rat) vendor data KaolinLD50 Oral: > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated lightLD50 Oral: > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat)LD50 Dermal: > 3,000 mg/kg (Rat)Methyl ethyl ketoximeLD50 Oral: 930 mg/kg (Rat)LD50 Dermal: 200 µL/kg (Rabbit)LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): > 4.8 mg/L (Rat)Ethyl benzeneLD50 Oral: mg/kg (Rat)LD50 Oral: mg/kg (Rat)LD50 Oral: mg/kg (Rat)LD50 Dermal: > mg/kg (Rat)LD50 Dermal: > mg/kg (Rat)LD50 Dermal: > mg/kg (Rat)LD50 Dermal: > 10000 mg/kg (Rat)

#### Carcinogenicity

The information below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:.

Chemical name	IARC	NTP	OSHA
	2B - Possible Human		Listed
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Carcinogen		
	2B - Possible Human		Listed
Ethyl benzene	Carcinogen		
	2B - Possible Human		Listed
Titanium dioxide	Carcinogen		

• Although IARC has classified titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B), their summary concludes: "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as paint."

• Cobalt and cobalt compounds are listed as possible human carcinogens by IARC (2B). However, there is inadequate evidence of the carcinogenicity of cobalt and cobalt compounds in humans.

#### Legend

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer NTP - National Toxicity Program OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## **Ecotoxicity Effects**

The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

#### **Product Information**

# Acute Toxicity to Fish

No information available

#### Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

No information available

#### Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

No information available

#### Persistence / Degradability

No information available.

#### **Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

#### Mobility in Environmental Media

No information available.

Ozone No information available

### **Component Information**

### Acute Toxicity to Fish

<u>Methyl ethyl ketoxime</u> LC50: 48 mg/L (Bluegill sunfish - 96 hr.) <u>Ethyl benzene</u> LC50: 12.1 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.) <u>Titanium dioxide</u> LC50: > 1000 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

### Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

Methyl ethyl ketoxime EC50: 750 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.) Ethyl benzene EC50: 1.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

#### Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Ethyl benzene EC50: 4.6 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)

	13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
Waste Disposal Method	Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Local requirements may vary, consult your sanitation department or state-designated environmental protection agency for more disposal options.
Empty Container Warning	Emptied containers may retain product residue. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Residual vapors may explode on ignition.
	14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Proper Shipping Name PAINT

Hazard class	3
UN-No.	UN1263
Packing Group	III
Description	UN1263, PAINT, 3, III, Marine Pollutant (Stoddard solvent)

In the US this material may be reclassified as a Combustible Liquid and is not regulated in containers of less than 119 gallons (450 liters) via surface transportation (refer to 49CFR173.120(b)(2) for further information).

ICAO / IATA	Contact the preparer for further information.
IMDG / IMO	Contact the preparer for further information.

## **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## International Inventories

TSCA: United States	Yes - All components are listed or exempt.
DSL: Canada	Yes - All components are listed or exempt.

## Federal Regulations

#### SARA 311/312 hazardous categorization

Acute health hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	Yes
Fire hazard	Yes
Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

#### SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%	CERCLA/SARA 313 (de minimis concentration)
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.5	0.1

<u>Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)</u> This product contains the following HAPs:

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%	Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP)
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.5	Listed

## US State Regulations

#### California Proposition 65

MARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm– www.P65warnings.ca.gov

#### State Right-to-Know

Chemical name	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania
Stoddard solvent	X	X	Х
Iron oxide	X	X	Х
Limestone	X	Х	Х
Kaolin	X	X	Х

#### Legend

X - Listed

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

HMIS	Health: 1*	Flammability: 2	Reactivity: 0	PPE: -

## HMIS Legend

- 0 Minimal Hazard
- 1 Slight Hazard
- 2 Moderate Hazard
- 3 Serious Hazard
- 4 Severe Hazard
- \* Chronic Hazard
- X Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for "Special" handling instructions.

Note: The PPE rating has intentionally been left blank. Choose appropriate PPE that will protect employees from the hazards the material will present under the actual normal conditions of use.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer, has chosen to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used only in conjunction with a fully implemented HMIS® program by workers who have received appropriate HMIS® training. HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

**WARNING!** If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by contacting the National Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or log on to www.epa.gov/lead.

Prepared By	Product Stewardship Department Benjamin Moore & Co. 101 Paragon Drive Montvale, NJ 07645 800-225-5554
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## END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET