



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date: 20-May-2021

Revision Number: 5

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name CORONADO RUST SCAT POLYURETHANE ENAMEL GLOSS
OSHA ORANGE
Product Code 31-139
Alternate Product Code TR0246
Product Class SOLVENT THINNED PAINT
Color Orange
Recommended use Paint
Restrictions on use No information available

Manufacturer
Benjamin Moore & Co.
101 Paragon Drive
Montvale, NJ 07645
Phone: 1-866-708-9180
www.coronadopaint.com

Emergency Telephone
CHEMTREC: +1 703-741-5970 / 1-800-424-9300
+1 703-527-3887 (outside US & Canada)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

| | |
|--|-------------|
| Skin sensitization | Category 1A |
| Carcinogenicity | Category 2 |
| Reproductive toxicity | Category 1B |
| Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) | Category 1 |
| Aspiration toxicity | Category 1 |
| Flammable liquids | Category 3 |

Label elements

Danger

Hazard statements

May cause an allergic skin reaction
Suspected of causing cancer

May damage fertility or the unborn child
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Flammable liquid and vapor



Appearance liquid

Odor solvent

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
Use personal protective equipment as required
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace
Wear protective gloves
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
Keep container tightly closed
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment
Use only non-sparking tools
Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

Skin

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Do NOT induce vomiting

Fire

In case of fire: Use CO₂, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded

Other information

No information available

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Chemical name | CAS No. | Weight-% |
|--|------------|-----------|
| Stoddard solvent | 8052-41-3 | 30 - 35 |
| Kaolin | 1332-58-7 | 5 - 10 |
| Titanium dioxide | 13463-67-7 | 5 - 10 |
| Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light | 64742-47-8 | 1 - 5 |
| Odorless Mineral Spirits | 64741-65-7 | 1 - 5 |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | 136-52-7 | 0.1 - 0.5 |
| Ethyl benzene | 100-41-4 | 0.1 - 0.5 |
| Methyl ethyl ketoxime | 96-29-7 | 0.1 - 0.5 |

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

| | |
|--|---|
| General Advice | If symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. |
| Eye Contact | Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician. |
| Skin Contact | Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated articles such as shoes. |
| Inhalation | Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately. |
| Ingestion | Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician. |
| Protection Of First-Aiders | Use personal protective equipment. |
| Most Important Symptoms/Effects | May cause allergic skin reaction. |
| Notes To Physician | Treat symptomatically. |

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Suitable Extinguishing Media | Foam, dry powder or water. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. |
|-------------------------------------|--|

| | |
|--|--|
| Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters | As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. |
| Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical | Combustible material. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to fire or extreme heat. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. |
| Sensitivity to mechanical impact | No |
| Sensitivity to static discharge | Yes |
| Flash Point Data | |
| Flash point (°F) | 102 |
| Flash Point (°C) | 39 |
| Method | PMCC |
| Flammability Limits In Air | |
| Lower flammability limit: | Not available |
| Upper flammability limit: | Not available |

NFPA Health: 2 Flammability: 2 Instability: 0 Special: Not Applicable

NFPA Legend

- 0 - Not Hazardous
- 1 - Slightly
- 2 - Moderate
- 3 - High
- 4 - Severe

The ratings assigned are only suggested ratings, the contractor/employer has ultimate responsibilities for NFPA ratings where this system is used.

Additional information regarding the NFPA rating system is available from the National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) at www.nfpa.org.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Personal Precautions | Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition. |
| Other Information | Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. |
| Environmental precautions | See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. |
| Methods for Cleaning Up | Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. |

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Wear personal protective equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Storage Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep out of the reach of children.

DANGER - Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately after use, place rags, steel wool or waste in a sealed water-filled metal container.

Incompatible Materials Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits

| Chemical name | ACGIH TLV | OSHA PEL |
|------------------|--|---|
| Stoddard solvent | TWA: 100 ppm | 500 ppm - TWA 2900 mg/m ³ - TWA |
| Kaolin | TWA: 2 mg/m ³ particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter | 15 mg/m ³ - TWA 5 mg/m ³ - TWA |
| Titanium dioxide | TWA: 10 mg/m ³ | 15 mg/m ³ - TWA |
| Ethyl benzene | TWA: 20 ppm | 100 ppm - TWA 435 mg/m ³ - TWA |

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Exposure Limits

OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration Exposure Limits

N/E - Not Established

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection Safety glasses with side-shields. If splashes are likely to occur, wear: Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin Protection Long sleeved clothing. Protective gloves.

Respiratory Protection In operations where exposure limits are exceeded, use a NIOSH approved respirator that has been selected by a technically qualified person for the specific work conditions. When spraying the product or applying in confined areas, wear a NIOSH approved respirator specified for paint spray or organic vapors.

Hygiene Measures Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Appearance | liquid |
| Odor | solvent |
| Odor Threshold | No information available |
| Density (lbs/gal) | 8.4 - 8.8 |
| Specific Gravity | 1.00 - 1.05 |
| pH | No information available |
| Viscosity (cps) | No information available |
| Solubility(ies) | No information available |
| Water solubility | No information available |
| Evaporation Rate | No information available |
| Vapor pressure | No information available |
| Vapor density | No information available |
| Wt. % Solids | 55 - 65 |
| Vol. % Solids | 45 - 55 |
| Wt. % Volatiles | 35 - 45 |
| Vol. % Volatiles | 45 - 55 |
| VOC Regulatory Limit (g/L) | < 400 |
| Boiling Point (°F) | 279 |
| Boiling Point (°C) | 137 |
| Freezing point (°F) | No information available |
| Freezing Point (°C) | No information available |
| Flash point (°F) | 102 |
| Flash Point (°C) | 39 |
| Method | PMCC |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not applicable |
| Upper flammability limit: | No information available |
| Lower flammability limit: | No information available |
| Autoignition Temperature (°F) | No information available |
| Autoignition Temperature (°C) | No information available |
| Decomposition Temperature (°F) | No information available |
| Decomposition Temperature (°C) | No information available |
| Partition coefficient | No information available |

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Reactivity | Not Applicable |
| Chemical Stability | Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, static electricity and sources of ignition. |
| Incompatible Materials | Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents. |
| Hazardous Decomposition Products | Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. |

Possibility of hazardous reactions

None under normal conditions of use.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Principal Routes of Exposure Eye contact, skin contact and inhalation.

Acute Toxicity

Product Information Repeated or prolonged exposure to organic solvents may lead to permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms No information available.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Eye contact | Contact with eyes may cause irritation. |
| Skin contact | May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis. |
| Ingestion | Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death. |
| Inhalation | High vapor / aerosol concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs and may cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects. |
| Sensitization | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Neurological Effects | No information available. |
| Mutagenic Effects | No information available. |
| Reproductive Effects | May damage fertility or the unborn child. |
| Developmental Effects | No information available. |
| Target organ effects | No information available. |
| STOT - repeated exposure | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. |
| STOT - single exposure | May cause disorder and damage to the, Central nervous system, Respiratory system. |
| Other adverse effects | No information available. |
| Aspiration Hazard | May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death. |

Numerical measures of toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

| | |
|-----------------|-------------|
| ATEmix (oral) | 68698 mg/kg |
| ATEmix (dermal) | 41165 mg/kg |

Component Information

| Chemical name | Oral LD50 | Dermal LD50 | Inhalation LC50 |
|---|-----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Kaolin 1332-58-7 | > 5000 mg/kg (Rat) | > 5000 mg/kg (Rat) | - |
| Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7 | > 10000 mg/kg (Rat) | - | - |
| Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light 64742-47-8 | > 5000 mg/kg (Rat) | > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | > 5.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h |
| Odorless Mineral Spirits 64741-65-7 | > 7000 mg/kg (Rat) | > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | > 5.04 mg/L (Rat) 4 h |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) 136-52-7 | - | > 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | > 10 mg/L (Rat) 1 h |
| Ethyl benzene 100-41-4 | = 3500 mg/kg (Rat) | = 15400 mg/kg (Rabbit) | = 17.4 mg/L (Rat) 4 h |
| Methyl ethyl ketoxime 96-29-7 | = 930 mg/kg (Rat) | 1000 - 1800 mg/kg (Rabbit) | > 4.83 mg/L (Rat) 4 h |

Chronic Toxicity

Carcinogenicity

The information below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:.

| Chemical name | IARC | NTP | OSHA |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--------|
| Titanium dioxide | 2B - Possible Human Carcinogen | | Listed |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | 2B - Possible Human Carcinogen | Reasonably Anticipated Human Carcinogen | Listed |
| Ethyl benzene | 2B - Possible Human Carcinogen | | Listed |

- Although IARC has classified titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B), their summary concludes: "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as paint."
- Cobalt and cobalt compounds are listed as possible human carcinogens by IARC (2B). However, there is inadequate evidence of the carcinogenicity of cobalt and cobalt compounds in humans.

Legend

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
 NTP - National Toxicity Program
 OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Effects

The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

Product Information

Acute Toxicity to Fish

No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

No information available

Persistence / Degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

There is no data for this product.

Mobility in Environmental Media

No information available.

Ozone

No information available

Component Information

Acute Toxicity to Fish

Titanium dioxide

LC50: > 1000 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

Ethyl benzene

LC50: 12.1 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

Methyl ethyl ketoxime

LC50: 48 mg/L (Bluegill sunfish - 96 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

Ethyl benzene

EC50: 1.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

Methyl ethyl ketoxime

EC50: 750 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Ethyl benzene

EC50: 4.6 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method

Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Local requirements may vary, consult your sanitation department or state-designated environmental protection agency for more disposal options.

Empty Container Warning

Emptied containers may retain product residue. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Residual vapors may explode on ignition.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Proper Shipping Name PAINT
Hazard class 3
UN-No. UN1263
Packing Group III
Description UN1263, PAINT, 3, III

In the US this material may be reclassified as a Combustible Liquid and is not regulated in containers of less than 119 gallons (450 liters) via surface transportation (refer to 49CFR173.120(b)(2) for further information).

ICAO / IATA Contact the preparer for further information.

IMDG / IMO Contact the preparer for further information.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA: United States Yes - All components are listed or exempt.
DSL: Canada Yes - All components are listed or exempt.

Federal Regulations

SARA 311/312 hazardous categorization

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-----|
| Acute health hazard | Yes |
| Chronic Health Hazard | Yes |
| Fire hazard | Yes |
| Sudden release of pressure hazard | No |
| Reactive Hazard | No |

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

| <u>Chemical name</u> | <u>CAS No.</u> | <u>Weight-%</u> | <u>CERCLA/SARA 313 (de minimis concentration)</u> |
|----------------------|----------------|-----------------|---|
| Ethyl benzene | 100-41-4 | 0.1 - 0.5 | 0.1 |

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product contains the following HAPs:

| <u>Chemical name</u> | <u>CAS No.</u> | <u>Weight-%</u> | <u>Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP)</u> |
|------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--|
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | 136-52-7 | 0.1 - 0.5 | Listed |
| Ethyl benzene | 100-41-4 | 0.1 - 0.5 | Listed |

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

 **WARNING:** Cancer and Reproductive Harm— www.P65warnings.ca.gov

State Right-to-Know

| Chemical name | Massachusetts | New Jersey | Pennsylvania |
|------------------------------|---------------|------------|--------------|
| Stoddard solvent | X | X | X |
| Kaolin | X | X | X |
| Titanium dioxide | X | X | X |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | | X | X |

Legend

X - Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS - Health: 2* Flammability: 2 Reactivity: 0 PPE: -

HMIS Legend

- 0 - Minimal Hazard
- 1 - Slight Hazard
- 2 - Moderate Hazard
- 3 - Serious Hazard
- 4 - Severe Hazard
- * - Chronic Hazard

X - Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for "Special" handling instructions.

Note: The PPE rating has intentionally been left blank. Choose appropriate PPE that will protect employees from the hazards the material will present under the actual normal conditions of use.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer, has chosen to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used only in conjunction with a fully implemented HMIS® program by workers who have received appropriate HMIS® training. HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

WARNING! If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by contacting the National Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or log on to www.epa.gov/lead.

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800-225-5554

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Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet