

Revision Date: 29-May-2018 Revision Number: 3

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name MAXTECH MODIFIED URETHANE ALKYD GLOSS ENAMEL

OXFORD BROWN

Product Code PP220-68
Alternate Product Code PP2268

Product Class SOLVENT THINNED PAINT

Color brown

Recommended use Industrial paint

Restrictions on use No information available

Manufactured For PaintPlaceNY

<u>Manufacturer</u> <u>Emergency Telephone</u>

Benjamin Moore & Co. CHEMTREC (US): 800-424-9300 101 Paragon Drive CHEMTREC (outside US): (703)-527-3887

101 Paragon Drive Montvale, NJ 07645 Phone: 1-866-708-9180

insl-x.com

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Skin sensitization	Category 1
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 1
Aspiration toxicity	Category 1
Flammable liquids	Category 3

Label elements

Danger

Hazard statements

May cause an allergic skin reaction

Suspected of causing cancer

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Flammable liquid and vapor

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Appearance liquid Odor solvent

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

Wear protective gloves

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

Skin

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Do NOT induce vomiting

Fire

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded

Other information

No information available

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	30
Limestone	1317-65-3	10
Kaolin	1332-58-7	10
Iron oxide	1309-37-1	5
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	5
Carbon black	1333-86-4	0.5
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	96-29-7	0.5
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	136-52-7	0.5
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.5
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	0.5

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance.

Eye Contact Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact

lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while

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rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all

contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash

clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated articles such as shoes.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Do not induce

vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person. Consult a physician.

Protection Of First-Aiders Use personal protective equipment.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects May cause allergic skin reaction.

Notes To Physician Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media Foam, dry powder or water. Use extinguishing measures

that are appropriate to local circumstances and the

surrounding environment.

Protective Equipment And Precautions For

Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent)

and full protective gear.

Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical Combustible material. Closed containers may rupture if

exposed to fire or extreme heat. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and

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vapors.

Sensitivity To Mechanical Impact No

Sensitivity To Static Discharge Yes

Flash Point Data

Flash Point (°F) 104
Flash Point (°C) 40
Method PMCC

Flammability Limits In Air

Lower flammability limit:Not availableUpper flammability limit:Not available

NFPA Health: 1 Flammability: 2 Instability: 0 Special: Not Applicable

NFPA Legend

0 - Not Hazardous

- 1 Slightly
- 2 Moderate
- 3 High
- 4 Severe

The ratings assigned are only suggested ratings, the contractor/employer has ultimate responsibilities for NFPA ratings where this system is used.

Additional information regarding the NFPA rating system is available from the National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) at www.nfpa.org.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal PrecautionsUse personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition.

Other Information Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to

contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be

advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Environmental precautions See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods for Cleaning UpDam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly

labeled containers. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not breathe

vapors or spray mist. Wear personal protective equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from

open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep out of the reach of children.

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DANGER - Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately after use, place rags, steel wool or waste in a sealed water-filled metal container.

Incompatible Materials

Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL
Stoddard solvent	100 ppm - TWA	500 ppm - TWA
		2900 mg/m ³ - TWA
Limestone	N/E	15 mg/m³ - TWA
		5 mg/m³ - TWA
Kaolin	2 mg/m³ - TWA	15 mg/m³ - TWA
	-	5 mg/m³ - TWA
Iron oxide	5 mg/m³ - TWA	10 mg/m³ - TWA
		15 mg/m ³ - TWA Rouge
		5 mg/m ³ - TWA Rouge
Carbon black	3 mg/m³ - TWA	3.5 mg/m ³ - TWA
Ethyl benzene	20 ppm - TWA	100 ppm - TWA
		435 mg/m ³ - TWA
Titanium dioxide	10 mg/m ³ - TWA	15 mg/m ³ - TWA

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Exposure Limits

OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration Exposure Limits

N/E - Not Established

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection Skin Protection

Respiratory Protection

Safety glasses with side-shields.

Long sleeved clothing. Protective gloves.

In operations where exposure limits are exceeded, use a NIOSH approved respirator that has been selected by a technically qualified person for the specific

work conditions. When spraying it is a found to applying in confined areas, wear a

NIOSH approved respirator specified for paint spray or organic vapors.

Hygiene Measures Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated

clothing before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling. When using do not eat,

drink or smoke.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance liquid
Odor solvent

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Odor Threshold No information available

 Density (lbs/gal)
 8.95 - 9.05

 Specific Gravity
 1.06 - 1.08

Specific Gravity 1.06 - 1.08

pH No information available

Viscosity (cps)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility

Evaporation Rate

Vapor pressure @20 °C (kPa)

No information available

 Vapor density
 No info

 Wt. % Solids
 65 - 75

 Vol. % Solids
 50 - 60

 Wt. % Volatiles
 25 - 35

 Vol. % Volatiles
 40 - 50

 VOC Regulatory Limit (g/L)
 <340</td>

 Political Point (%F)
 370

Boiling Point (°C) 4340
Boiling Point (°C) 137

Freezing Point (°F)

Freezing Point (°C)

No information available
No information available
Flash Point (°F)

104

Flash Point (°F) 104
Flash Point (°C) 40
Method PMCC

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Upper flammability limit:

Lower flammability limit:

Autoignition Temperature (°F)

Autoignition Temperature (°C)

Decomposition Temperature (°F)

No information available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Not Applicable

Chemical Stability Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerisation

does not occur.

Conditions to avoid Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, static

electricity and sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong

oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating

gases and vapors.

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal conditions of use.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Principal Routes of Exposure Eye contact, skin contact and inhalation.

Acute Toxicity

Product Information Repeated or prolonged exposure to organic solvents may lead to permanent brain

and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and

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inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms No information available.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Eye contact Contact with eyes may cause irritation.

Skin contact May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. Prolonged skin contact may defat the

skin and produce dermatitis.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Small amounts of this

product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may

cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

Inhalation High vapor / aerosol concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and

lungs and may cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and

other central nervous system effects.

Sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Neurological Effects No information available. No information available. **Mutagenic Effects Reproductive Effects** No information available No information available. **Developmental Effects** Target organ effects No information available. STOT - repeated exposure No information available. STOT - single exposure No information available. Other adverse effects No information available.

Aspiration Hazard May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Small amounts of this product

aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild

to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

Numerical measures of toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral) 191321 mg/kg ATEmix (dermal) 177506 mg/kg

Component Information

Acute Toxicity

Stoddard solvent

LD50 Oral: > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 Dermal: > 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit) LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): > 6.1 mg/L (Rat)

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Kaolin

LD50 Oral: > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)

Iron oxide

LD50 Oral: > 5000 mg/kg (Rat) vendor data <u>Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light</u> LD50 Oral: > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 Dermal: > 3,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Carbon black

LD50 Oral: > 15400 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 Dermal: > 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Methyl ethyl ketoxime LD50 Oral: 930 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 Dermal: 200 μL/kg (Rabbit)

LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): > 4.8 mg/L (Rat)

Ethyl benzene

LD50 Oral: mg/kg (Rat)

LD50 Dermal: > mg/kg (Rabbit)

LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): mg/m³ (Rat, 2 hr.)

Titanium dioxide

LD50 Oral: > 10000 mg/kg (Rat)

Carcinogenicity

The information below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:.

Chemical name	IARC	NTP	OSHA
	2B - Possible Human		Listed
Carbon black	Carcinogen		
	2B - Possible Human		Listed
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Carcinogen		
	2B - Possible Human		Listed
Ethyl benzene	Carcinogen		
	2B - Possible Human		Listed
Titanium dioxide	Carcinogen		

- Although IARC has classified titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B), their summary concludes:
- "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as paint."
- Cobalt and cobalt compounds are listed as possible human carcinogens by IARC (2B). However, there is inadequate evidence of the carcinogenicity of cobalt and cobalt compounds in humans.

Legend

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer NTP - National Toxicity Program OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Effects

The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

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Acute Toxicity to Fish

No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

No information available

Persistence / Degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in Environmental Media

No information available.

Ozone

No information available

Component Information

Acute Toxicity to Fish

Methyl ethyl ketoxime

LC50: 48 mg/L (Bluegill sunfish - 96 hr.)

Ethyl benzene

LC50: 12.1 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

Titanium dioxide

LC50: > 1000 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

Methyl ethyl ketoxime

EC50: 750 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

Ethyl benzene

EC50: 1.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Ethyl benzene

EC50: 4.6 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Local

requirements may vary, consult your sanitation department or state-designated

environmental protection agency for more disposal options.

Empty Container Warning Emptied containers may retain product residue. Follow label warnings even after

container is emptied. Residual vapors may explode on ignition.

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14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Proper Shipping Name PAINT
Hazard class 3
UN-No. UN1263
Packing Group III

Description UN1263, PAINT, 3, III, Marine Pollutant (Stoddard solvent)

In the US this material may be reclassified as a Combustible Liquid and is not regulated in containers of less than 119 gallons (450 liters) via surface transportation (refer to 49CFR173.120(b)(2) for further information).

ICAO / IATA Contact the preparer for further information.

IMDG / IMOContact the preparer for further information.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA: United StatesYes - All components are listed or exempt.

Yes - All components are listed or exempt.

Federal Regulations

SARA 311/312 hazardous categorization

Acute health hazard Yes
Chronic Health Hazard Yes
Fire hazard Yes
Sudden release of pressure hazard No
Reactive Hazard No

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Chemical nameCAS No.Weight-%CERCLA/SARA 313
(de minimis concentration)Ethyl benzene100-41-40.50.1

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product contains the following HAPs:

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%	Hazardous Air Pollutant
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.5	<u>(HAP)</u> Listed

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US State Regulations

California Proposition 65



⚠ WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm
— www.P65warnings.ca.gov

State Right-to-Know

Chemical name	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania
Stoddard solvent	X	X	X
Limestone	X	X	X
Kaolin	X	X	X
Iron oxide	X	X	X
Carbon black	X	X	X

Legend

X - Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS -Health: 1* Flammability: 2 Reactivity: 0 PPE: -

HMIS Legend

- 0 Minimal Hazard
- 1 Slight Hazard
- 2 Moderate Hazard
- 3 Serious Hazard
- 4 Severe Hazard
- * Chronic Hazard
- X Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for "Special" handling instructions.

Note: The PPE rating has intentionally been left blank. Choose appropriate PPE that will protect employees from the hazards the material will present under the actual normal conditions of use.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer, has chosen to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used only in conjunction with a fully implemented HMIS® program by workers who have received appropriate HMIS® training. HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

WARNING! If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by contacting the National Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or log on to www.epa.gov/lead.

Prepared By Product Stewardship Department

> Benjamin Moore & Co. 101 Paragon Drive Montvale, NJ 07645

800-225-5554

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Disclaimer

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END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET