SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date: 19-Sep-2018
Revision Number: 3

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name
BENJAMIN MOORE COROTECH ALKYD SHOP COAT PRIMER
RED

Product Code
CV133-20

Alternate Product Code
CV3320

Product Class
SOLVENT THINNED PAINT

Color
Red

Recommended use
Industrial paint

Restrictions on use
No information available

Manufacturer
Benjamin Moore & Co.
101 Paragon Drive
Montvale, NJ 07645
Phone: 1-866-708-9180
corotechcoatings.com

Emergency Telephone
CHEMTREC (US): 800-424-9300
CHEMTREC (outside US): (703)-527-3887

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification
This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazard</th>
<th>Category</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Skin corrosion/irritation</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin sensitization</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carcinogenicity</td>
<td>Category 1A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aspiration toxicity</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammable liquids</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Label elements

Danger

Hazard statements
Causes skin irritation
Causes serious eye irritation
May cause an allergic skin reaction
May cause cancer
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Flammable liquid and vapor

**Precautionary Statements - Prevention**
Obtain special instructions before use
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
Use personal protective equipment as required
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
Keep container tightly closed
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment
Use only non-sparking tools
Take precautionary measures against static discharge
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

**Precautionary Statements - Response**
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
**Eyes**
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention
**Skin**
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
**Ingestion**
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
Do NOT induce vomiting
**Fire**
In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

**Precautionary Statements - Storage**
Store locked up
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

**Precautionary Statements - Disposal**
Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant
**Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)**

Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded

**Other information**

No information available

### 3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION ON COMPONENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Weight-%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Limestone</td>
<td>1317-65-3</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td>14807-96-6</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light</td>
<td>64742-47-8</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cashew nutshell liquid modified hydrocarbon resin</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iron oxide</td>
<td>1309-37-1</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methyl acetate</td>
<td>79-20-9</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stoddard solvent</td>
<td>8052-41-3</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>100-41-4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, crystalline</td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</td>
<td>136-52-7</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methyl ethyl ketoxime</td>
<td>96-29-7</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Description of first aid measures**

**General Advice**

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

**Eye Contact**

Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

**Skin Contact**

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated articles such as shoes.

**Inhalation**

Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.

**Ingestion**

Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.

**Protection Of First-Aiders**

Use personal protective equipment.

**Most Important Symptoms/Effects**

May cause allergic skin reaction.
**Notes To Physician**

Treat symptomatically.

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flammable Properties</th>
<th>Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors may cause flash fire.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Suitable Extinguishing Media</td>
<td>Foam, dry powder or water. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protective Equipment And Precautions For Firefighters</td>
<td>As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazardous combustion products</td>
<td>Burning may result in carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and other combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical</td>
<td>Flammable. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to fire or extreme heat. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensitivity To Mechanical Impact</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensitivity To Static Discharge</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Flash Point Data | Flash Point (°F) 80.0  
Flash Point (°C) 26.7  
Method PMCC |
| Flammability Limits In Air | Lower flammability limit: Not available  
Upper flammability limit: Not available |

**NFPA**  
Health: 2  
Flammability: 3  
Instability: 0  
Special: Not Applicable

**NFPA Legend**  
0 - Not Hazardous  
1 - Slightly  
2 - Moderate  
3 - High  
4 - Severe

*The ratings assigned are only suggested ratings, the contractor/employer has ultimate responsibilities for NFPA ratings where this system is used.*

*Additional information regarding the NFPA rating system is available from the National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) at www.nfpa.org.*
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions
Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautions to prevent flashback. Ground and bond all containers and handling equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Use personal protective equipment.

Other Information
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Environmental precautions
See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods for Cleaning Up
Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Use a non-sparking or explosion proof means to transfer material to a sealed, appropriate container for disposal. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Use only in ventilated areas. Prevent vapor build-up by providing adequate ventilation during and after use.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not smoke. Extinguish all flames and pilot lights, and turn off stoves, heaters, electric motors and other sources of ignition during use and until all vapors are gone. Ignition and/or flash back may occur.

Storage

DANGER - Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately after use, place rags, steel wool or waste in a sealed water-filled metal container.

Incompatible Materials
Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.

Technical measures/Precautions
Ensure adequate ventilation. Use only where airflow will keep vapors from building up in or near the work area in adjoining rooms. Comply with all national, state, and local codes pertaining to the storage, handling, dispensing and disposal of flammable liquids.

Dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. All equipment should be non-sparking and explosion proof. Use explosion proof electrical equipment for ventilation, lighting and material handling.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSOINAL PROTECTION
Exposure Limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>ACGIH TLV</th>
<th>OSHA PEL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Limestone</td>
<td>N/E</td>
<td>15 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td>2 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
<td>20 mppcf - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>100 ppm - TWA</td>
<td>100 ppm - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>150 ppm - STEL</td>
<td>435 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iron oxide</td>
<td>5 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15 mg/m³ - TWA Rouge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5 mg/m³ - TWA Rouge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methyl acetate</td>
<td>200 ppm - TWA</td>
<td>200 ppm - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>250 ppm - STEL</td>
<td>610 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stoddard solvent</td>
<td>100 ppm - TWA</td>
<td>500 ppm - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2900 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>20 ppm - TWA</td>
<td>100 ppm - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>435 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, crystalline</td>
<td>0.025 mg/m³ - TWA</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Legend
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Exposure Limits
OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration Exposure Limits
N/E - Not Established

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Measures
Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection
Safety glasses with side-shields. If splashes are likely to occur, wear: Tightly fitting safety goggles.

Skin Protection
Long sleeved clothing. Protective gloves.

Respiratory Protection
Use only with adequate ventilation. In operations where exposure limits are exceeded, use a NIOSH approved respirator that has been selected by a technically qualified person for the specific work conditions. When spraying the product or applying in confined areas, wear a NIOSH approved respirator specified for paint spray or organic vapors.

Hygiene Measures
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>solvent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density (lbs/gal)</td>
<td>13.8 - 13.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Gravity</td>
<td>1.65 - 1.67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity (cps)</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity
No data available

Chemical Stability
Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

Conditions to avoid
Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, static electricity and sources of ignition. Sparks. Elevated temperature.

Incompatible Materials
Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products
Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
None under normal conditions of use.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Principal Routes of Exposure
Eye contact, skin contact and inhalation.

Acute Toxicity

Product Information
Repeated or prolonged exposure to organic solvents may lead to permanent brain
and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

**Symptoms**  No information available

**Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure**

**Eye contact**  Causes serious eye irritation. May cause redness, itching, and pain.

**Skin contact**  May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.

**Ingestion**  Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

**Inhalation**  Harmful by inhalation. High vapor / aerosol concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs and may cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects.

**Sensitization**  May cause an allergic skin reaction

**Neurological Effects**  No information available.

**Mutagenic Effects**  No information available.

**Reproductive Effects**  No information available.

**Developmental Effects**  No information available.

**Target organ effects**  No information available.

**STOT - repeated exposure**  Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

**STOT - single exposure**  May cause disorder and damage to the Respiratory system.

**Other adverse effects**  No information available.

**Aspiration Hazard**  May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

**Numerical measures of toxicity**

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

**ATEmix (oral)**  23740 mg/kg

**ATEmix (dermal)**  13003 mg/kg

**ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)**  35.9 mg/L

**Acute Toxicity**

**Component Information**

- Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light
  - LD50 Oral: > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat)
  - LD50 Dermal: > 3,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

- Xylene
  - LD50 Oral: 4300 mg/kg (Rat)
  - LD50 Dermal: > 1700 mg/kg (Rabbit)
  - LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 5000 ppm (Rat, 4 hr.)

- Iron oxide
  - LD50 Oral: > 5000 mg/kg (Rat) vendor data
Stoddard solvent
LD50 Oral: > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: > 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit)
LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): > 6.1 mg/L (Rat)

Ethyl benzene
LD50 Oral: mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: > mg/kg (Rabbit)
LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): mg/m³ (Rat, 2 hr.)

Silica, crystalline
LD50 Oral: 500 mg/kg (Rat)
Methyl ethyl ketoxime
LD50 Oral: 930 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 Dermal: 200 µL/kg (Rabbit)
LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): > 4.8 mg/L (Rat)

**Carcinogenicity**
The information below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>2B - Possible Human Carcinogen</td>
<td></td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silica, crystalline</td>
<td>1 - Human Carcinogen</td>
<td>Known Human Carcinogen</td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)</td>
<td>2B - Possible Human Carcinogen</td>
<td></td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Crystalline Silica has been determined to be carcinogenic to humans by IARC (1) when in respirable form. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of inhalation exposure to spray mist or dust from sanding the dried paint.*

*Cobalt and cobalt compounds are listed as possible human carcinogens by IARC (2B). However, there is inadequate evidence of the carcinogenicity of cobalt and cobalt compounds in humans.*

**Legend**
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
NTP - National Toxicity Program
OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity Effects**
The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

**Product Information**

**Acute Toxicity to Fish**
No information available

**Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates**
No information available

**Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants**
No information available
Persistence / Degradability
No information available.

Bioaccumulation
There is no data for this product.

Mobility in Environmental Media
No information available.

Ozone
Not applicable

Component Information

Acute Toxicity to Fish

Xylene
LC50: 13.5 mg/L (Rainbow Trout - 96 hr.)

Ethyl benzene
LC50: 12.1 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)
Methyl ethyl ketoxime
LC50: 48 mg/L (Bluegill sunfish - 96 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

Ethyl benzene
EC50: 1.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)
Methyl ethyl ketoxime
EC50: 750 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Ethyl benzene
EC50: 4.6 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method
Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Local requirements may vary, consult your sanitation department or state-designated environmental protection agency for more disposal options.

Empty Container Warning
Emptied containers may retain product residue. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Residual vapors may explode on ignition.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT
Proper Shipping Name
PAINT
Hazard class
3
UN-No.
UN1263
Packing Group
III
Description
UN1263, PAINT, 3, III
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA: United States
Yes - All components are listed or exempt.

DSL: Canada
No - Not all of the components are listed.
One or more component is listed on NDSL.

Federal Regulations

SARA 311/312 hazardous categorization

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazardous Categorization</th>
<th>Yes/No</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute health hazard</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chronic Health Hazard</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire hazard</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sudden release of pressure hazard</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reactive Hazard</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Weight-%</th>
<th>CERCLA/SARA 313 (de minimis concentration)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>100-41-4</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)
This product contains the following HAPs:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Weight-%</th>
<th>Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl benzene</td>
<td>100-41-4</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Listed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

⚠️ WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm– www.P65warnings.ca.gov

State Right-to-Know

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Massachusetts</th>
<th>New Jersey</th>
<th>Pennsylvania</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS - Health: 2*  Flammability: 3  Reactivity: 0  PPE: -

HMIS Legend
0 - Minimal Hazard
1 - Slight Hazard
2 - Moderate Hazard
3 - Serious Hazard
4 - Severe Hazard
* - Chronic Hazard
X - Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for "Special" handling instructions.

Note: The PPE rating has intentionally been left blank. Choose appropriate PPE that will protect employees from the hazards the material will present under the actual normal conditions of use.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer, has chosen to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used only in conjunction with a fully implemented HMIS® program by workers who have received appropriate HMIS® training. HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

**WARNING!** If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by contacting the National Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or log on to www.epa.gov/lead.

Prepared By
Product Stewardship Department
Benjamin Moore & Co.
101 Paragon Drive
Montvale, NJ 07645
800-225-5554

Revision Date: 19-Sep-2018
Revision Summary: Not available

Disclaimer
The information contained herein is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. This information is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determination of suitability and
completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. Any use of this data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, provincial, and local laws and regulations.

END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET