

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date: 20-May-2021

Revision Number: 5

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name

Product Code Alternate Product Code Product Class Color Recommended use Restrictions on use

Manufacturer

Benjamin Moore & Co. 101 Paragon Drive Montvale, NJ 07645 Phone: 1-866-708-9180 www.coronadopaint.com

CORONADO RUST SCAT POLYURETHANE ENAMEL GLOSS BATTLESHIP GRAY 31-109

TR0219 SOLVENT THINNED PAINT Gray Paint No information available

Emergency Telephone CHEMTREC: +1 703-741-5970 / 1-800-424-9300

+1 703-527-3887 (outside US & Canada)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Skin sensitization	Category 1A
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Reproductive toxicity	Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 1
Aspiration toxicity	Category 1
Flammable liquids	Category 3

Label elements

Danger

Hazard statements

May cause an allergic skin reaction Suspected of causing cancer May damage fertility or the unborn child Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways Flammable liquid and vapor



Odor solvent

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Use personal protective equipment as required Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace Wear protective gloves Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking Keep container tightly closed Ground/bond container and receiving equipment Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment Use only non-sparking tools Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention **Skin**

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention Wash contaminated clothing before reuse IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower Ingestion IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician Do NOT induce vomiting Fire In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Precautionary Statements - Storage Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded

Other information

No information available

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	30 - 35
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	5 - 10
Kaolin	1332-58-7	5 - 10
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	1 - 5
Carbon black	1333-86-4	0.1 - 0.5
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 0.5
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	136-52-7	0.1 - 0.5
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	96-29-7	0.1 - 0.5

4. FIRST AID MEASURES	
General Advice	If symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Eye Contact	Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated articles such as shoes.
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.
Protection Of First-Aiders	Use personal protective equipment.
Most Important Symptoms/Effects	May cause allergic skin reaction.
Notes To Physician	Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Foam, dry powder or water. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent)

	and full protective gear.
Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical	Combustible material. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to fire or extreme heat. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.
Sensitivity to mechanical impact	No
Sensitivity to static discharge	Yes
Flash Point Data Flash point (°F) Flash Point (°C) Method	102 39 PMCC
Flammability Limits In Air	
Lower flammability limit: Upper flammability limit:	Not available Not available
NFPA Health: 2 Flammability: 2	Instability: 0 Special: Not Applicable
NFPA Legend 0 - Not Hazardous 1 - Slightly	

- 2 Moderate
- 3 High
- 4 Severe

The ratings assigned are only suggested ratings, the contractor/employer has ultimate responsibilities for NFPA ratings where this system is used.

Additional information regarding the NFPA rating system is available from the National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) at www.nfpa.org.

	5. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES	
Personal Precautions	Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition.	
Other Information	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.	
Environmental precautions	See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.	
Methods for Cleaning Up	Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.	
	7. HANDLING AND STORAGE	
Handling	Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Wear personal protective equipment. Take precautionary	

measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

StorageKeep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away
from heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep out of the reach of children.

DANGER - Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately after use, place rags, steel wool or waste in a sealed water-filled metal container.

Incompatible Materials

Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL
Stoddard solvent	TWA: 100 ppm	500 ppm - TWA 2900 mg/m ³ - TWA
Titanium dioxide	TWA: 10 mg/m ³	15 mg/m³ - TWA
Kaolin	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter	15 mg/m³ - TWA 5 mg/m³ - TWA
Carbon black	TWA: 3 mg/m ³ inhalable particulate matter	3.5 mg/m³ - TWA
Ethyl benzene	TWA: 20 ppm	100 ppm - TWA 435 mg/m³ - TWA

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Exposure Limits OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration Exposure Limits N/E - Not Established

Engineering Measures	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
Personal Protective Equipment	
Eye/Face Protection	Safety glasses with side-shields. If splashes are likely to occur, wear: Tightly fitting safety goggles
Skin Protection	Long sleeved clothing. Protective gloves.
Respiratory Protection	In operations where exposure limits are exceeded, use a NIOSH approved respirator that has been selected by a technically qualified person for the specific work conditions. When spraying the product or applying in confined areas, wear a NIOSH approved respirator specified for paint spray or organic vapors.
Hygiene Measures	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Appearance Odor **Odor Threshold** Density (lbs/gal) **Specific Gravity** pН Viscosity (cps) Solubility(ies) Water solubility **Evaporation Rate** Vapor pressure Vapor density Wt. % Solids Vol. % Solids Wt. % Volatiles Vol. % Volatiles VOC Regulatory Limit (g/L) **Boiling Point (°F) Boiling Point (°C)** Freezing point (°F) Freezing Point (°C) Flash point (°F) Flash Point (°C) Method Flammability (solid, gas) Upper flammability limit: Lower flammability limit: Autoignition Temperature (°F) Autoignition Temperature (°C) Decomposition Temperature (°F) Decomposition Temperature (°C) Partition coefficient

liquid solvent No information available 8.5 - 8.9 1.01 - 1.07 No information available 55 - 65 45 - 55 35 - 45 45 - 55 <400 279 137 No information available No information available 102 39 PMCC Not applicable No information available No information available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	Not Applicable
Chemical Stability	Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, static electricity and sources of ignition.
Incompatible Materials	Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	None under normal conditions of use.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information	
Information on likely routes of	exposure
Principal Routes of Exposure	Eye contact, skin contact and inhalation.
Acute Toxicity	
Product Information	Repeated or prolonged exposure to organic solvents may lead to permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.
Symptoms related to the physic	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Symptoms	No information available.
Delayed and immediate effects	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Eye contact Skin contact	Contact with eyes may cause irritation. May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.
Ingestion Inhalation	Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death. High vapor / aerosol concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs and may cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and
Sensitization Neurological Effects Mutagenic Effects Reproductive Effects Developmental Effects Target organ effects STOT - repeated exposure STOT - single exposure Other adverse effects Aspiration Hazard	other central nervous system effects. May cause an allergic skin reaction. No information available. No information available. May damage fertility or the unborn child. No information available. No information available. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. May cause disorder and damage to the, Central nervous system, Respiratory system. No information available. May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

Numerical measures of toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral)	61106 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal)	52347 mg/kg

Component Information

31-109 - CORONADO RUST SCAT POLYURETHANE ENAMEL GLOSS BATTLESHIP GRAY

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	> 10000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Kaolin 1332-58-7	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	-
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light 64742-47-8	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 5.2 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Carbon black 1333-86-4	> 15400 mg/kg (Rat)	> 3 g/kg (Rabbit)	-
Ethyl benzene 100-41-4	= 3500 mg/kg (Rat)	= 15400 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 17.4 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) 136-52-7	-	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 10 mg/L (Rat)1 h
Methyl ethyl ketoxime 96-29-7	= 930 mg/kg (Rat)	1000 - 1800 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 4.83 mg/L (Rat)4 h

Chronic Toxicity

Carcinogenicity

The information below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:.

Chemical name	IARC	NTP	OSHA
	2B - Possible Human		Listed
Titanium dioxide	Carcinogen		
	2B - Possible Human		Listed
Carbon black	Carcinogen		
	2B - Possible Human		Listed
Ethyl benzene	Carcinogen		
	2B - Possible Human	Reasonably	Listed
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Carcinogen	Anticipated Human	
		Carcinogen	

• Although IARC has classified titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B), their summary concludes: "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as paint."

• Cobalt and cobalt compounds are listed as possible human carcinogens by IARC (2B). However, there is inadequate evidence of the carcinogenicity of cobalt and cobalt compounds in humans.

Legend

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer NTP - National Toxicity Program OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Effects

The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

Product Information

Acute Toxicity to Fish

No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

No information available

Persistence / Degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

There is no data for this product.

Mobility in Environmental Media

No information available.

<u>Ozone</u>

No information available

Component Information

Acute Toxicity to Fish

<u>Titanium dioxide</u> LC50: > 1000 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.) <u>Ethyl benzene</u> LC50: 12.1 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.) <u>Methyl ethyl ketoxime</u> LC50: 48 mg/L (Bluegill sunfish - 96 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

Ethyl benzene EC50: 1.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.) Methyl ethyl ketoxime EC50: 750 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Ethyl benzene EC50: 4.6 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)

	13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
Waste Disposal Method	Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Local requirements may vary, consult your sanitation department or state-designated environmental protection agency for more disposal options.
Empty Container Warning	Emptied containers may retain product residue. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Residual vapors may explode on ignition.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

CERCLA/SARA 313

DOT

Proper Shipping Name	PAINT
Hazard class	3
UN-No.	UN1263
Packing Group	111
Description	UN1263, PAINT, 3, III

In the US this material may be reclassified as a Combustible Liquid and is not regulated in containers of less than 119 gallons (450 liters) via surface transportation (refer to 49CFR173.120(b)(2) for further information).

ICAO / IATA	Contact the preparer for further information.
IMDG / IMO	Contact the preparer for further information.
	15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA: United States	Yes - All components are listed or exempt.
DSL: Canada	Yes - All components are listed or exempt.

Federal Regulations

SARA 311/312 hazardous categorization

Acute health hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	Yes
Fire hazard	Yes
Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

CAS No.

Ethyl benzene Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardou This product contains the following HA		0.1 - 0.5 6) (see 40 CFR 61)	(de minimis concentration) 0.1
Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%	Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP)_
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 0.5	Listed
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	136-52-7	0.1 - 0.5	Listed

Weight-%

US State Regulations

Chemical name

California Proposition 65

MARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm– www.P65warnings.ca.gov

State Right-to-Know

Chemical name	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania
Stoddard solvent	Х	X	X
Titanium dioxide	Х	X	X
Kaolin	Х	Х	X
Carbon black	Х	X	X
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)		Х	X

Legend

X - Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS - Health: 2* Flammability: 2 Reactivity: 0 PPE: -

HMIS Legend

- 0 Minimal Hazard
- 1 Slight Hazard
- 2 Moderate Hazard
- 3 Serious Hazard
- 4 Severe Hazard
- * Chronic Hazard
- X Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for "Special" handling instructions.

Note: The PPE rating has intentionally been left blank. Choose appropriate PPE that will protect employees from the hazards the material will present under the actual normal conditions of use.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer, has chosen to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used only in conjunction with a fully implemented HMIS® program by workers who have received appropriate HMIS® training. HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

WARNING! If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by contacting the National Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or log on to www.epa.gov/lead.

Prepared By	Product Stewardship Department Benjamin Moore & Co. 101 Paragon Drive Montvale, NJ 07645 800-225-5554
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Revision Summary

Not available

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet