



Revision Date: 27-Jul-2021

**Revision Number:** *4* 

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

RAPID DRY ALKYD ENAMEL BLACK

Product Name Product Code Alternate Product Code SAP Material Number Product Class Color Recommended use Restrictions on use

#### Black Industrial paint

V220-24876 (3000577)

SOLVENT THINNED PAINT

No information available

V22026, V22099

NA, 3000577

# Manufacturer

Benjamin Moore & Co. 101 Paragon Drive Montvale, NJ 07645 Phone: 1-866-708-9180 www.benjaminmoore.com/Corotech

## Emergency Telephone

CHEMTREC: +1 703-741-5970 / 1-800-424-9300 +1 703-527-3887 (outside US & Canada)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# **Classification**

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
Skin sensitization	Category 1A
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Reproductive toxicity	Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 2
Aspiration toxicity	Category 1
Flammable liquids	Category 3

# Label elements

Danger

# Hazard statements

Harmful if inhaled Causes skin irritation Causes serious eye irritation May cause an allergic skin reaction Suspected of causing cancer May damage fertility or the unborn child May cause respiratory irritation May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways Flammable liquid and vapor



Appearance liquid

Odor solvent

# **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Keep cool

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

## **Precautionary Statements - Response**

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Skin

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

## Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

## Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician Do NOT induce vomiting

## Fire

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

#### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store locked up Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

# **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

# Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded

# Other information

No information available

# 3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION ON COMPONENTS

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Xylene	1330-20-7	35 - 40
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	5 - 10
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic	64742-95-6	1 - 5
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1 - 5
Carbon black	1333-86-4	1 - 5
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	96-29-7	0.1 - 0.5
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	136-52-7	0.1 - 0.5

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### Description of first aid measures

General Advice	If symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Eye Contact	Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated articles such as shoes.
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.
Protection Of First-Aiders	Use personal protective equipment.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects	May cause allergic skin reaction.	
Notes To Physician	Treat symptomatically.	
	5. FIRE-FIGHT	ING MEASURES
Flammable Properties		Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors may cause flash fire.
Suitable Extinguishing Media		Foam, dry powder or water. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Protective equipment and preca	autions for firefighters	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
Hazardous combustion product	s	Burning may result in carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and other combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating.
Specific Hazards Arising From	The Chemical	Flammable. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to fire or extreme heat. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.
Sensitivity to mechanical impac	t	No
Sensitivity to static discharge		Yes
Flash Point Data Flash point (°F) Flash Point (°C) Method		80 27 PMCC
Flammability Limits In Air		
Lower flammability limit: Upper flammability limit:		Not available Not available
NFPA Health: 2	Flammability: 3	Instability: 0 Special: Not Applicable
NFPA Legend 0 - Not Hazardous 1 - Slightly 2 - Moderate 3 - High 4 - Severe		

The ratings assigned are only suggested ratings, the contractor/employer has ultimate responsibilities for NFPA ratings where this system is used.

Additional information regarding the NFPA rating system is available from the National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) at www.nfpa.org.

6	ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
Personal Precautions	Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautions to prevent flashback. Ground and bond all containers and handling equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Use personal protective equipment.
Other Information	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Environmental precautions	See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.
Methods for Cleaning Up	Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Use a non-sparking or explosion proof means to transfer material to a sealed, appropriate container for disposal. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.
	7. HANDLING AND STORAGE
Handling	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Use only in ventilated areas. Prevent vapor build-up by providing adequate ventilation during and after use.
	Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not smoke. Extinguish all flames and pilot lights, and turn off stoves, heaters, electric motors and other sources of ignition during use and until all vapors are gone. Ignition and/or flash back may occur.
Storage	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep out of the reach of children.
	<b>DANGER</b> - Rags, steel wool or waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately after use, place rags, steel wool or waste in a sealed water-filled metal container.
Incompatible Materials	Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.
Technical measures/Precautior	<b>ns</b> Ensure adequate ventilation. Use only where airflow will keep vapors from building up in or near the work area in adjoining rooms. Comply with all national, state, and local codes pertaining to the storage, handling, dispensing and disposal of flammable liquids.
	Dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. All equipment should be non-sparking and explosion proof. Use explosion proof electrical equipment for ventilation,

lighting and material handling.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Exposure Limits**

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL
Xylene	STEL: 150 ppm	100 ppm - TWA
	TWA: 100 ppm	435 mg/m³ - TWA
Ethyl benzene	TWA: 20 ppm	100 ppm - TWA
		435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - TWA
Carbon black	TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> inhalable particulate	3.5 mg/m³ - TWA
	matter	-

# Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Exposure Limits OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration Exposure Limits N/E - Not Established

# Appropriate engineering

<u>controls</u>

Engineering Measures	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
Personal Protective Equipment	
Eye/Face Protection	Safety glasses with side-shields. If splashes are likely to occur, wear:. Tightly fitting safety goggles.
Skin Protection	Long sleeved clothing. Protective gloves.
Respiratory Protection	Use only with adequate ventilation. In operations where exposure limits are exceeded, use a NIOSH approved respirator that has been selected by a technically qualified person for the specific work conditions. When spraying the product or applying in confined areas, wear a NIOSH approved respirator specified for paint spray or organic vapors.
Hygiene Measures	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Odor
Odor Threshold
Density (lbs/gal)
Specific Gravity
рН
Viscosity (cps)
Solubility(ies)
Water solubility
Evaporation Rate
Vapor pressure
Vapor density
Wt. % Solids
Vol. % Solids

liquid solvent No information available 8.0 - 8.4 0.95 - 1.01 No information available 0 information available

Wt. % Volatiles Vol. % Volatiles
VOC Regulatory Limit (g/L)
Boiling Point (°F)
Boiling Point (°C)
Freezing point (°F)
Freezing Point (°C)
Flash point (°F)
Flash Point (°C)
Method
Flammability (solid, gas)
Upper flammability limit:
Lower flammability limit:
Autoignition Temperature (°F)
Autoignition Temperature (°C)
Decomposition Temperature (°F)
Decomposition Temperature (°C)
Partition coefficient

50 - 60 60 - 70 < 575 277 136 No information available No information available 80 27 PMCC Not applicable No information available No information available

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity	No data available
Chemical Stability	Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, static electricity and sources of ignition. Sparks. Elevated temperature.
Incompatible Materials	Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	None under normal conditions of use.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

 Product Information

 Information on likely routes of exposure

 Principal Routes of Exposure
 Eye contact, skin contact and inhalation.

 Acute Toxicity

 Product Information
 Repeated or prolonged exposure to organic solvents may lead to permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.

# Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms	No information available
Delayed and immediate effects	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Eye contact Skin contact	Contact with eyes may cause irritation. May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.
Inhalation	Harmful by inhalation. High vapor / aerosol concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs and may cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects.
Sensitization	May cause an allergic skin reaction
Neurological Effects	No information available.
Mutagenic Effects	No information available.
Reproductive Effects	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Developmental Effects	No information available.
Target organ effects	No information available.
STOT - repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
STOT - single exposure Other adverse effects	May cause disorder and damage to the, Respiratory system. No information available.
Aspiration Hazard	May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

# Numerical measures of toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral)	6605 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal)	2505 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)	3 mg/L

## **Component Information**

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Xylene 1330-20-7	= 3500 mg/kg (Rat)	> 4350 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 29.08 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Ethyl benzene 100-41-4	= 3500 mg/kg (Rat)	= 15400 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 17.4 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic 64742-95-6	= 8400 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 3400 ppm (Rat)4 h
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6	= 3280 mg/kg (Rat)	> 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 18 g/m³ (Rat)4 h
Carbon black 1333-86-4	> 15400 mg/kg (Rat)	> 3 g/kg (Rabbit)	-
Methyl ethyl ketoxime 96-29-7	= 930 mg/kg (Rat)	1000 - 1800 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 4.83 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) 136-52-7	-	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 10 mg/L (Rat)1 h

# Chronic Toxicity

# Carcinogenicity

The information below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:.

Chemical name	IARC	NTP	OSHA
	2B - Possible Human		Listed
Ethyl benzene	Carcinogen		
	2B - Possible Human		Listed
Carbon black	Carcinogen		
	2B - Possible Human	Reasonably	Listed
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Carcinogen	Anticipated Human	
		Carcinogen	

• Cobalt and cobalt compounds are listed as possible human carcinogens by IARC (2B). However, there is inadequate evidence of the carcinogenicity of cobalt and cobalt compounds in humans.

## Legend

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer NTP - National Toxicity Program OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 

# **Ecotoxicity Effects**

The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

# Product Information

## Acute Toxicity to Fish

No information available

## Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

No information available

## Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

No information available

## Persistence / Degradability

No information available.

# **Bioaccumulation**

There is no data for this product.

## Mobility in Environmental Media

No information available.

## <u>Ozone</u>

Not applicable

# **Component Information**

# **Acute Toxicity to Fish**

Xylene LC50: 13.5 mg/L (Rainbow Trout - 96 hr.) Ethyl benzene LC50: 12.1 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.) Methyl ethyl ketoxime LC50: 48 mg/L (Bluegill sunfish - 96 hr.)

# Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

Ethyl benzene EC50: 1.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.) Methyl ethyl ketoxime EC50: 750 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

## Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Ethyl benzene EC50: 4.6 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)

	13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
Waste Disposal Method	Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Local requirements may vary, consult your sanitation department or state-designated environmental protection agency for more disposal options.
Empty Container Warning	Emptied containers may retain product residue. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Residual vapors may explode on ignition.
	14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION
DOT Proper Shipping Name Hazard class UN-No. Packing Group Description	PAINT 3 UN1263 III UN1263, PAINT, 3, III
ICAO / IATA	Contact the preparer for further information.
IMDG / IMO	Contact the preparer for further information.
	15. REGULATORY INFORMATION
International Inventories	

# International Inventories

TSCA: United States	Yes - All components are listed or exempt.
DSL: Canada	Yes - All components are listed or exempt.

# Federal Regulations

#### SARA 311/312 hazardous categorization

Acute health hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	Yes
Fire hazard	Yes
Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

# SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%	CERCLA/SARA 313 (de minimis concentration)
Xylene	1330-20-7	35 - 40	1.0
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	5 - 10	0.1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1 - 5	1.0

# Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product contains the following HAPs:

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%	Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP)
Xylene	1330-20-7	35 - 40	Listed
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	5 - 10	Listed
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	136-52-7	0.1 - 0.5	Listed

# **US State Regulations**

## **California Proposition 65**

# **WARNING:** Cancer and Reproductive Harm– www.P65warnings.ca.gov

#### State Right-to-Know

Chemical name	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania
Xylene	X	X	Х
Ethyl benzene	X	Х	Х
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	X	X	Х
Carbon black	X	X	Х
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)		Х	Х

# Legend

X - Listed

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

PPE: -

#### HMIS - Health: 2\* Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 0

#### HMIS Legend

- 0 Minimal Hazard
- 1 Slight Hazard
- 2 Moderate Hazard
- 3 Serious Hazard
- 4 Severe Hazard
- \* Chronic Hazard

X - Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for "Special" handling instructions.

Note: The PPE rating has intentionally been left blank. Choose appropriate PPE that will protect employees from the hazards the material will present under the actual normal conditions of use.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer, has chosen to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used only in conjunction with a fully implemented HMIS® program by workers who have received appropriate HMIS® training. HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

**WARNING!** If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by contacting the National Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or log on to www.epa.gov/lead.

Prepared By	Product Stewardship Department Benjamin Moore & Co. 101 Paragon Drive Montvale, NJ 07645 800-225-5554
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Disclaimer

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# End of Safety Data Sheet